The Weather
Today—Sunny, rather warm, and humid, highest temperature in the low 80s. Yesterday—High, 82; low, 59. Pollen count yesterday, 4 grains.

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OPA to Hike Meat Prices To Prevent Cafe Revolt

Concedes Roll-Back To June 20 Level Would Be Hardship; Army Cuts Quotas

The OPA moved yesterday to halt rising rebellion in the restaurant industry by promising price increases on meat dishes.

The promises largely succeeded, too, in mollifying Washington's own restaurateurs who had scheduled a slam-bang protest meeting for Monday night. They did not, however, touch on the restaurant men's other expressed concern over diminishing meat supplys which also was troubling markets and housewives.

Announced purpose of Monday's rally was to fight OPA to the finish over its September 17 order which rolled back meat menu prices to June 30 levels. The meeting will still be held, at 8:30 p. m. in the United States Chamber of Commerce building, according to Robert J. Wilson, executive secretary of the Washington Restaurant Association, but the subject has been altered.

Will Discuss Quality

"We will discuss quality food and improved services at reasonable prices," Wilson declared in his local role.

Then, as Washington secretary to the National Restaurant Association, Wilson announced that George R. LeSauvage, chairman of the national association's industry advisory committee, and John L. Hennessey, its subcommittee chairman, would arrive in Washington on Tuesday with several committee members to meet with OPA officials.

OPA said the new ceilings for meat dishes served by restaurants will be based on June 30 ceilings plus an increase factor.

"The industry's committeemen are coming here Tuesday to discuss the 'increase factor,'" Wilson said.

Exact Amount Not Fixed

Exact amount of the increase has not yet been determined, OPA spokesmen said, but the new ceilings will be announced next week. Until the new prices go into effect, restaurants must observe price limitations of the old price rollback order.

Explaining its apparent reversal from a former standpat attitude, the OPA said yesterday it was now evident there is a "disproportionate price relationship between

See MEAT, Page 4, Column 3.

Party Chiefs Support President on Meat

By John W. Ball
Post Reporter

Democratic Party officialdom yesterday fell in line behind President Truman's policy of maintaining present meat ceilings.

Although some prominent party leaders still were pressing for a holiday from controls on meat, Party Chairman Robert E. Hannegan told newsmen that he stands "100 per cent" for Mr. Truman's statement of Thursday opposing increase in meat prices or removal of ceilings.

Hannegan's statement came after a meeting of the Cabinet yesterday.

The call for the meeting came a short time after the arrival at the White House of Chairman Hannegan with a petition from the party leaders for some action to satisfy a meat-hungry public whose votes will decide in about five weeks whether Republicans or Democrats will run the House next year.

All Over, Says Hannegan

Hannegan said after the meeting that he had decided not to talk to the Price Control Board about decontrolling meat as he had been directed by the National Committee Thursday.

"As far as I'm concerned it's all over," he said.

But from some Democratic sources came disagreement. Senator Walsh of Massachusetts urged that the President seize all the meat supplies to insure proper distribution. Walsh told newsmen in Boston he had asked Senators Lucas of Illinois and Guffey of Pennsylvania and Leslie Biffle, secretary to the Senate, to relay his suggestions to Mr. Truman.

On the Republican side, Senator Saltonstall of Massachusetts joined those demanding removal of meat controls. He declared it "outrageous" that hospital patients should be without meat. Representative Rogers of the same

See CONTROLS, Page 4, Column 6.

San Antonio Flooded, At Least 10 Killed

Associated Press WIREPHOTO

A transit company bus in San Antonio, Tex., is stalled by swirling water after yesterday's flash flood

Damage in Millions As Cloudburst Hits; More Deaths Feared

San Antonio, Sept. 27 (AP).—A flash flood caused by a cloudburst followed by heavy, pounding rains, inundated much of picturesque San Antonio today, causing at least 10 known deaths and scores of injuries.

Rescue workers feared others may have lost their lives.

Property damage was estimated in the millions of dollars.

Hundreds were reported missing earlier today by city police. Most of them have been accounted for after being rescued from trees, rooftops and isolated homes. But the fate of many is still in doubt. Two persons died when they slipped from a rooftop in Sasparico, south of here. More than a dozen others stranded on the roof are feared to have perished, the sheriff reported.

Four MPs Killed

Among the dead were four identified military policemen.

At the height of the storm, water swirled inches deep about the famous Alamo but did not get inside.

Also threatened by the torrential rains was historic Fort Sam Houston, which during the war was known as the world's largest military installation.

Many persons still are marooned and a fleet of boats is being sent to San Antonio from Austin to aid in rescue work. The Red Cross sent relief workers from St. Louis to augment the San Antonio staff. Six USO centers were equipped to feed refugees.

Residents on the San Antonio River below the city were warned to evacuate as the flood swirled southward.

Streets 6 Feet Under

The danger to San Antonio itself has not fully abated, although flood waters are draining from its streets, some 6 feet under water during the storm.

Olmos Dam on the northern edge of the city is standing its severest test. Water is backed 35 feet deep behind it, 10 feet above what had been previously designated as the danger-line. Fire Capt. Fred M. Garzia said the dam "saved the city."

Highways leading to San Antonio are covered and many are closed, the State Highway Department said. Railroad service was halted. Airline schedules were disrupted.

Some looting occurred and Gov. Coke Stevenson in Austin offered State guardsmen.

The flood, which followed a heavy rain Wednesday night, a cloudburst yesterday and continuing rain today was the worst since 1921 when 49 persons were killed and property worth $7,500,000 was damaged.

That flood a quarter of a century ago was caused by the rampaging

See SAN, Page 4, Column 2.

Inter-American Road Already Cost 115 Million

Senators Told It Will Cost 65 Million Additional to Finish

By Mary Spargo
Post Reporter

The United States has paid out 77 million dollars and loaned 38 million dollars more for the Inter-American highway through Central America and will have to spend another 65 million dollars if the the job is to be completed, the Senate was told yesterday.

E. W. James, chief of the Inter-American regional office of the Public Roads Administration, summed up the total expenditure made by PRA and by the Army during the war for the Senate War Investigating Committee.

Maj. Gen. C. P. Gross, retired chief of Army transportation, admitted that the Army's expenditure of 44 millions on Central American roads was not a matter of military necessity.

To Please Latin Officials

He said he recommended the project because he believed it would please Central American officials at a time when the Army was trying to get agreements to build airfields and the like to protect the Panama Canal.

The Senate group, which held day-long hearings on a number of subjects, will continue today in public inquiry into the highway. Some of the points already developed are:

1. The Army built approximately 300 miles of roads for 44 million dollars, about half of which duplicated already existing highways. The Inter-American highway officials believe the Army expenditures have about a 13-million-dollar salvage value, in terms of using sections of the Army-built roads as part of the contemplated highway down to the Panama Canal.

2. In order to obtain the agreement of President Somoza's government in Nicaragua to consider an army-built road as part of the Inter-American highway, the Public Roads Administration has had to agree to build a special spur of about 30 miles past the president's farm, at a cost to this Government of some $200,000.

3. During the war, President Roosevelt gave Nicaragua four million dollars for his emergency fund for a road to Rama from San Bernido. The road was traded off for a 30 million dollar barge canal Somozo had hoped the United States would build. It will take another two and a half million to complete this obligation.

4. The highway, planned to extend from the United States to the Canal, begins south of the Mexican

See QUIZ, Page 4, Column 6.

'Take 'Em or Leave Us!' Is Butcher's Ultimatum

Fed up with telling each customer individually that he had no meat, a clerk in a Washington grocery store solved the problem his own way yesterday.

Above the clamor of a horde of housewives around his meat counters, he shouted: "Turkey or shrimp—Take 'em, or leave us!"

Many left.

No Excess Efficiency

'Cleanups,' Federal Bungling In Surplus, Told to House Unit

By Dillard Stokes
Post Reporter

New witnesses told yesterday how "go-getters" cleaned up while Government men bungled the 100-billion-dollar surplus program.

The House Surplus Committee heard of agents who held out the Government's money and of Government salesmen who cut prices on each other.

Representative Rizley (R., Okla.) said there probably was more than incompetence in the picture of waste, loose dealing and special favor.

Chief points of the hearing yesterday:

1. John L. Alheim of the War Assets Administration said the Reconstruction Finance Corporation stalled six months when he asked for an audit in a suspicious case.

2. Dana L. Griffin, a WAA sale agent, said the Government let storage bills pile up for nearly a year on huge stocks of junk in his warehouses.

3. The Hallicrafters Co., of Chicago, put in a full and spirited defense of its sale of trucks for $4500 when Washington had set a price of $7500. The company claimed it had a perfect right to set a lower figure.

4. WAA reports showed it cost nearly eight million dollars to handle electronic goods that cost 280 millions during a period when about a fourth of them were being sold for 24 million dollars.

Alheim, who lives at 3500 14th st. nw., is the WAA program control chief. He told the committee

See SURPLUS, Page 4, Column 7.

U. S. Refuses To Give Up Danube Ships

Yugoslav and Czech Vessels to Be Held Until Payment for Property Is Made

BULLETIN

Lake Success, N. Y., Sept. 27 (AP).—Russia tonight accused the United States of direct interference in the internal affairs of countries involved in traffic on the Danube.

The Soviet Union charged that the United States' refusal to return Yugoslav and Czech vessels held by American occupation authorities was made to put pressure on these two countries in order to "obtain her aims in southeastern Europe."

The Soviet blast came after the United States submitted a proposal to the United Nations Economic and Social Council for a conference to be held between Russia, America and southeastern European states in Vienna not later than November 1 to resolve problems now obstructing the resumption of international traffic on the Danube River.

Lake Success, N. Y., Sept. 27 (INS). The United States said bluntly today it will return 200 Yugoslav and Czech river ships and barges—now held on the upper Danube—as soon as the two countries pay for seized American property and the Danube River is reopened to international traffic.

U. S. Delegate John G. Winant announced this country's position in the United Nations Economic and Social Council. His speech amounted to a flat rejection of Yugoslav-Czech resolutions for immediate restoration of the ships seized by Gen. Mark Clark's Austrian occupation forces.

Winant proposed that the economic and social council recommended instead, a conference in Vienna before November 1 to settle "basic problems now obstructing the resumption of international Danube traffic and establishing provisional operating and navigation regulations."

Stane Krasovec, Yugloslav delegate, said his country has negotiated for 18 months with the United States and has "exhausted" all means of settlement.

He said the Russians already have returned 180 Yugoslav and Czech river craft taken by the Nazis.

Krasovec rejected the United States proposal for a Vienna conference and said the river would be frozen over before such a conference could be concluded.

He also demanded that the ships be returned before the Danubian shipping situation is discussed.

Czech Delegate Jan Papanek

See NATIONS, Page 4, Column 4.

Tanker Collides With Freighter; Both Thought Safe

New York, Sept. 27 (U.P.).—The 14,222-ton American tanker Nashbulk, carrying 21,000 tons of crude oil, rammed the 607-ton freighter Rutgers Victory about 210 miles southeast of New York but neither vessel was believed to be in immediate danger, the Coast Guard announced today.

The Rutgers Victory was hit on the starboard side of her No. 4 hold and the Nashbulk's bow was damaged. The Nashbulk reported that she was able to continue on course but was standing by the Rugers Victory which was proceeding slowly to New York.

Greek King Returns as War Rages

George's Action Surprises Public; Faces Opposition Of Guerilla Forces

Elevsis Airport, Greece, Sept. 27 (AP).—King George II returned to troubled Greece tonight after five years of exile, arriving at this war-battered airport only 12 miles from Athens in a British plane bearing the royal Greek colors.

He was escorted to a small black sedan and in three minutes was whisked away to a flotilla of Greek warships, including three destroyers, waiting for him in Salamis Bay.

He will make his entry tomorrow into Athens, where the police issued strict orders banning tossing of flowers "or any other objects" along the route he will take on his return to the palace he left in 1941 just two days ahead of the advancing German armies.

[Archbishop Damaskinos of Athens, appointed regent by the King December 30, 1944, handed in his resignation shortly after the monarch's return, the United Press reported. The archbishop was named regent after the Greek liberation, when there was open fighting between left and right wing elements, in an effort to form a stable, coalition cabinet.—Editor's note.]

As the king returned to his Mediterranean kingdom leftists bands were battling gendarmerie and soldiers in the northern frontier regions in what Premier Constantin Tsaldaris has described as civil war.

The 5 ft. 6 monarch, in battle dress uniform, stood erect and saluted the moment he steped from the plane onto Greek soil.

"I'm sorry I don't recognize all of you, but I extend my greetings," he said to those who welcomed him.

His arrival was a complete surprise to the Greek public and to most newsmen.

The king spent a half hour on the destroyer Themistocles in Salamis Bay, talking with Crown Paul, and will spend the night on the destroyer Miaoulis.

Two formal events are scheduled for King George tomorrow—te deum services at the Greek Cathedral and the laying of a wreath on the tomb of the unknown soldier. A speech from the balcony of the old palace has been canceled.

(In London a British foreign office spokesman said he had "no information to support" reports that reinforcements are to be sent

See GREEK, Page 4, Column 3.

Byrnes Expected To Rebut Wallace In Talk Thursday

Paris, Sept. 27 (U.P.).—Secretary of State James F. Byrnes' comprehensive statement on American foreign policy scheduled to be delivered before the American Club next Thursday was expected today to take the form of a belated answer to former Secretary of Commerce Henry A. Wallace's New York speech.

It was understood that Byrnes decided upon the speech at the urging of his advisers, who strongly suggested that he make a full-dress foreign policy statement before leaving Europe.

With Truman's announced support, Byrnes will reaffirm that the United States is following a "firm but friendly" policy toward Russia. Byrnes objects to the description of his policy as a "get tough with Russia" program.

Bishop Shehan Also Heard

Fr. Connell Brands 'Petting' 'Mortal Sin' in Institute Talk

Baltimore, Sept. 27 (AP).—Some 1000 Catholic teachers from 180 parochial and high schools in the Baltimore and Washington archdioceses today heard from the Rev. Francis J. Connell that "petting consists of downright acts of impurity and is mortal sin."

Fr. Connell

Father Connell, associate professor of moral theology at Catholic University in Washington, D. C., spoke on "teaching the Sixth and Ninth Commandments" at a teachers' institute attended by sisters, brothers, priests and a few laymen.

"Mere knowledge of sexual matters is not sufficient to impel one to proper moral conduct," he said. "This is a principle that always has been upheld by the Catholic Church, but it is only recently dawning on many outside the church. The only motives sufficiently strong to induce the majority to observe the natural law governing sex are those derived from religion."

The Most Rev. Lawrence J. Shehan, Auxiliary Bishop of Washington and Baltimore told the opening meeting of the two-day institute that the nations of the earth have lost their way and are in a state of confusion because they have abandoned the moral principles of the Christian religion.

The principles of the Atlantic Charter, he said, were abandoned at Tehran and denied at Yalta. He urged the teachers that it was their duty to inculcate religious principles in those they teach.

Joseph D. Blandford, Federal Director of Production and Marketing in Maryland, discussed the new Federal act providing school lunches.

"I am keenly aware of the attitude of practically all Marylanders concerning Federal participation in education," he said. "I also know it to be a fact that Catholics are most zealous in safeguarding the right of parents and individuals to determine just what shall and shall not be taught their children.

"Aside from the reasonable expectation that nutrition will be stressed in schools serving lunches, there is no indication that Uncle Sam will some day come any farther into the schoolhouse than the dining room door."

Other speakers on the program included Dr. Francis E. Litz, Associate Professor of the English Language and Literature at Catholic University, and the Rev. Thomas V. Moore of the university's psychology department.

Boycott by Horsemen Threatening Laurel

Laurel, Md., Sept. 27 (AP).—Threatening the opening of Laurel's 25-day meeting October 2, a showdown battle between horsemen and the State racing commission appeared imminent today after the Horsemen's Benevolent Protective Association voted to boycott Maryland tracks.

[George P. Mahoney, chairman of the Maryland racing commission, deferred action today on the threatened boycott until he could study the demands, the United Press reported.]

It was another in a growing list of discontents between the horsemen and the commission, which began last fall when several trainers were suspended after the commission said horses under their care had been stimulated.

This time, the horsemen declared in a resolution adopted last night at Atlantic City, N. J., that they would boycott Maryland tracks until the commission modifies its rules calling for mandatory receiving barns and biological saliva tests.

Goss L. Stryker, Laurel president, said there were 700 horses already in Laurel stables, and that every effort would be made to operate next Wednesday.

At Miami, Dan Chappell, Miami attorney for the association, said he sent a telegram to Mahoney yesterday protesting receiving barns in Maryland.

The telegram read:

"Am very much disturbed over the racing situation in Maryland, if prerace biological rat tests are accurate as you contend to show stimulation, what useful purpose can mandatory receiving barns serve. Why not abolish the receiving-barn rule and maintain rat tests before each race and chemical tests following race. This suggestion made seeking harmony and a desire to avert conflict."

The association, which claims a membership of 95 per cent of American horse owners, could paralyze Maryland racing if it stands by its boycott. Last year the State collected $3,815,993 in racing revenue and it is estimated the 1946 take will be about $4,500,000.

The association's resolution condemned "the mandatory use of the receiving barn upon the part of horsemen, with the Maryland Racing Commission assuming no responsibility and refusing to police said receiving barn, and also the so-called rat test upon the grounds of its proven inaccuracy and for other purposes."

Meanwhile there were reports that the Blacksmiths Union would support the horsemen in their stand, and Stryker conceded that they could cripple the Laurel program by refusing to shoe horses of any nonassociation members who might ignore the boycott.

Horsemen supported blacksmiths' demands in other States that they receive a $25 bonus for shoeing a winning horse. If the horse wins more than one race each month, only one $25 award is given.

No official bonuses were paid in Maryland last spring and if blacksmiths got them, the money was from owners and not the association. It is now understood they will seek the $25 officially through the racing commission.

Receiving barns were instituted at the Havre de Grace and Pimlico tracks last spring, and horsemen were required to have their entries

See DOPE, Page 9, Column 1.

Mo. Veterans Set to Sit on Capitol Steps

World War II Men Prepared to Demand State Bonus of $400

Springfield, Mo., Sept. 27 (AP).—A group of former servicemen assembled tonight for a march to Jefferson City, where they plan "to camp on the steps" of the State Capitol until the Legislature votes a bonus of $400 for each World War II veteran.

The bonus marchers gathered from the Ozark Mountains area at the call of Hugh E. Owen, former Marine Corps corporal, who less than 18 months ago was fighting Japs on Iwo Jima.

Owen estimated that more than 500 motor cars, trucks and buses would make up the caravan for the 120-mile convoy trek to Jefferson City. He said they expected to reach the capital by 3 a. m.

Today he sent a telegram to Gov. Phil M. Donnelly officially notifying him that the bonus marchers were coming.

"And the Governor had better be in town," he promised, "or we'll go after him."

A State bonus for World War II veterans was submitted to the General Assembly, now in recess until next month, but the measure was suspended in a House committee when the body adjourned last week. It was proposed to finance the bonus by doubling the present 2 per cent sales tax.

The Governor, informed of the march, said he would deal with the situation when the time comes.

Owen emphasized that the marchers were going "prepared to stay awhile." He directed that all take camping equipment and any souvenir "K" or "C" rations they had left over from their service days.

"We'll camp on the Governor's lawn if necessary," he said.

The veterans, he said, will demand a "yea or nay" answer from the Governor.

If the answer is in the affirmative, he explained, "we'll expect him to call the Legislature into special session to enact a bonus law."

If the answer is "No," he added, "we'll stay until he changes his mind."

In any event, he promised, "we won't settle for anything less than $400."

Assassin Fails, Mob in Bolivia Lynches Trio

Enraged Crowd Slays Army Officer and Two Former Police Officials

La Paz, Bolivia, Sept. 27 (U.P.).—A mob today lynched an army lieutenant and two members of the former Villarroel government and hanged their bodies in a public square after an unsuccessful attempt to assassinate President Tomas Monje Gutierrez.

Army Lieut. Luis Oblitaz Bustamante was shot and killed by the crowd after trying to kill Monje Gutierrez.

The crowd hung his body from a lamppost in Murillo Square and then surged to the jail where former members of the Villarroel government were held. They seized Maj. Jorge Egunio, former director general of police, and Maj. Jose Escobar, former police chief, and dragged them through the street to the square, where they were hanged alongside Oblitaz.

Recalls Earlier Hanging

The hangings occurred where President Villarroel was hanged from a lamppost in the successful revolution July 21.

Authorities said Oblitaz apparently was disgruntled over his dismissal from the army on the grounds he was a member of the Nationalist Santa Cruz Lodge.

He demanded an audience with the President. It was refused.

Shouting "I am the only real Bolivian here and I will be President," he drew a pistol and fired at Walter Lison, Secretary of the Ministry of Interior. The shot attracted Monje, who came out of his office.

"I am going to be President of the Republic," Oblitaz shouted again, wildly waving the pistol.

President Defies Him

"Go ahead and shoot," the chief executive calmly told him.

There was a pause and the would-be assassin's gun wavered. Unbuttoning his vest, the President repeated:

"Go ahead and shoot. I am not going to quit the office in which the people placed me."

Oblitaz, disconcerted by this unwavering courage, appeared paralyzed and several palace officials seized and disarmed him.

Word of the attempted assassination spread and an infuriated mob soon gathered at police headquarters across from the palace.

Doctor Doubtful

Mother, 65, Produces Bible To Show Age as Child Is Born

Columbus, Ohio, Sept. 27 (INS).—A battered and ancient family Bible was produced today by Mrs. Mary Jones to prove she is 65 years old, although she gave birth yesterday to her twenty-seventh child.

The front cover and 64 pages were missing—but the Bible still contained a page on which was inscribed:

"Mary Matilda Walker, born April 5, 1881."

Dr. John H. Holzaepfel, attending physician who reported both mother and daughter in excellent condition, admitted rather doubtfully that the woman's age record "seemed authentic," but I can hardly believe it."

Mrs. Jones and her 60-year-old crane operator husband, William, father of the last 15 children, said that 21 of Mrs. Jones' children are still living. The 21 included six sets of twins.

Mrs. Jones had 12 children by her first husband, William Spratt, who was killed at a McDowell, W. Va., mine in 1913.

There were eight boys and four girls in the Spratt family and eight boys and seven girls with the Jones surname—total 16 boys and 11 girls.

Mrs. Jones claimed she was born "after my maw was 65."

Mrs. Jones appears 20 years younger than the 65 years she claims, but Dr. Holzaepfel explained, "if she appeared 65, she wouldn't be physically able to bear the children."

Pittsburgh Trolleys Off; Power Union To Get Offer

Million Riders Are Handicapped; Settlement Hopes Rise With Parley

Pittsburgh, Sept. 27 (AP).—Beset by the ever-widening effects of a four-day power strike of 3500 Duquesne Light Co. employes, Pittsburgh reeled from a new blow today as pickets again began suspension of trolley service upon which one million daily riders depend.

Hopes for a speedy settlement of the power dispute rose late today with announcement that negotiations had been resumed. Mayor David L. Lawrence reported a mass meeting of union employes will be held at 8:15 p. m. tomorrow at which "union officers will submit whatever the company offer is at that time."

Meanwhile, interruption of trolley service caught by surprise thousands of commuting workers, who as an alternative hurried to catch the "last cars" or depended on hitch-hiking or other makeshift means to get home.

The cars began to disappear from the streets upon arrival at barns picketed by independent unionists. Motormen of the AFL Amalgamated Association of Street and Electric Railway and Motor Coach Employes refused to cross the picket lines. Earlier, 29 city bus routes operated by the Pittsburgh Motor Coach Co. were suspended when bus operators also refused to cross picket lines.

Both the buses and trolleys were withdrawn from service yesterday on order of union leaders who said the action was a "protective measure" against threats received against continued operation.

Trolley Union President John J. Burke declared the new suspension of trolley service again was a "protective measure" for the 2800 trolley workers. He did not amplify but he said "we definitely are not on strike."

Trolleys began service today after dissolution yesterday of an antistrike injunction directed against the independent power union and widely opposed in CIO and AFL circles. The buses were scheduled to leave garages this morning but did not.

In the new suspension, service quickly was reduced to 100 trolleys, as compared to an emergency peak of 225 cars and a normal 950-car peak operation. Pittsburgh Railways Co. officials give no assurance that any service would be maintained.

The strike already has cost the city an estimated loss of 10 million dollars in business, industry and payrolls. At least 70,000 clerical and production workers among 1,500,000 residents in the 817-square-mile affected area were made idle.

The union has rejected the latest company offer which included a 5 per cent wage raise, revised pension and vacation plans among other concessions. The union seeks 20 per cent more pay which, its leaders said, would lift the average basic hourly pay from about $1.18 to $1.41.

City and court officials were disappointed by the failure of settlement negotiations. They had hoped dissolution of the antistrike order

See POWER, Page 4, Column 4.

Cards, Chicago Tied In Second

St Louis, Sept. 27 (AP).—The St. Louis Cardinals threw their ace hurler, Howie Pollett against the Chicago Cubs' Hank Borowy here tonight, in an effort to grab a crucial game in the National League race. At the end of 1½ innings the score stood 0-0.

ADD CARDS—Rec. 5:52, off at 8:55 . . .

FIRST INNING

CHICAGO—Hack bounced to Marion. Stringer filed to Moore. Waitkus doubled down the left-field line. Schoendienst threw out Cavarretta. No runs, one hit, no errors, one left.

CARDINALS—Stringer threw out Schoendienst. Walker filed to Lowrey. Musial fouled to Hack. No runs, no hits, no errors, none left.

SECOND INNING

CHICAGO—McCullough filed deep to Walker. Lowrey filed to Moore. Nicholson walked. Jurges bounced to Schoendienst. No runs, no hits, no errors, one left.

Feller Fans Six, Ties Rube Waddell

Bob Feller struck out six Detroit batsmen in a relief role yesterday and boosted his total for the season 343, the same number Rube Waddel fanned 42 years ago to set a major leage record.

The Cleveland fireballer struck out five of the first eight batters he faced. He'll try to better the record tomorrow against the Tigers (for complete results see Page 8).

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Production in U. S. At Peak, Says CPA

Logjam Forecast

Freight-Car Lack Seen Idling Plants

A prediction that some plants soon will have to curtail production because of a freight car shortage was made yesterday by J. Monroe Johnson, director of the Office of Defense Transportation.

With some 300,000 freight cars overdue for retirement and 74,443 awaiting repairs, the carriers will receive less than 40,000 replacements this year, he said.

"The railroads have 13,000 fewer box cars and 45,000 less cars of all types than a year ago," he added. "Right now, we are short about 20,000 freight cars a week, and in six weeks we'll be short 75,000 a week.

"This means there will be a heavy backlog of freight and that some plants will have to cut down production to what can be moved, since their storage space will be filled. But we'll start digging into this backlog after Thanksgiving and continue until March."

He noted the railroads "will be working at capacity for two years unless there is a major wave of strikes" which would curtail the output of goods to be shipped.

Wit hthe best possible allocation of materials for construction of new freight cars, construction could not catch up with demand for two years," he said. "Total output this year will be less than 40,000 an dwe'd like to have 300,000." He emphasized that the "transportation crisis" he foresees "is not so much due to a shortage of cars as to unexpected production."

Longer Work Week Urged for Step-up Of Present Output

With almost full employment, and near-capacity production of basic materials, the American industrial machine scored in August its best mont hsince VJ-Day, Civilian Production Administrator Small reported yesterday.

His monthly production summary was glowing i nalmost every category, showing output of many consumer durable goods at all-time peaks.

Radios, electric ranges, electric irons and vacuum cleaners ran in August from 40 to 65 per cent above the prewar level. Even automobiles, of which 241,000 were produced during the month, stood 15 per cent better than the monthly average during the years 1930 to 1939. Of major "hard goods" items, only refrigerators and sewing machines were below the prewar figures.

Building Materials Up

In particular, Small pointed to the increase in production of building materials, many items of which, such as plumbing fixtures, jumped 2 0to 35 per cent from July to August.

Small characterized the situation as "pretty hopeful" and looked for continuation of the increases for the next few months. He warned, however, that the available labor pool had dropped to the almost irreducible minimum of two million men, including unemployables and persons between jobs.

He added that he felt it would be extremely difficult to increase the present labor force, since the only source were women and retired persons. Those worked during the war because of the patriotic urge and the need to supplement the pay of family members in the armed services. These inducements have largely disappeared and "it will be hard to get them back," Small said.

Longer Hours Urged

To obtain further production increases he recommended a longer work week, which he thought many industries would be able to afford now and next year, even though overtime pay premiums were involved. He also called for more worker productivity.

He declared, however, that output per man-hour, measured on the rough standard of goods produced divided by numbers of persons employed, was generally higher now than before the war. But he cautioned that there were many exceptions and that the measurement standards were inexact.

Questioned about a decision the previous day by Reconversion Director John R. Steelman, ruling against the CPA boss in a dispute with Housing Administrator Wilson W. Wyatt, Small indicated that he would not resign as a result.

He still defended his earlier position, however, that it would be better for him to pass construction limitation powers to Wyatt, because one, rather than two agencies, could do a better job in administering all housing controls.

Features of Report

Among the highlights of the CPA monthly report:

Overall economic activity was greater than during the top period of war spending, in the spring of 1945.

Freight car production was up 40 per cent over July, but the shortage continues great.

Shoe production, the only black spot in the picture, although up 17 per cent from the previous month, will fall this month and may stay down for the rest of the year. Small pointed out that the decline in cattle slaughtering is bound to affect the number of hides available.

Metal Production High

The steel industry operated at 88.3 per cent of capacity, turning out the greatest production this year. Pig iron shipments were higher than at any time in the last 15 months and brass mills reached an all-time record production.

Truck production hit 105,000 units, another peacetime record. During the month 241,000 passenger cars were built and the industry expects to produce one million autos in the next three months.

In the building materials field, production of gypsum board and lathe exceeded what was thought to have been the industry's capacity. In almost all items, the August output was far in excess of that a year ago.

Record Figures On Production

The August production record in consumer durable goods items, compared with the previous month and with the 1940-41 monthly average (in thousands of units):

Consumer Durable Goods	August
Automobiles	241
Trucks	105
Passenger tires	5800
Truck, bus tires	1300
Refrigerators	218
Vacuum cleaners	218
Electric irons	608
Radios	1700
Sewing machines	29
Gas ranges	16
Electric ranges	66
Washing machines	212

Shippers Fight Proposed Rise In Rail Rates

By the Associated Press

J. B. Putnam of Cleveland, representing 41 iron ore mining companies in Minnesota, said today a proposed 25 per cent increase in railroad freight rates would only serve "to make the rich carriers richer and the poor ones poorer."

Putnam was among several coal shippers, lumbermen and other witnesses who appeared before the interstate commerce commission in opposition to the railroads' request for the 25 per cent boost.

"Sixteen per cent of the carriers—such lines as Milwaukee, Northwestern, Northern Pacific and soo line—do need more revenue," Putnam said, "but 84 per cent of the applicants do not need it."

Phillip H. Porter, representing the Wisconsin coal bureau, said the extremely profitable nature of the Lake Superior rail lines and the distressed conditions of low-grade ore mining warranted special consideration.

Coal Men Complain

R. Granville Curry of Washington, representing the Anthrocite Institute, complained that anthracite coal, which pays a higher freight rate than bituminous, is bearing more than its share of the transportation burden under an obsolete rate structure. He and Milton E. Diehl, of New York City, representing the Eastern States Retail Solid Fuel Conference, asked that any increase on coal be applied equally to both bituminous and anthracite.

J. Van Dyke Norman of Louisville, representing certain coal and salt shippers, objected to lower rates for agricultural produces which "always have been the pets of the Government and never have borne their fair share of costs."

Norman contended that "the parade of railroad executives before this commission to give a picture of ruin facing their companies if increases are not granted, has done great injury to security owners and railroad revenues.

"It is up to this commission to help to restore public and finincial confidence in the industry," Norman said.

Oppose Lumber Boost

J. W. Goodman of Milwaukee, representing retail lumber dealers of Ohio, Michigan, Indiana, Illinois, Wisconsin, Minnesota, the Dakotas, Iowa, Missouri, Kansas, Arkansas and Oklahoma, opposed any increases on lumber rates.

"Lumber production is not going to catch up with demand for a long time, and that means lumber will continue to be shipped green and under regulation," Goodman said. He added railroads had benefited from increased rates on the heavier green lumber.

William C. McCulloch of Seattle said the lumbermen's groups of western Oregon and western Washington which he rperesented were opposed to increases on rates for logs, doors and other stock millwork products.

Wilbur La Roe, jr., attorney for the American Paper and Pulp Association, proposed that the commission hold its meeting open indefinitely "so it can continue to adjust rates from time to time." He said any long range adjustment now might prove inequitable.

Man Appeals Conviction In Hyattsville Court

James R. Redwood, 809 Mount Vernon pl. nw., yesterday filed an appeal from his conviction in Hyattsville Police Court on a drunken driving charge.

Redwood was fined $100 and costs by Magistrate Alan Bowie following his arrest on U. S. Highway 1 near Beltsville on May 4. A $5 fine for not having a registration card was not appealed.

U.S. Worker Dies in Burma

Rangoon, Sept. 27 (AP).—David W. Graham, United States Information Service director in Rangoon, was found dead in his bedroom yesterday morning by a servant. Medical evidence, police said, showed Graham had been dead for eight hours, but no foul play was suspected.

Actor Makes-Up In 'Whiteface'

Associated Press WIREPHOTOS

PRECEDENT — Reversing the time-honored procedure of minstrel shows, Negro Actor Canada Lee makes up in Boston for his part as Daniel de Bosola in the revived Elizabethan drama "The Duchess of Malfi." Actor John Carradine (top) works on Lee's nose. Make-up Man Herman Buchman (lower) applies the finishing touches

'Subversive' Books Hit at GOP Meeting

By Genevieve Reynolds
Post Reporter

Philadelphia, Sept. 27. —The National Federation of Republican Clubs charged today that subversive literature is being distributed in the public school system of the Nation and certain faculty members are deliberately misrepresenting American ideals.

The organization, holding its fourth biennial convention here in the Bellevue-Stratford unanimously adopted a resolution calling for a close study of history and social study text books being used in schools. Also the resolution called for an investigation of teacher qualifications.

Following a hot debate earlier in the day the 500 delegates approved with only two "nays" being heard in the voice vote, a resolution pledging the federation's all-out support of the U. N.

No Debate on Texts

There was no debate on the resolution directing the Federation's American Citizenship Committee to send out questionnaires dealing with the type of text books being used to teach history and social studies in the public schools.

Committees also were directed to look into the education and qualifications of teachers and school administrators as well as qualifications of members of school boards. Reports of the study are to be submitted at the next meeting of the National Advisory Board.

The UNO endorsement was part of clause in a statement of policy which was laid before the convention by the resolutions committee, of which Mrs. Margaret W. Van Wagener of Milwaukee is chairman. After a 40-minute debate, the original version was recommitted.

Members adjourned to a nearby cocktail room for further consultation and 10 minutes later reported out a shorter indorsement of the world organization. Another 20-minute debate followed. Contention centered around a clause which read: "We indorse the United Nations as the best instrument produced so far in the effort to promote a lasting peace."

Reason for Debate

Actually the debate arose because some of the women feared that by endorsing the U. N. O. they would give approval to the Democratic machinery in the U. N. O. setup.

A myth that women work for pin money was exploded in a forum discussion of women in the postwar world, held at the morning session. Speakers included Mrs. Oswald Lord, chairman, National Civilian Advisory Committee for Women's Army Corps; Mrs. Mary Rcie Morrow, director, Women and Children, house and wages, Pennsylvania; Miss Eunice Hilton, dean of women, Syrcause University; Miss Myra Glazier, president, Sheppard Envelope Co. and Miss Jane H. Tood, Moderator, Deputy Commissioner, New York State Department of Commerce.

Gist of the conclusions reached by members of the forum is that women should not lose the ground gained during the war, furthermore, that they must get out and vote, ring door bells, work in precincts and run for office.

Hurry Work, World Bank Chiefs Urged

By Ferdinand Kuhn, Jr.
Post Reporter

With appeals from President Truman and Secretary of the Treasury Snyder to hurry the work of world reconstruction, the Governors of the International Bank and Monetary Fund opened their first annual meeting at the Wardman Park Hotel yesterday.

"The world looks to you to provide leadership in helping to build a stable economic world in which nations can trade and prosper in peace," said the President in a message read by Acting Secretary of State Will Clayton.

"Your governments have accepted the Bretton Woods plans and have placed substantial funds at your disposal to carry them out. Let us put both the plans and the funds to work."

Stresses Postwar Problems

The same note of urgency was struck by Secretary Snyder, who presided at the formal opening session.

Recalling that the size and complexity of postwar economic problems have "more than taxed our individual abilities," Mr. Snyder said:

"The initial period of building the structures of the fund and the bank is at an end. From now on they will be operating agencies in their respective fields. Let us lose no time in speedily activating the Fund and Bank as effective instruments in a world sorely in need of their services."

The bank will not be able to start lending until about the start of 1947, although four countries—France, Czechoslovakia, Poland and Chile—have announced their intention of seeking reconstruction and development loans.

Must Meet Credit Needs

Mr. Snyder did not mention these applications, but reminded the Governors that "there remain large credit needs which should be met if we are to have a stable and prosperous world."

As for the Monetary Fund to stabilize currencies, Mr. Snyder said it was equally urgent to start its full operations without delay.

"Every encouragement," he said, "should be given to countries to get rid of currnecy restrictions, wartime or otherwise, which are designed to cover up fundamental weaknesses. We must not allow the restrictive and discriminatory trade and currency practices wheih were forced upon many countries prior to and during the war to become permanent fixtures of international commerce.

"There are many obstructions in world trade, closely related to monetary and financial arrangements, but the existence of the Fund and Bank as operating institutions will greatly facilitate their removal.

Hasty Solutions Impossible

"We should expect no overnight solutions of these problems, since some members of the Fund will necessarily retain certain controls during the transition period. However, a most immediate task of the Fund should be to encourage and assist all of its members in removing these restrictions as rapidly as possible."

Mr. Snyder recalled that the Fund is now working to determine, by agreement with each member country, the par value of its currency. He described this as a "great pioneering step" of tremendous complexity and difficulty. He also emphasized the importance of the Fund's work in "promoting common standards of fair practice in monetary and financial relations among nations."

"We cannot afford," said Mr. Snyder, "to permit economic warfare to weaken the bonds which hold the United Nations together."

Mr. Snyder made an implied overture to Russia to join the Bank and the Fund, although not even an observer from Russia was present at yesterday's opening meeting.

Cooperation Essential

"I sincerely hope," he said, "that all peace-loving countries will see their advantage in becoming members of both institutions in the very near future. Cooperation in the economic world is no less important than in the political world. The charters of the Fund and the Bank are drawn broadly enough to encompass various type of economic and trading systems."

Today a formal invitation is expected to be sent to Russia to assign an observer to the meetings here. Australia, which has not yet joined the Bank and the Fund, was represented yesterday by an observer. In the coming week it is expected that four new countries—Italy, Turkey, Syria and Lebanon—wil be admitted to membership, although the Italian application may run into opposition.

At the start of its week-long meeting the Bank yesterday called upon each of its 38 member nations to put up another 5 per cent of its cash capital before November 25. The Bank's total capital is $7,670,000,000, but only 20 per cent of this, or $1,534,000,000, is payable in cash.

The new call will swell the Bank's cash resources to half of its authorized cash capital, and should enable it to make small loans by the start of the new year.

D. C. Tavern Facing Alcoholic Board Probe

The Alcoholic Beverage Board yesterday decided to conduct its own investigation of Helen and Eddie's Tavern, 1365 Kennedy st. nw., after witnesses from the neighborhood testified that drunks continuously stagger from the place.

The hearings was on an application of Mrs. Helen G. Moore, 3800 block of W st., nw., to transfer her liquor license to John M. McNey, currently the manager, of 5828 Georgia av., nw.

Teachers Quit Over Housing, Officials Admit

Resignation of two teachers at the Patrick Henry Elementary School in Arlington because of "impossbile" housing conditions was confirmed yesterday by school authorities.

Both George F. Bagby, principal, and School Superintendent Fletcher Kemp said that Miss Pauline Wood, a first grade teacher and Miss Hardinia Gwathmey, second grade teacher, had resigned.

Miss Gwathmey tendered her resignation to Professor Kemp last Monday and the school superintendent said he had received Miss Wood's resignation yesterday.

Yesterday was the last day at Patrick Henry School for both teachers. They will begin teaching jobs on Monday at Quantico, Va., it was said.

She Changes Her Mind

A third teacher at Patrick Henry, who asked that her name not be used, admitted yesterday that she had told Principal Bagby she would resign by next Friday if she could not locate more adequate quarters. In the meantime, she said, a room in the home of another teacher had been offered and she now intended to finish out the school year.

All three teachers had been living in the same house, they said yesterday. All were at the same school last year. They said the arrangement had previously included room and board but that this year they were forced to go out for their meals.

One of the teachers said she was "thoroughly disgusted" and "sick" of walking a mile to breakfast every morning.

It was learned that Bagby located two other accommodations with room and board when he learned the teachers were bcoming dissatisfied, but that the teachers had not considered the new quarters adequate.

Called 'a Raw Deal'

One school official declared that the resignations were "a raw deal" and pointed to the fact that one of the teachers had served only a week's notice and the other one day's notice.

He also said that they had "agreed in writing" to remain the entire school year and one of the teachers took a day off from school to negotiate for her new job which begins Monday.

Superintendent Kemp said both teaching vacancies would be filled before school opens Monday and added that every teaching post in the county was filled, but that substitute lists were "very low."

In Fairfax County, the housing shortage was blamed largely for a teacher vacancy of 39 shortly before school opened, and the hiring of many teachers who did not possess qualifications required by State law.

150 Dockmen In U. S. Hurt By Nazi Bombs

Edgewood Arsenal, Md., Sept. 27 (AP).—Unloading the SS Francis L. Lee's cargo of German mustard gas bombs—brought here for a study of Nazi warfare methods—caused nearly 150 postwar casualties, Army officials indicated today.

Brig. Gen. E. F. Bullene, commanding the chemical center, said nearly 50 soldiers and civilian workers were hospitalized here as a precautionary measure" after handling the leaky bombs.

In Mobile, Ala., where the ship first docked, 90 stevedores were hospitalized during unloading operations and others refused the job, which paid $40 a night.

Reports from Antwerp said several Belgians were injured while loading the 800 tons of 500 and 1000-pound bombs.

General Bullene said the casualties here were "not of a serious nature" and hospitalization was for from one day to a week."

Mounting casualties halted unloading operations at Mobile last June and the vessel was towed into Charleston, S. C. with no crew aboard. Protests of Charleston residents led to the intervention of Senator Maybank (D., S. C.), and the unpopular ship was rerouted to its Chesapeake Bay anchorage off Edgewood Arsenal.

The ship is in the final stages of decontamination—a more difficult job than unloading the bombs, general Bullene said. He said the medical division of the chemical corps staged tests with live rabbits to be sure there was no gas left aboard.

Marine Sentry Fires At Fleeing Thief Near Shipyard

Portsmouth, Va., Sept. 27 (AP).—Portsmouth police today were searching for a lone bandit who held up the F and W Mart on 4th st. last night and escaped on foot after being brought to his knees by a shot fired by a naval shipyard sentry.

Police reported that the man, armed with a pistol, entered the store at about 9 o'clock and forced the proprietor, Arthur Weise, to hand over cash and checks totaling between $1500 and $2000.

A cry which was raised as the man fled from the store alerted a Marine sentry posted at the 4th st. gate of the Norfolk Naval Shipyard. The sentry fired a shot which brought the bandit to his knees and caused him to drop his hat and pistol. He immediately jumped up, however, and continued his flight.

Mission to Hold Service

The Central Union Mission, 613 C st. nw., will resume nightly service at 7:30 in the mission chapel on Tuesday. Floyd K. Dawson, new staff member of the mission, will have charge of the programs. Superintendent Herbert Eberhardt announced yesterday.

Washington Gambler Sought As Kidnaper of N. J. Woman

A man described as a Washington gambler was sought in an 11-State kidnap alarm last night after walking into a Little Silver, N. J., bedroom and forcing a soldier's wife to accompany him at gun point.

The stranger walked into the room occupied by Sergt. Glynn Kimmey and his wife, ordered her out of bed, forced her to dress and leave with him. They drove away in a car carrying either District or Ohio plates, New Jersey State Police said.

When the husband protested, the stranger knocked him down.

Kimmey told police his wife had been threatened by a "Washington D. C. gambler who had a heart interest in her."

The man sought was listed variously as Chalmers Labaug, Chalmers Lanbaugh and Chalmers Laubaugh.

The search pointed toward Washington last night, New Jersey police said, where a man by that name was recently paroled.

Police records disclose a Chalmers Howard Laubaugh was convicted May 4, 1945 on a charge of white slave traffic violation. He was sentenced to terms of one to four years on one count and eight months to two years on a second. He was paroled in June of this year.

Police said the man presented himself at the rooming house where Kimmey and his wife, Mary, lived, told the landlady he was a FBI investigator and walked into the Kimmey bedroom flourishing a .45 caliber automatic.

"You're lucky," Kimmey quoted him. "I only want you wife this time."

The Federal Bureau of Investigation in New Jersey and here had no comment on the case.

Bevin, Stalin Agree New War Not Probable

London, Sept. 27 (AP).—Foreign Secretary Ernest Bevin agreed tonight with Prime Minister Stalin that "no further war is likely at present," but added that no peace is possible without an end to the present "war of nerves."

Bevin's terse statement came three days after Stalin said the world was in no "real danger" of a new war—a pronouncement which gave hope to a world weary of continuing disagreement between east and west and attacks and counterattacks by the Moscow radio and the western press.

The foreign secretary's statement was contained in a speech to a working class audience which elected him to Parliament from the Wandsworth section of London.

Earlier today British weekly publications called upon Bevin to outline the United Kingdom's foreign policy in the light of recent statements by Russian and American leaders and British conservatives.

"We have recently had a statement from Russia that they do not anticipate a further war is likely at present," Bevin said in a speech. "I do not think so either and I do not know anybody who is asking for war."

Bevin added, however, that "there is one kind of war that must stop if we are to get peace—that is the war of nerves that has left some unfortunate countries in a state of disturbance."

The secretary, who returned yesterday from the Paris Peace Conference, declared pointedly that "the aci dtest is not in speeches made by statesmen, but it is the approach in the conference room to the actual problems we are discussing."

"It will be there that we shall discover whether or not the United Nations have the cooperation which will make for the unity of mankind," he said.

County Court Fines in Year Total $123,368

Richmond, Va., Sept. 27 (AP).—Virginia counties realeized $123,368.80 from fines assessed in trial justice courts during the fiscal year ended June 30, 1945, an increase of $20,500 over the previous year, a report by State Auditor J. Gordon Bennett showed today.

The increase was attributed to the fact many counties have adopted ordinances diverting fines collected for law violations from the State treasury ot local treasuries.

The report, submitted to Governor Tuck, showed a decrease in the number of civl and criminal cases in the courts, but an increase in juvenile and domestic relations cases.

Civil cases dropped from 28,946 in 1944 to 19,648 in 1945, and criminal cases declined from 98,741 to 72,633. Juvenile and domestic relations cases climbed, however, from 4976 to 5669.

100 Fiber Scientists Convene at U. of Va

REC 11:38 A—SET 6:43 P. . . . .

Charlottesville, Va., Sept. 27 (Spl.).—More than 100 top-ranking scientists in the fiber and related fields were on hand for the opening session of the joint meeting of the Fiber Society and the High Polymer Division of the American Physical Society which got under way yesterday in Maury Hall, at the University of Virginia.

The Institute of Textile Technology and the University of Virginia are acting as joint hosts for the visiting scientists who will spend three days in technical discussions of fibers, their properties an dthe processing of them. The Fiber Society, which has a limited membership by invitation only, is holding its semiannual meeting.

Home Mission Work Planned in Louisa

Charlottesville, Va., Sept. 27.—West Hanover Presbytery's home mission committee, through the supervisor, Dr. Thomas H. Daniel of this city, has worked out a plan of home mission work with the Louisa group of churches. It calls for an outstanding minister as supervising moderator of the churches, and working under him will be students from Union Theological Seminary, serving as student pastors of the individual churches.

The plan was presented to a called meeting of representatives from the four congregations, Louisa, Kirk O'Cliff, Providence, and Wills Memorial, and met with approval. It is hoped that the plan can become operative by November 1. The moderator will live in the manse at Louisa and will preach as often as possible in the various churches, serving communion, receiving members, administering baptism, and attending to other duties of a pastor.

Fire Fighters Parade Today At U. of Md.

Fire apparatus from seven States will parade prior to the dedication services for the new Fire Service Extension Building at the University of Maryland this afternoon.

The parade, to include representatives from Maryland, Virginia, West Virginia, Pennsylvania, Delaware, New Jersey and the District of Columbia, will tour the College Park area, passing a reviewing stand at the new building.

Governor Herbert R. O'Conor heads a list of notables which includes Representative Lansale G. Sasscer; State Comptroller J. Millard Tawes; Judge William P. Cole, jr., chairman of the Board of Regents of the university; Dr. H. C. Byrd, university president; Chief W. Bartgis Storm of Frederick, Md., president of the State Firemen's Association; Mrs. Mae R. Schoene, president of the Women's Auxiliary of the State Firemen's Association, and Richard E. Vernor, Chicago, manager of the Fire Prevention Department, Western Actuarial Bureau.

The program will open with registration and inspection of the new building at 9 a. m., followed by a demonstration of equipment at 11.

The parade, at 1 p. m., will be followed by dedication ceremonies. A firefighting drill will take place at 4 with a buffet supper being served at 5:30.

Eugene Rainey is chairman of the Dedication Committee and Chief A. J. Bargagni, of the Bethesda Fire Department, is parade marshal.

Under Knife, John L. Lewis Is Recovering

John L. Lewis, 66-year-old United Mine Workers' chieftain, underwent an emergency operation for acute appendicits yesterday at Emergency Hospital. The operation went along very satisfactorily and Mr. Lewis is in spendid condition," his personal physician, Dr. John H. Lyons, reported later.

Dr. Lyons performed the operation while the labor leader's son, Dr. John L. Lewis, jr., a physician with Johns Hopkins University Hospital, stood by.

The United Mine Workers president was stricken at his home in Alexandria, Va., about 10 a. m. yesterday and rushed to Emergency Hospital by ambulance at noon. The operation was performed a half hour later.

The appendicitis attack will keep Lewis from attending the thirty-ninth annual convention of his AFL union next week in Atlantic City, N. J., a UMW official said.

His daughter, Kathryn Lewis, who is secretary-treasurer of UMW District 50 and now in Atlantic City for this distdict's two-day convention, announced that John O'Leary, UMW vice president, will preside at the national convention which begins there on Tuesday.

Lewis had planned to ask convention delegates whether to negotiate a partial agreement which would resume private operation of soft-coal mines operated by the Government since a strike last spring. UMW spokesmen said that Vice President O'Leary and other union leaders would present Lewis' ideas to the delegates.

Doctor Reveals Serum Cuts Deaths From Tuberculosis

Chicago, Sept. 27 (INS).—Use of a new serum which when systematically administered has cut "to almost nothing" deaths from tuberculosis in Denmark was revealed today by a Copenhagen physician.

Dr. Johannes Holm reported on the unusual results he has obtained from "BCG" vaccination before the Mississippi Valley Conference on tuberculosis meeting in Chicago. He said:

"This vaccination gives considerable but not absolute protection against tuberculosis. It protects almost completely against the morbid phenomena in the primary infection, and also affords considerable protection against genuine tuberculosis."

Dr. Holm, chief of the tuberculosis division of the Danish serum institute, said that the vaccination is safe for a patient in all instances if the virulence of the serum is kept at the proper level.

Jaywalking Case Slated For High Court

A jaywalking case started on its way yestreday toward the highest court of the land.

After eight appearances in Municipal Court and one night in jail on one jaywalking case, Francis J. Humphries, 49, was fined $10.

But he isn't yielding, he told reporters, until he is exonerated or the Supreme Court tells him the reason why not.

Fights Staunchly

If Humphries had so chosen, he might have merely forfeited $2 and have been done with the case, but he is staunchly fighting. It has cost him so far about $50, it is estimated, for collateral, the fine, lawyer and stenographic fee.

"I'm going to keep on fighting to the Supreme Court, if possible. My reputation means too much to me," Mumphries said. He is an engineer with the Navy Department.

Humphries still faces a disorderly conduct charge appended in the argument which followed his initial arrest, July 31, for jaywalking. That hearing is scheduled for October 7. Later in the month his jaywalking case will be argued at the Municipal Court of Appeals.

In Court Many Times

On July 31, Park Policeman E. M. Sutley arrested Humphries for crossing Constitution ave. nw. to enter the main door of the Navy Building. Since then he has been bobbing in and out of Traffic Court to be heard on the charge.

There were continuances in his behalf, his lawyer's behalf, the court's behalf and the policemans' behalf. eH spent hte night of August 26 in jail when the court granted him a continuance under $100 bond but relented the next day and let him go free on his own collateral.

School Strike Looms Monday In Alexandria

Plans for a school strike Monday were being made yesterday at Chinquapin Village in Alexandria to protest inadequate bus transportation for school students.

The Alexandria School Board yesterday, despite the formal threat of a walkout, voted to retain the 9 a. m. opening for the Douglas MacArthur Elementary School.

Chinquapin Village parents, in two petitions, had asked for a 9:30 a. m. opening because the A. B. & W. Transit Co. is unable to provide special school bus service for the earlier hour.

All Buses in Use

J. V. Gaines, transit company superintendent, said every available bus is in use during the 7 to 9 a. m. "peak" period.

During the war, when Alexandria schools opened at 9:30 a. m., the company furnished special buses from Chinquapin to the MacArthur School, the high school and St. Mary's Parochial School. The latter, which retains the 9:30 opening, still gets a special bus.

J. E. Martin, a Chinquapin parent, said his group is willing to do without the high school bus, but insisted on the need for the MacArthur school bus. He said there is no alternative now except to carry out their formal threat to withhold the children from school until satisfactory arrangements are worked out.

Decision After Hearing

The school board decision came after a hearing in their offices yesterday afternoon. Superintendent T. C. Williams said a change in the opening hours would cause an "unbalanced school day."

Williams said there are 104 Chinqaupin pupils attending the seven grades at MacArthur. He asserted that a short cut through the woods is only a third of a mile, and requires only seven minutes.

John P. LeCroy, chairman of the Chinquapin executive council, said the use of the woods short cut is dangerous to children.

C. N. Bollinger, school board member who moved to deny the requested 9:30 opening hour, said the A. B. & W. firm has a "civic obligation" to provide service for Chinquapin students. The firm offered to advance their regular scheduled 8:46 a. m. bus to 8:36, to accommodate the students, but residents claimed this bus will not accommodate all the students, in addition to regular passengers.

Martinsburg Phone Manager to Retire

Martinsburg, W. Va., Sept. 27 (Spl.).—Harry C. Reaves, for the past 14 years manager of the Martinsburg branch of the C. and T. Telephone Co. of West Virginia, today announced his retirement, on the basis of 25 years' service, effective October 1.

He entered the company's employ in Washington as a clerk in 1921, going from there to Norfolk, Va., later to Richmond, Va., as contract supervisor; then in turn manager of he Clarksburg, Wheeling and aMrtinsburg districts. He came here in May 1932.

What's Going On And Where

Service Activities

Victory Canteen for Servicemen, 1113 Pennsylvania ave. nw., games and refreshments, 3 p. m. to 12 p. m.; dinner, 5 p. m.

United National Service Center, 940 North Capitol st., informal dancing for all military personnel and their guests, 8 p. m.

National Catholic Community Service, 918 10th st. nw., dancing lessons, 7 p. m.; dance, 9 p. m. NCCS, 1314 N st. nw., formal dance, 8:30 p. m.

USO-YMCA, 1736 G st. nw., sightseeing, 1:30 p. m.; jam session and dance, 2:30 p. m.; formal dance and Chinese dance, 9 p. m.

USO-YWCA, 17th and K sts. nw., dance, 2 p. m.; dance, 9 p. m.

USO, 1011 H st. nw., dancing lessons (beginners), 8 p. m.; (advanced), 9 p. m.; dance, 10 p. m.

USO, 901 Market pl. (8th and Pennsylvania ave. nw.), stage show, 9 p. m.

USO-National Jewish Welfare Board, 16th and Q sts. nw., buffet supper, 7:30 p. m.; dance, 9 p. m.

Art Galleries and Exhibits

National Gallery of Art, 16th st. and Constitution ave. nw., 10 a. m. to 9 p. m.

Corcoran Gallery of Art, 17th st. and New York ave. nw., 2 p. m. to 5 p. m.

Smithsonian Institution, 10th st. and Independence ave. sw., 9 a. m. to 4:30 p. m.

Union's Feud With Parent To Get Airing

Baltimore, Sept. 27 (AP).—Members of Local No. 101 of the United Brotherhood of Carpenters and Joiners of America (AFL) will meet tomorrow in an effort to iron out the local's long legal feud with its parent national union.

Circuit Judge Michael J. Manley appointed Paul M. Higinbothom, president of the Bar Association of Baltimore, to preside.

Judge Manley in August ordered the local to elect new officers and refused to dissolve an injunction obtained by the national union impounding $700,000 of the local's assets for ultimate surrender to the parent organization.

Settlement Drafted

Letters calling tomorrow's meeting said "attorneys for both sides have formulated and agreed to recommend a plan of settlement which will be laid before you for your full discussion and final decision.

"If the plan is approved, nominations for local officers may be made immediately and an election may be held upon such date as you fix."

Leaders indicated the meeting might last all day.

The dispute came to a head last April when the national union voted in convention at Lakeland, Fla., to suspend the Baltimore local.

Baltimore officers filed an injunction petition in which they charged General President William Hutcheson with coercing, intimidating and bribing witnesses to withhold testimony concerning alleged embezzlement of $244,038 from the local's funds.

False Testimony Submitted

The local accused Henry W. Blumenberg, appointed administrator for the union by Hutcheson in 1927.

Hutcheson later announced at Lakeland that the national had obtained title to citrus groves from Blumenberg and another local official and had "made good about $244,000" to the local.

Judge Manley ordered the election of new officers when Gotthard Hanson, local president, acknowledged from the witness stand that he had given false testimony in an earlier hearing on opposing injunction suits filed by the disputing organizations.

Two Workers Electrocuted In Maryland

Annapolis, Md., Sept. 27 (AP).—Two power lineman, Chester J. Whitten, 40, and George Greve, 22, both of Annapolis, were electrocuted today as the worked on a telephone pole on Carr's Wharf road, Mayo, in southern Anne Arundel County.

County Patrolman Robert Williams reported the two, both employes of the Consolidated Gas and Electric Light and Power Co., met death accidentally.

Their bodies were lowered to the ground by fellow workmen. The ambulance crew of the West Annapolis Fire Company, working under the supervision of Dr. Oliver J. Purvis, firm physician, tried for two hours to revive the victims.

Whitten was a veteran employe of the firm, but Greve, a Navy veteran, joined it only recently.

Hartmann Named Head of County Memorial Group

Orange, Va., Sept. 27 (Spl.).—Col. Hartmann who was named president of the Orange County War Memorial Association following the death of Col. Leith Epeiden, has been reelected to this office. Other officers named were V. R. Shackelford, first vice president; James W. Green, second vice president; A. S. Robertson, secretary, and S. M. Nottingham, treasurer. Members of the executive committee are Col. Hartmann, Howard F. Knoell, B. F. Tappy, S. M. Nottingham and James W. Green.

The treasurer reported contributions on hand toward the Memorial Building, cash and pledges, $40,648.25.

Colonel Hartmann reported a conference with the Kings Daughters Circle of Orange, which is interested in taking part in the memorial by providing a room to be used as a day nursery to be used by mothers coming in from the country. The room would be known as the Maude Farrer Memorial.

Travel Executives Are Guests at Luray

Luray, Va., Sept. 29 (Spl.).—A large group of travel executives from all over the United States were guests yesterday of a special Luray committee at a luncheon at the Mimslyn Hotel, a trip through the Luray Caverns, and a carillon recital.

The executives are making a tour of Virginia under the sponsorship of the irginia Conservation Commission and the State Chamber of Commerce. They came here from Front Royal, after a trip over the Skyline Drive. From here they proceeded to New Market, Harrisonburg, Natural Bridge, Williamsburg and other points of interest.

Md. Apiarists to Stage Bee-Catch Contest

Cumberland, Md., Sept. 27 (AP).—A bee-catching contest will feature the beekeepers field day schedule here tomorrow at the apiary of John Lindner at a meeting of the Maryland State Beekeepers Association.

George J. Abrams, University of Maryland; Harry L. Kelly, Silver Spring; L. P. Ditman, Berwyn; and A. D. Heitt, Lynchburg, Va., will give talks.

James Lindner, city, and P. M. Klavuhn, Allegany County bee inspector, will present demonstrations.

Quaint Waterford Prepares for Handicraft Exhibit

Restored Homes Also to Be Opened To Public; 3-Day Show Starts October 4

By Grace Brooks

WATERFORD, VA., Sept. 27 (Spl.).—Nestling in the Catoctin foothills is the historic town of Waterford with its winding streets and quaint homes, many of which were built during the period of Waterford's greatest prosperity, during the administration of Thomas Jefferson. The vigorous commerce of yesteryear is gone, but the inhabitants still cling to the gracious, leisurely mode of living of a century ago.

It was in years past that the people of Waterford produced exquisitely designed and high quality handcrafts and arts. With the advent of the machine age, however, followed by large-scale production of cheaper merchandise, the slower methods of handwork were forced into the background.

To revive and create greater interest in handcrafts and arts and to stimulate a community interest in re-creating the charm of Waterford as it existed in previous times, a group of people have formed the Waterford Foundation, Inc., and annual exhibits of the work of craftsmen and artists are held.

THIS year the event will be held October 4, 5 and 6 in the old grist mill built in 1733. There is no charge for entries of exhibits and no admission fee to the exhibition. The chief interest of the sponsors is to encourage the people of the county in the practice of handcrafts and arts and to show to outsiders the quaint village. Last year visitors came from 27 States and some from Canada.

The old grist mill, where the affair will be held this year, has undergone many additions and remodeling. It is now being reconstructed and will serve as the general headquarters of the Waterford Foundation.

THE restoration of many of the old homes in Waterford was begun a number of years ago by the late Edward M. Chamberlin and his brother, Leroy Chamberlin, who pioneered in reconstructing the old town. A number of these will be opened to the public during the exhibition.

Of all the houses in Waterford, perhaps the Friends Meeting House is closest to the hearts of the oldest inhabitants. Now a private dwelling, it is owned by Mr. and Mrs. A. B. McDaniel. The former, a Washington architect, discovered the possibilities offered by this building as an historical home and in 1939 began the job of reconversion. It will be open to the public during the three days of the exhibition. The Friends' Meeting itself was established in 1733 and the building to accommodate it was erected in 1775. After a devastating fire it was restored in 1868 and continued to serve as the Meeting House until the Meeting was discontinued in 1929. For nearly two centuries it served not only as a place of worship but as a community center as well. It was here the quakers planned and developed what George Washington called the "Loudoun Method" of farming, the five-year plan of crop rotation.

Old Grist Mill, built in 1733, where the exhibition of the Waterford Foundation, Inc., will be held on October 4, 5 and 6

Interior view of the home of Mr. and Mrs. W. Baylor Metzger, one of the quaint homes of Waterford, recently restored. This house will be open to the public on Sunday, October 6. Mrs. Metzger is the daughter of the late Clare Briggs, noted cartoonist

WHERE 2d st. joins Factory st. stands a charming little house once lived in by James M. Steer, a prominent Quaker, who served on the Town Council in 1830. The house is now the home of Mr. and Mrs. W. Baylor Metzger. It will be open on Sunday, October 6.

Across the street from the old Steer house stands the old home of J. Schooley, operator of one of Waterford's mills. The old brick house was built over a century ago. For years it was abandoned, but in 1944, it was remodeled into a delightful home by Mr. and Mrs. Edgar H. Beans. It will be open on Saturday, October 5.

Also at the far end of Second st. stands a large brick house probably built by Lewis D. Worley, who in 1836 served on the board of health. About 1842, the house became the property of William Williams, one of the town's most famous citizens who long was a member of the Town Council and was a Friends' minister. This charming home is now owned by Mrs. Festus Foster, and together with the remodeled schoolhouse in the yard will be open on Friday, October 4.

RISING above 1st st. and overlooking the mill is one of the finest old houses in Waterford. It was built in 1791 by William Hough who was a companion of George Washington when the Shenandoah Valley was surveyed. It has a lovely garden built among the foundation ruins of an old building. The old lanterns beside the walk leading up to the house were originally street lamps owned by the town when Waterford was incorporated. They still burn lamp oil. This house will be open on Friday, October 4.

Other quaint and historic homes will be open during the Foundation exhibition, many with varied and interesting stories. Members of the Foundation will be present to point out unusual and historic details. The three churches of Waterford—Baptist, Presbyterian and Methodist—will be open to the public.

Va. Revenues Up 7 Million In 2 Months

Richmond, Va., Sept. 27 (AP).—Virginia revenues during July and August continued the upward trend recorded during the 1945-46 fiscal year, a State comptroller's report showed today.

The receipts of all State funds for the first two months of the current fiscal period totaled $30,653,592, an increase of $7,239,403 over the income for the same months a year ago.

Of the total, $2,943,155 went into the general fund, which represented an increase of $520,093 over general fund revenues for the same months in 1945.

Gross alcoholic beverage sales for the two months were $11,324,664, an increase of $231,833, but in August alone the sales fell off slightly, aggregating $5,795,416 compared with $5,847,368 in the same month last year.

C&O Seeks to Cut Some of Stops On Charlottesville Run

Richmond, Va., Sept. 27 (AP).—The Chesapeake and Ohio Railway Co. in a hearing before the State Corporation Commission today sought the elimination of some 30 stops between Richmond and Charlottesville for the C. & O.'s train No. 47, the Sportsman.

I. D. Irwin, superintendent of passenger transportation, testified that of 63 stops made by the Sportsman on the 764-mile run between Phoebus and Toledo, 35 are located on the 97-mile run between Richmond and Charlottesville.

Irwin said the Sportsman now leaves Richmond at 11:35 a. m. and arrives at Charlottesville at 2:25 p. m., a scheduled time of 2 hours and 50 minutes, and added that the run can be made without stops in 1 hour and 50 minutes. He said the local schedules of trains Nos. 141, 41 and 43 would be unchanged.

In the petition it is proposed that the Sportsman continue to make stops at Doswell, Beaver Dam, Louisa and Gordonsville.

Mathews County Fete Starts Today

Mathews, Va., Sept. 27 (AP).—The USS Mathews, 15,000-ton attack cargo carrier, will anchor a mile and a half off Gwynn's Island about noon Saturday for a two-day "Mathews Day" celebration extending through Sunday.

The celebration will include speed races under the sponsorship of the Mathews Yacht Club Saturday afternoon in Milford Haven from 1 to 4 p. m., a dance from 9 to 12 Saturday night at Mathews High School, and a memorial service Sunday at 3 p. m. in honor of Mathews County men who gave their lives in military service.

Policeman Cleared In Shooting Case

Winchester, Va., Sept. 27 (Spl.).—A jury in Corporation Court this afternoon acquitted Robert Milburn, local police officer, charged with feloniously wounding William Dunn, while making an arrest here on July 12. The jury deliberated less than an hour.

Milburn testified that he fired toward the ground to frighten Dunn, when he refused his command to surrender in the course of an alleged disturbance on the Handley Campus. The shot pierced Dunn's leg.

Graves to Address Winchester Parley

Winchester, Va., Sept. 27 (Spl.). John Temple Graves 2d, Birmingham, Ala., will be the featured speaker at the meeting of the District G Education Association here on Saturday, October 12. This will be the first regular district meeting in five years, valley educators having canceled the annual session during the war years because of driving restrictions.

Rural Mailmen Will Be Feted Next Tuesday

By the Associated Press

The living and the dead among the country's first rural letter carriers will be honored at anniversary ceremonies October 1 at Charles Town, W. Va., where rural service first was inaugurated 50 years ago.

Melvin T. Strider, of Charles Town, W. Va., the sole survivor of the original group of five who conducted the experimental rural routes in Jefferson County, will be introduced to the gathering at Charles Town.

A monument to Harry Gibson, who has lain in an unmarked grave at Charles Town, will be unveiled by B. A. Winquest, of Washington, D. C. and Holderege, Nebr., president of the National Rural Letter Carriers Association, sponsors of the event said.

It was a remark made by Representative Randolph (D., W. Va.) during a speech at a national convention of the rural letter carriers that led to the national association purchasing the monument. Randolph called attention to the fact the grave was unmarked and suggested a memorial.

Senator Burch (D., Va.), First Assistant Postmaster General Jesse M. Donaldson and Randolph have been invited to speak. Postmaster Thornton T. Perry, jr., of Charles Town, will be master of ceremonies.

Page Youth Wins In 3-County Show

Luray, Sept. 27 (Spl.).—For the third year in succession a Page County 4-H Club member has shown the grand champion pen of hogs in the annual 4-H Club Fat How Show of Page, Warren, and Clarke Counties.

The latest winner, as announced by N. E. Landis of Front Royal, assistant district agent, is Eddie Gander, son of Mr. and Mrs. Henry Gander of Luray. He won with his pen of three Ohio improved Chester white hogs. His three hogs weighed 670 pounds, or an average of 223 pounds. The reserve championship went to Billy Costello of Berryville. Third place winner was Alvin Dellinger of Waterlick.

Page Spitler of Luray took second place in the Page County group, and Robert Modisett was third.

2 Boys Confess Burglarizing Home

Fredericksburg, Va., Sept. 27 (Spl.).—A year-old housebreaking was solved here today when police obtained a confession from two teen-age boys that they stole a camera and rifle from the home of Dr. and Mrs. Raleigh M. Drake.

The two boys were among four who recently confessed robberies of two other homes this summer while the occupants were vacationing. All have been paroled in the custody of their parents.

Sen. Byrd Fined $9.25; Failed to Renew License

Berryville, Va., Sept. 27 (AP).—Senator Byrd (D., Va.), busily harvesting a 650,000-bushel apple crop besides attending to affairs of state, forgot to comply with the Virginia State law requiring renewal of his automobile driving permit and was fined $9.25 in the trial justice court of his home county, Clarke.

Surplus Labor Disappears in Some Va. Areas

Richmond, Va., Sept. 27 (AP).—A general reduction of surplus labor in a number of smaller areas in the State was reported today by the Richmond Office of the United States Employment Service.

Areas covered by the report, which deals only with nonagricultural and nonseasonal trends disclosed:

In the city of Charlottesville and counties of Albemarle, Fluvanna, Louisa and Nelson the slight surplus of men that existed four months ago is disappearing as a result of increased employment and fewer returning veterans.

"While at present," said the report, "demand for and supply of women in approximately balanced, a shortage will prevail if expected demands materialize. In spite of small surplus of men, many jobs will remain unfilled due to the isolated location of some industries."

A surplus of only 100 male and no female workers is expected in the area by mid-October, the USES stated and added that construction and stone products industries indicate the largest demand for workers. Housing needs in the area were estimated at 620 homes.

In Staunton and Waynesboro and the countries of Highland and Augusta, the report said the surplus of male workers that existed in the area has disappeared as a result of expansion in demand, greater absorption of men into industry and decline in number of returning veterans. A shortage of 50 male workers to fill estimated needs was expected by October 15. The housing situation in this area, was also described as "tight." Permits for construction of 100 homes have been issued for the cities of Staunton and Waynesboro.

Martinsburg Gets Big Sewer Plan

Martinsburg, W. Va., Sept. 27 (Spl.).—Plans for a $900,000 sewer project in this city, covering an estimated 31 miles and affording service to practically every foot of city property, were laid before City Council last night by Mayor Paul B. Martin, with a proposal to submit the project to the voters on a separate ballot at the November election for a test of public sentiment.

The 31 miles would supplement the approximate 10 miles now sewered.

Council voted to delay final action until City Attorney Vance Sencindiver could check upon certain legal aspects of the proposal for financing through revenue bonds.

Mayor Martin said council had authority to proceed with the plans by ordinance but he preferred to have a popular referendum because of the magnitude of the project.

U. S. Buys Five Tracts For Camp Expansion

Frederick, Md., Sept. 26 (Spl.).—Deeds have been recorded in the county clerk's office for the sale of five tracts of land to the United States Government for use in the expansion of Camp Detrick. The purchase prices aggregate $34,800. A plat filed with the deeds shows the total acreage of the local Chemical Warfare Service post to be 657.10 acres

Charge of 'Reckless Boating' Faces Woman in Three Deaths

Cumberland, Md., Sept. 27 (AP).—Joseph A. Minke, regional game warden, said today he had filed charges of "operating a boat in a reckless manner" against Miss Neena Townsend of Frostburg, Md., in connection with a boating accident that cost three lives at Deep Creek Lake near here September 8.

Drowned in the accident were George H. Tarr, 40, Swissvale, Pa.; his 9-year-old son, Franklin, and a brother-in-law, Harold Rabatain, 30, also of Swissvale.

The three Pennsylvanians were fishing from a small flat-bottomed boat. Minke said Miss Townsend ran her power boat within 40 feet of the smaller craft and that the heavy wake capsized it.

Neil C. Fraley, Garrett County State's attorney, made an investigation of the accident but a county grand jury did not find enough evidence for a criminal negligence action against Mis Townsend.

A hearing on the reckless operation charges preferred by Minke has not yet been set.

Fulcher P. Smith, a member of the State Inland Game and Fish Commission, said meantime that the body would ask for a revision of State laws covering operation of motor boats.

"Present regulations are entirely inadequate," he said. "This unfortunate accident has brought the issue to a head. Something must be done, and the law must have teeth. The commission is ready to enforce regulations when it has a real law as backing."

Smith indicated the commission will propose to Maryland's legislative council that motor boats be licensed and that the law be worded so as to curb reckless boating.

H. B. Ramsburgh Is Dead; Headed Fertilizer Firm

Frederick, Md., Sept. 27 (AP).—Henry B. Ramsburgh, 59, president of the Ramsburgh Fertilizer Co., died last night after an illness of several months.

Ramsburgh served on the consistory of the Evangelical Reformed Church and held offices in th eLynch Lodge of Masons. Funeral services will be held tomorrow.

Austin Damenon

Charlottesville, Va., Sept. 27.—Burial rites for Austin Dameron, 87, retired Southern Railway employe, who died at the home of his half-sister, Mrs. D. H. Bonham, at Schuyler, were held this afternoon in the family cemetery at Burnleys, this county. Besides Mrs. Bonham, he is survived by two other half-sisters, Mrs. Maggie Hughes of Nelly's Ford, and Mrs. M. L. Gwinn of Alderson, W. Va.

Mrs. M. V. Dettor

Charlottesville, Va., Sept. 27.—Funeral rites for Mrs. Margaret Virginia Dettor, widow of George Mitchell Dettor, were held this morning. Mrs. Dettor was a native of Orange County, daughter of the late William Garrett Atkins and Elizabeth Moseley Newman Atkins, and was 80. Surviving are five children—G. Russell Dettor, Mrs. George Gilmer, Mrs. Inez Mayer, W. Towles Dettor and Mrs. Jason Eckford, all of Charlottesville.

Plumber Injured In Fall from Roof

Fredericksburg, Va., Sept. 27 (Spl.).—George H. Snellings, sr., about 65, a plumber, was taken to Mary Washington Hospital here today suffering from injuries of undetermined extent following a fall from the roof of a two-story building here, where he was working. It is believed he attempted to throw a large sheet of tin from the roof and that the falling metal caught in his clothes and pulled him off.

V. M. I. Club Elects

Fredericksburg, Va., Sept. 27 (Spl.).—Trial Justice James Ashby jr., of Stafford County, was elected president of the Virginia Military Institute Club of Fredericksburg last night at a meteing marked by the formal start of a campaign to help raise $1,500,000 for the VMI foundation in this area.

Two Wells Go Dry, Water Turned Off In Stephens City

Winchester, Va., Sept. 27 (Spl.). The Stephens City water system was turned off yesterday until further notice.

The action was taken by the town council after two wells from which the town draws its supply went dry and officials decided to hold the balance in the reservoir for emergency fire use.

In announcing the council's action, Mayor Lomax Parker stated that the condition was serious but promised that it would quickly clear up.

Parker stated that a third well started some time ago is now down 200 feet and has hit a "pretty good" stream of water. He felt confident that within another week the supply would be sufficient for town needs.

Approximately 72 users including the Stephens City school is affected by the shutdown but most residents of the valley town have visterns that they can fall back on, the mayor stated.

Annual Flower Show Held in Manassas

Manassas, Va., Sept. 27 (Spl.).—Boxwood, ferns and other large house plants were sold at the annual flower show and food sale this afternoon in the Trinity Parish Hall here. The event was sponsored by the Manassas Garden Club.

Mrs. Benjamin Jacobson and Mrs. Paul J. Cooksey are cochairmen of the show, and Mrs. Amelia McBride, Mrs. Frank Cannon and Mrs. John Cox are chairmen of the flower and food mart.

A committee from the Purcellville Garden Club judged the flower exhibits.

FBI Joins in Search For Ft. Meade Burglars

Fort George G. Meade, Md., Sept. 27 (AP).—The Federal Bureau of Investigation has joined in the search for burglars who removed two safes containing $400 from Fort Meade, it was disclosed today by post officials.

A clue was uncovered with finding of the two safes, blown open with explosives, in Howard County yesterday.

The safes were removed from Service Club No. 1, in the main post area.

Woods Calls For OPA End At GOP Rally

Wytheville, Va., Sept. 27 (AP).—Robert H. Woods of Pearisburg, Republican candidate for the unexpire dterm of the late Senator Carter Glass, today called forth "immediate abolition" of price controls.

Woods, speaking at a party rally at Carter Memorial Parkway, 10 miles east of Wytheville, declared that the OPA was "strictly a war measure," an emergency measured "designed to further the progress of a nation at war."

"It was never intended," he said "to be used by any political party as a weapon over the heads of the American people in time of peace. Th ewar is ended—not only is it ended, but it has been ended more than a year, and the time has long since passed when this administration shoul dexpress enough faith in the intelligence of the American people to run their own lives and their own businesses, to cause the Government to get its nose out of the personal lives of the American people and to let them alone."

Auto Titling Tax Proposed in Md.

Easton, Md., Sept. 27 (AP).—An automobile titling tax to increase the revenue of the State Roads Commission and implement a long-term road building program" for Maryland was proposed today by State Senator A. Raymond Marfel (D., Talbot).

Marvel said the next session of the General Assembly must find some kind of legislation "to assure good roads in Maryland." He said Robert Reindollar, chairman of the roads commission, estimated it would take 10 million dollars annually to finance the kind of roads Maryland needs, while the State normally has between four and five million dollars a year for road construction.

Marvel said Marylanders should not be made to pay a larger gasoline tax. A titling tax would provide enough revenue to operate the State police department and save the roads commission approximately one million dollars a year, he suggested.

Woodsboro Man Kills Self with Shotgun

Frederick, Md., Sept. 27 (Spl.). Using a 20-gauge shotgun he had borrowed to hunt squirrels, Thomas J. Stottlemyer, 40, father of five, shot himself in the kitchen of his Woodsboro home Wednesday night.

A verdict of suicide was given by the County Medical Examiner, Dr. B. W. Baer. Members of his family said Stottlemyer had been listening to a radio program shortly before taking his life and apparently was in good spirits. Funeral services will be held Sunday.

Chicago Livestock

Chicago, Sept. 27 (U. S. D. A.).—HOGS—Salable, receipts, 600; total, 1000; steady; all good and choice bogs including sows and stags at 16.25 ceiling.

CATTLE—Salable, receipts, 1500; total, 1500; salable calves, 300; total, 300; scattering lower grade grass and shortfed steers and heifers slow, weak; beef cows weak to 25 cents lower; other killing classes about steady; few loads medium low-good steers and mixed yearlings 17.00@19.00; common and medium grass heifers, 11.50@16.50; few good beef cows up to 16.00; most common and medium beef cows, 9.50 and 13.50; canners and cutters, 7.25@9.25; all medium and good bulls with weight, 15.00 to mostly 15.50; vealers 17.50 down; good cattle week's supply stockers and feeders at mostly 25 cents higher prices.

SHEEP—Salable, receipts, 2000; total, 2000; slaughter lambs and ewes steady; yearlings scarce; good and choice native spring lambs, 19.50, the top; two loads 80 and 84 lb. Westerns grading mostly good, 19.00 and 19.50 respectively; few medium to good natives, 15.00 to 18.50; 288 head strictly good and choice 149-lb. Idaho slaughter ewes with fall-shorn pelts, 10.00; well-finished native ewes, 9.50.

Baltimore Livestock

Baltimore, Sept. 27 (AP) (USDA).—CATTLE—Receipts, 75. Few clean-up deals active, steady with Thursday. Medium beef cows quotable 11.00@12.50; common, 9.50@10.50. Canners and cutters, 7.50@9.00. few shelly canners down to 7.00. Both good beef and sausage bulls, 14.10, ceiling; cutter common and medium, 10.00@13.50.

CALVES—Receipts, 100. Vealers active, steady with Thursday. Practical top, 18.50. Mixed lots good and choice 120-220-lb. vealers, 17.50 to mainly 18.50; common and medium, 12.00@17.00; culls around 10.00; undesweights down to 5.00.

HOGS—Receipts, 75. Receipts extremely light. Very active, unchanged at the ceiling. All barrows, gilts, sows and stags grading from medium to choice, 16.50.

SHEEP—Receipts, 75. Spring lambs active, steady with Thursday. Practical top and popular price, 21.00. Lenientir sorted lots good and choice 80-110-lb. spring lambs, 20.50 to mainly 21.00; mixed lots medium and good, 17.00@20.00; common around 15.00. Lightweight culls down to 10.00; slaughter ewes active, steady; good and choice shorn slaughter ewes with No. 1 health, 8.00@8.50; common and medium, 4.00@7.50; culls down to 3.00.

Virginia Acts As Diphtheria Takes 15 Lives

Richmond, Va., Sept. 27 (AP).—Health authorities sought today to curb the spread of virulent diphtheria in two widely separated portions of Virginia by extensive immunizations.

Dr. B. R. Allen, director of the State Bureau of Communicable Diseases, issued a request for immediate immunization of children in Franklin County, where the disease already has taken 15 lives, and the Peninsula health district has issued a similar appeal to parents in the Messick area of York County, where one fatality was reported in the last 48 hours.

Dr. Allen conferred with Franklin County physicians yesterday and afterward it was urged that the county, which has no organized health department, expedite the immunization of school-age children who have not already received antitoxin.

Dr. T. F. McGough of the Peninsula health district, said his office would make every effort to immunize all children of school age and under in the York County area in order to prevent spread of the disease into adjacent counties. He warned that unless mass immunization is effected, an epidemic might result.

Mild Flu Wave Seen

Baltimore, Sept. 27 (AP).—A mild influenza epidemic in the United Staes this winter was foreseen today by Dr. Kenneth F. Maxcey, Johns Hopkins professor of epidemiology.

The noted epidemiologist said "there is a high degree of probability" of the epidemic but added "there is no reason to believe that the disease will be any more severe than it has been during the mild epidemics which are known to recur every two or three years and with which the public is familiar."

Trial Is Set In Fauquier Slaying Case

Warrenton, Va., Sept. 27 (Spl.).—The trial of William Davis, Halifax County (Va.) Negro laborer, on charges of murder, armed robbery and burglary, has been set tentatively in Fauquier County Circuit Court for October 17.

Davis was indicted by a grand jury Monday at the opening of the September term of court, on charges growing out of the fatal shooting August 5 of Southern Railway Detective John Holcomb Woodson of Alexandria, and events during the two days following.

The man is accused of holding up the family of E. C. Musselman, a retired Washington policeman, and members of his family, in order to obtain food while he was being pursued by Virginia State troopers, Fauquier County and Southern Railway officers.

An appeal entered by Mrs. Eleanor L. Woodruff of Washington, from a conviction in Trial Justice Court on a charge of reckless driving, was withdrawn and Judge Alexander affirmed the lower court's verdict of a fine. Mrs. Woodruff was driving an automobile in which Mrs. W. E. Pattison French of 2546 Massachusetts ave. nw., Washington, was fatally injured last July at a Warrenton intersection.

Lieut. Col. Marshall Wallach of Warrenton, a graduate of the United States Military Academy and Cavalry School, has assumed command of the "Williwaw" Task Force, it has been learned here.

Under Colonel Wallach's leadership, the task force of 900 officers and men from Army Ground Forces units left Oakland, Calif., this month for Adak to test many types of equipment under the severe conditions of the Aleutians. Son of Mrs. R. R. Wallach and the late Colonel Wallach, he served 13 months with the Third Cavalry in the European Theater, and received the Silver Star and the Bronze Star.

Robert Porterfield's Barter Theater Players will appear in Warrenton October 11, to present the Noel Coward comedy, "Blithe Spirit." The players will be in Marshall on October 7.

Va. Girl, 18, Killed As Auto Overturns

Charlottesville, Va., Sept. 27 (AP).—Miss Ann Lewis Hicks, 18, of Meechum's River, was killed and her companion, Mangus Fitzgerald, jr., 21 of Crozet, received slight injuries when the automobile in which they were riding overturned last night on Route 250 about one mile west of Yancey Mills.

State Police said Miss Hicks was dead upon arrival at the University of Virginia Hospital here.

Fitzgerald received cuts about the legs, but was not admitted to the hospital. He was released under bond for a hearing October 4 on involuntary manslaughter charges in Albermarle trial justice court.

BARNABY

Ahem— Here's a five spot, Ed— Erase the board. And remember this. You didn't see me here tonight . . .
I didn't? Oh. Sure.
Any idea who played this trick on you, Mr. Golebrick— Hmm! He's fit to be tied!
Mr. Golebrick's response to our pictorial representation? One could hazard a guess, of course. But this much is certain— He knows more about your Fairy Godfather now than he did . . . Need I say more, m'boy?
Jack Morley

TODAY ONLY!
So that you may hear the Army-Oklahoma U. Football Game
KEN EVANS
and the NEWS
will be heard at
4:00 P. M.
instead of the usual Saturday 1:30 time.
WMAL
630 on your dial

Parley Expected To Drop Trieste

Plea for Freedom

Clayton Hits Tito Silences On Publicity

Yugoslavia's order shutting down the United States Information Service in Belgrade raises "the fundamental issue of whether the people of one country are to be denied access to the opinions of and information about other people," Acting Secretary of State Will Clayton said yesterday.

Clayton told his press conference that the State Department found it "very difficult to believe" that Marshal Tito's government really intended to deny its people this "basic freedom." To emphasize his concern, Clayton allowed his views to be quoted as a formal statement.

The State Department, he said, was drafting a note to the Yugoslav government, presumably protesting the shut down order and asking for reconsideration.

Retaliation Unlikely

Clayton added that the United States was not considering retaliatory action to close the Yugoslav Embassy's information services here, since such a ban on information would be contrary to American principles. He warned, however, that the State Department would have to consider whether to limit Yugoslav information work in this country if no agreement could be reached to reopen the American offices in Belgrade.

The text of Mr. Clayton's statement follows:

"I would like to make a statement to you regarding the reports which have appeared in the press to the effect that the United States Information Service in Yugoslavia has, by the direction of the Yugoslav government, been closed or discontinued.

"The Department of State has received word that the operation of this service in Belgrade was suspended yesterday at the request of the Yugoslav government.

Charges Anti-Yugoslav Activity

"In a communication to the American Embassy calling for this action, the Yugoslav government has asserted that the service was engaged in "anti-Yugoslav activities."

"The activities of the United States Information Service, as it has been called, have been the maintenance of a public reading room, containing books, magazines and maps; distribution of a daily information bulletin containing texts of official United States statements, speeches, and documents, including diplomatic notes exchanged between the United States and other governments, and representative editorial comment from the American press and radio; the holding of lectures on American life by American officials; the presentation of recorded music, documentary films and photo displays, and establishing of contacts between Yugoslav universities and medical, scientific, musical and comparable organizations in the United States.

"The activities are not different from those conducted by the United States throughout the world. The information imparted is only that which is readily available to every American citizen and to every free people.

Sees Freedom Imperiled

"While the United States Government recognizes that the Yugoslav government had the right in the exercise of its sovereignty to require the closing of this service, nevertheless we find it very difficult to believe that it really means to deny to its people the basic freedom for which the American people, with their allies, undertook the war against fascism. Indeed, it seems to us that that is the real issue involved. It is not the narrow issue of a reading room in Belgrade.

"It is the fundamental issue of whether the people of one country are to be denied access to the opinions of and information about other people.

"It seems to us that without that access to such information, there is perhaps little hope of understanding between nations; and without such understanding, it is needless to say, that the patient efforts of statesmen to try to find ways and means of maintaining for all time to come the peace of the world may be greatly hampered."

Prelate's Trial Set Monday

Belgrade, Sept. 27 (AP).—Archbishop Alojzije Stepinac, head of the Roman Catholic Church in Yugoslavia, will go on trial in Zagreb Monday on war crimes charges, it was announced officially today.

Bishop Joseph P. Hurley, of St. Augustine, Fla., regent of the Apostolic Nunciature in Belegrade, was in Zagreb today. The government's press minister said every possible facility would be offered for complete coverage of the proceedings.

Veteran Falls to Death From 76th Flor in N. Y.

New York, Sept. 27 (AP).—A 27-year-old Marine Air Corps veteran, said by a friend to have complained of battle fatigue, plunged to his death today from the seventy-sixth floor of the Empire State building.

Douglas Wickliffe Brashear, jr., son of an American Tobacco Co. executive of Richmond, Va., was an employe of the Grant Advertising Co. Police reported he went to the company's offices about 2:05 a. m. and telephoned another company employe, Miss Evelyn Bassett, to tell her he was going to jump.

Conferees Speed Up Treaty Talks, Drive To Finish October 15

Paris, Sept. 27 (AP).—The European Peace Conference completed all but 10 clauses of the Italian peace treaty today as it drove hard for adjournment by the October 15 deadline.

The 10 clauses, however, included three of a political nature on the big problem of Trieste, and there were indications that this issue might have to be shelved indefinitely.

At the end of this morning's meeting of the subcommission for the statute to govern the internationalized area of Trieste Soviet delegate Nikolai Novikov proposed that it admit failure and send the whole questions back to the Italian political commission.

Sees No Progress

He declared that no progress had been made on the fundamental problem—the degree of United Nations Security Council authority over the zone, the power of the governor and the role of the legislative assembly.

No action was taken on Novikov's proposal, but the subcommission's deadline for finishing its work is Monday.

Other commissions, however, accelerated their tempo to meet the timetable approved at yesterday's plenary session.

The Hungarian Political Commission adopted unanimously the final clauses of the projected treaty with Hungary relative to the mode of ratification, then appointed a subcommittee to study Yugoslav demands for a clause requiring Hungary to return certain archives.

The only two items remaining on this commission's agenda are the Yugoslav demands and a request from Czechoslovakia for frontier changes and authority to expel some 200,000 Hungarians.

Five-Hour Session

The Italian Political Commission sat for five hours without halt. Three hours were devoted to aimless discussion of an Australian proposal for creation of a European tribunal for human rights, which had already been voted down or withdrawn in other commissions. Finally it was disapproved, after Soviet Delegate Andrei Vishinsky recommended consigning it to "the wastebasket."

Then the commission adopted four articles concerning supervision of the treaty.

In the meeting of the Trieste subcommission agreement was reached in principle on the establishment of a free port at Trieste and on permitting landlocked Austria, Czechoslovakia, Hungary and Switzerland to use the port.

Yugoslav Kills Plan

But the effectiveness of this decision was virtually nullified when Yugoslav Delegate Ales Bebler declined to commit him country to give assurances of transit facilities to other countries.

The delegates then returned to the basic question of the powers of the governor.

The Balkan Economic Commission adopted the principle of 75 per cent compensation for Allied property damaged or destroyed in Romania, which had been decided upon three days ago in the Italian Economic Commission.

British Delegate H. S. Gregory estimated that the damage to Allied property in Romania amounted to approximately 75 million dollars, with 110 million dollars' damage done in Italy and 50 million dollars in Bulgaria, Hungary and Finland.

SAN

From Page 1

San Antonio River and the Alazan and Martinez Creeks. Since then, an elaborate flood-control system has been built.

The system, however, was designed to divert the flow of waters entering the city, and today's flood was caused mainly by rains directly in the city itself. Over 10 inches of rain fell in less than a 48-hour period, most of it from 8:30 p. m. yesterday to midnight.

The flood caught thousands of persons unprepared and stranded downtown. Theater crowds surged into hotels, already packed to capacity. They slept on lobby floors, in police stations and other public buildings.

In the lower portions of the city, scores were forced into trees or on to rooftops until rescuers reached them.

Many persons were dragged from the swirling water of the ordinarily sluggish little stream that threads its way through the business district.

The flood washed away an estimated 2000 head of livestock in packinghouse pens, aggravating an already-short meat situation.

Three Troopships Due in U. S. Today

By the Associated Press

Three ships bringing more than 5000 troops are due to reach United States ports today:

The Marine Robin, from Bremerhaven, is scheduled to dock in New York. The Chanute Victory, from Yokohama, and the Goucher Victory, from Jinsen, are due at Seattle.

Two troop-carrying vessels arrived at Seattle yesterday—the Frederick Funston, from Jinsen and the Hood Victory from Yokohama.

UP Man Acquitted in China

Shanghai, China, Sept. 27 (U.P.).—Shanghai district court today acquitted Walter Rundle, United Press manager for China, of a charge that he libeled Wolfgang Schenke, a German accused of spying in China for the Japanese after the Reich surrendered. He charged that Rundle "defamed" him by publishing the espionage charges made by the United States Army.

King Returns to Greece . . .

Associated Press Radiophoto

King George II (left), who returned yesterday to troubled Greece, shakes hands with Archbishop Germanos before taking off from London in a British plane

GREEK

From Page 1

to British military forces which have been in Greece since the Germans were ousted.)

Press dispatches today said that 70 soldiers and two officers were arraigned in a military court in Trikkala on charges of planning to seize a key point in Thessaly, where the government forces have been clashing with what it described as "outlaw bands."

Greek Communists renewed their oft-stated conditions for participation in a broadened government, but it was considered certain the demands would go unheeded.

The Communists' conditions included immediate withdrawal of British troops from Greece, the holding of new elections and another plebiscite on the monarchy.

Yugoslavia Rejects Note

Belgrade, Yugoslavia, Sept. 27 (U.P.).—The Yugoslav government today rejected a Greek note alleging that Yugoslavs violated Greek territory and accused the Greek press of waging a "provocative campaign" against Yugoslavia.

The Yugoslav note, published by the foreign ministry, said Greek assertians were "entirely unfounded."

It said Greece had offered no tangible proof that its borders were violated or that two Greek shepherds were seized in one border incident.

MEAT

From Page 1

meat offerings and other restaurant offerings containing decontrolled products as the major ingredient, such as fish, poultry and dairy products."

The agency said the new action will bring the price of meat dishes into normal relationship with the price of other meals. Price boosts will be uniform throughout the Nation, said OPA men.

Decision to grant price increases followed extended meetings with the restaurant industry, with restaurateurs refusing to show profit and loss figures requested by OPA. The industry argued that OPA is not a price-fixing body and that the rollback order was contrary to price control law which outlaws cost absorption.

In its fight, the restaurant industry formally notified OPA it would petition for decontrol of meats, setting "early next week" as the time for filing of the petition. The restaurateurs argued that under price control they have been receiving less and less meat.

Elsewhere on the meat front, Roland M. Brennan, District purchasing officer, scheduled a meeting in his office at 10 a. m. Monday, for stewards of the city's meat-consuming institutions. Purpose of the meeting is to determine amounts of meat deliveries to the institutions during October, 1944.

Brennan said the amounts will determine what quantities of meats and meat products the District may purchase next month through "set-aside" orders under the OPA ruling that grants such priority to the institutions.

He estimated the amounts would approximate 60,000 pounds. At present, he said, the District has meat supplies on hand to take care of its needs for the next 10 days to two weeks.

British Plan Millions For Rocket Research

London, Sept. 27 (U.P.).—The British government will spend 80 million dollars during the next three years for rocket research stations and testing ranges, the Daily Express reported today.

About 32 million dollars will be paid to the Australian government for a rocket testing range occupying several thousand square miles of the central Australian desert, Chapman Pincher, science reporter for the Express, said. The site of the range has already been selected, and the 1300 Aborigines who lived there have been removed to a national reservation, Pincher said.

NATIONS

From Page 1

said the Red army returned its vessels promptly, and suggested the question of restitution should be divorced from the whole Danubian problem to avoid the "catastrophe" of another winter's delay.

Winant said:

"The United States Government is in full agreement with the Yugoslav and Czechoslovak governments in deploring the idleness of shipping which might be used to alleviate the shortage of transportation required to insure the movement of supplies needed for the reconstruction of the devastated areas and for the relief of their populations.

"There is no question of their nationality. The United States Government is desirous of arranging their restitution.

"These specific vessels have been held by the United States military forces as an offset to American property which has been seized or nationalized and for which no compensation arrangements have as yet been made. . . ."

Winant said that the United States is not to blame for the failure to "restitute shipping." He said the "existing restrictions blocking navigation on the Danube" are the real obstacle.

He made the following specific proposals:

1. That commercial traffic be resumed on the Danube from Regensburg to the Black Sea.

2. That security from seizure be guaranteed to all ships, their crews, and cargoes.

3. That all Danube vessels (except German) be allowed to sail under their own national flag.

4. That adequate operating agreements be arranged between the interested states, and private shipping companies.

5. That information be exchanged freely on conditions of navigation and that responsibility be undertaken for river maintenance over the entire length of the river.

POWER

From Page 1

would eliminate the last obstacle to settlement. City Solicitor Anne X. Alpern said in petitioning for dissolution of the order granted the city that it was her understanding the company had made an offer "acceptable" to the union.

Members of the three-judge court indicated a similar understanding in granting the dissolution petition.

However, killing the injunction only resulted in ending a growing wave of "sympathy strikes" by CIO and AFL unions. Today some labor leaders showed disappointment that the strike was not settled.

OPA Sets Ceilings For Kaiser-Frazer Built Automobiles

Rounding out its price ceilings for passenger automobiles, OPA yesterday fixed list prices for the new Kaiser Special at $1645 and its companion car, the Frazer, at $1795. Both ceilings apply to four-door sedans.

OPA said in a statement that in fixing the ceilings it made allowances for "temporary hardship" in automobile production so that the new manufacturers could hope for a profit.

As with other list prices on automobiles, buyers of the new Kaiser Special, which is manufactured by the Kaiser-Frazer Corp., and the Frazer, made by the Graham-Page Motors Corp., will pay considerably more than the ceilings announced. The additional charges are for freight, taxes, handling and conditioning.

Pastor Returns Tomorrow

The Rev. George H. Bennett, pastor of the Lincoln Road Methodist Church, Lincoln rd. and Rhode Island ave. ne., will return to his pulpit tomorrow for the first time since he was injured in an automobile accident early in August.

Hope Dampens In Ship Dispute As Owner Balks

By Alfred Friendly
Post Reporter

Whether or not another strike will grip the Nation's shipping appeared to hinge last night on the authority which a "second-string" shipowners' negotiating team possesses to effect a settlement.

To forestall the strike, scheduled for Monday midnight, the Labor Department struggled yesterday to induce J. B. Bryan, president of the Pacific-American Shipowners Association, to join here today in conferences with representatives of the East Coast owners and the two unions involved.

But at the end of the day, all Labor Secretary Schwellenbach had to show for his efforts was a telegram from Bryan indicating he was not coming. Instead, two other PASA officials, Wallace L. Brown, secretary and Marion Plant, of its legal staff, planned to board a Washington-bound plane in San Francisco last night.

Hopes Dampened

This news dampened hopes for progress in getting a settlement before the strike deadline. Labor Department officials recalled gloomily that the last time Bryan left subordinates in Washington conferences—during the shipping crisis last June—they spent most of their time telephoning the West Coast. It was obvious they possessed no final authority and were obliged to get instructions from Bryan on each major point.

Meanwhile, admittedly because Bryan was hesitating, Capt. C. F. May, vice president of the AFL Masters, Mates and Pilots Union, also was undecided during the day whether he would come to Washington from San Francisco for the proposed settlement conferences. Last night, however, his union directed him to attend and at a late hour he was seeking air transportation to the Capital.

Already present in Washington and available for discussion are representatives of the second union involved, the CIO Marine Engineers Beneficial Association, and of the East Coast employers.

To Confer Today

Warren told reporters conferences would be held today and all efforts were being made to make sure that Bryan's delegates would be vested with full authority to enter into an agreement.

To this end, A. J. Williams, Maritime Commission secretary, wired Bryan that the West Coast shipowners must delegate full powers to Brown and Plant.

The commission had met with Schwellenbach yesterday afternoon and when the meeting ended, Williams sent a wire in the joint names of Schwellenbach and Admiral W. W. Smith, Maritime Commission chairman, stating:

"We must insist that you authorize Messrs. Plant and Brown to fully represent you for the purpose of reaching agreement. Another strike must be avoided.

"Important that you acknowledge this telegram by wire confirming that you will comply. By order of the U. S. Maritime Commission."

In San Francisco, meantime, negotiations continued yesterday between West Coast dockside employers and a third union, Harry Bridges' CIO longshoremen. The union's contract also expires Monday midnight.

Bridges is seeking wage increases and a safety code to reduce accidents in his organization's admittedly hazardous trade. The accident rate among dockside workers is among the highest for any industrial group.

The San Francisco negotiations were presided over by Nathan P. Feinsinger, special mediator for Schwellenbach. He stated yesterday he was convinced both sides were making a "sincere effort" to reach a settlement and avert a strike.

Of the two seafaring unions, the CIO MEBA represents licensed engineers on all coasts and the AFL MM&P covers deck officers on all coasts.

Large Increases Sought

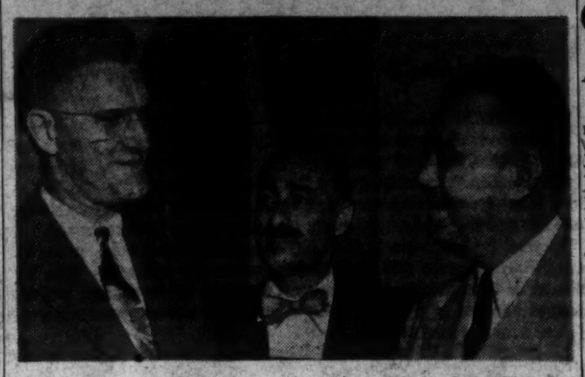
Both seek large wage increases, but it was hoped in Labor Department circles that a settlement could be made on a basis which would bring these officers' pay into line with the new levels for unlicensed and radio personnel that emerged from this summer's two previous maritime crisies.

In addition, the officers' unions are asking for union security, a higher overtime rate premium and improved grievance procedures.

Accompanying the MEBA delegates yesterday was Joseph Curran, co-chairman of the CIO-led Committee for Martime Unity. None of its component organizations are directly involved in the Washington contract negotiations, but Curran said that in the event of a strike, all CIO maritime unions would observe the picket lines.

Curran was optimistic over settlement prospects. He said that if the conferences here and in San Francisco were successful, there would be "peace on the waterfront until next summer at least."

Business Threesome . . .



Post Staff Photo

DINNER MEETING—Officers of the Connecticut Avenue Businessmen's Association who got together at the group's dinner in the Pan American Room of the Mayflower Hotel are (from left) Samuel W. Barrow, second vice president; Alfred Pasternak, president, and Theodore S. Grape, first vice president. A campaign was launched to get all Connecticut ave. businessmen into the association

CONTROLS

From Page 1

State conferred with Navy officials, urging them to release some of their supplies "to tide over the tremendous emergency."

Army Backs Down

The War Department meanwhile backed down on its original demands for one fourth of the Nation's present meat supply. Maj. Gen. T. B. Larkin, quartermaster general, said the priority order issued earlier this week had been scaled down from 15 to 12 million pounds a week.

The change, he said, would mean a 12 per cent cut in meat issues to troops, and will be made up by additional rations of fish, macaroni and dairy products.

Larkin added that he was seeking authority to present priority orders to all State-inspected meat plants in addition to federally-inspected plants. He also was considering purchase of meat from Argentina, Australia, Canada and other countries.

Buys for All Branches

Larkin buys, he says, for the Army, Navy, Marine Corps, Coast Guard and War Shipping Administration, and supplemental supplies for veterans' hospitals. Special priority on meat is being given for hospitals, he said.

At Cincinnati Senator Robert A. Taft declared the meat shortage would not have occurred had President Truman signed the first OPA bill. Taft added that the only immediate solution is to decontrol meat.

During the day Mayor Edward J. Kelly visited the OPA to "discuss restaurant and rent problems." Before leaving Chicago he promised "to raise hell" about controls. Shortly after his visit OPA announced it would soon grant higher prices for restaurant meat items.

QUIZ

From Page 1

border. Mexico has not built any part of it yet.

5. Central American officials encouraged the Army and PRA to build duplicating roads, playing one agency off against the other by telling each one its route was better.

6. Senator Homer Ferguson (R., Mich.), a member of the subcommittee which went over about 1000 miles of the road, termed it "boondoggling" so far because there is no international commission or treaties guaranteeing United States access to the road when it is completed.

7. PRA is now making a survey of the traffic along the completed stretches of the highway. Its survey will count the pigs, shoats and mules as well as automobiles.

The committee yesterday also heard testimony on the disposal of wartime surpluses abroad, the allocation of soda ash, "barter" with other countries and other matters.

At an executive session the committee elected Senator Harley M. Kilgore (D., W. Va.) as chairman to replace Senator James M. Mead (D., N. Y.), who resigned to campaign for the governorship of New York.

Air Mail Rates To Foreign States To Be Cut Heavily

Air mail rates from the United States to all foreign countries will be slashed around November 1 and a uniform rate for each of the five continents will be established, the Postoffice Department disclosed last night.

Gael Sullivan, Second Assistant Postmaster General, said the new rates will be officially announced during air mail week which begins November 1.

In an interview, Sullivan said a uniform rate for each continent will replace the present rate schedules which vary for each country. For example, there are now 17 different rates to South America.

Sullivan also disclosed that his office is developing what will be called an "airgram," a postwar version of V-mail except that the letter will not be photographed.

The "airgram," he said, will be a lightweight, stamped envelope with space on the back for writing and can be mailed anywhere in the world for 10 cents.

SURPLUS

From Page 1

that on February 12 he asked the RFC to go over the books of one of the manufacturer agents who sold electronic equipments—radio and telephone sets and parts—for the Government. With him in the middle, he said, RFC officials wrangled for months over whether the job was one for their auditing or their accounting section.

Auditors Finally Hired

Since Lieut. Gen. Robert M. Littlejohn became WAA administrator, Alheim has hired civilian auditors to do the job.

Alheim said Majestic Radio Co., another agent, hired an engineer named Nicholas Rhineholtz and wanted to put his salary of $1200 a month into the expense account that was charged to the Government.

Rhineholtz used to hang around the surplus office here, Alheim added, hobnobbing with old cronies. He said Rhineholtz asked him if he could get the same sort of job with some more of the Government's sales agents. His Majestic job left him plenty of time, he said. "It's up to me to cash in and make all I can while this program is on," Alheim said Rhineholtz told him.

Salary Cut Off Account

Alheim said Col. George Moriarty, of WAA, cut Rhineholtz's salary off the expense account.

Transmitter Equipment Manufacturing Co. as an agent of the Government, sold $40,000 worth of goods to Cuba. Alheim said the firm refused to give the Government its money unless it was given a new contract on its own terms.

Turned down, the firm at last paid over $23,000, Alheim added, but still is holding $17,000.

Cites Lack of Aid

Most of the time he was bucking these troubles, Alheim told the committee, his office had only a part time stenographer and still has no adding machine except one it borrowed. He explained to Chairman Slaughter (D., Mo.) that WAA is able to provide office machines for its agents out of surplus, but not for itself.

Griffin is a partner in Communications Measurement Laboratory, North Plainfield, N. J. He testified that nearly all of the 11 million dollars worth of Government equipment in his warehouses is scrap, and that Government experts said so last November. Ever since then, he said, he's tried to get approval for selling it, but nothing has been done. And the scrap has cost the Government $10,000 every month for warehousing.

Griffin said the useful things he had on hand would not clear over $100,000.

"We're not a laboratory," he complained, "we're one of the world's largest junk men."

Griffin said the Signal Corps B-19 was rated unsalable, but his firm took 10,000 of them and worked up a market among amateurs at $78.50 retail price. Acting for the Government, Griffin's firm sold these to dealers for about $45. But after awhile, he added, he found the Hallicrafters Co. selling the same set—for the Government—for $34.50 retail.

Price Cutting Starts

Griffin said other Government salesmen cut his prices on other items, selling for $27.50 when Washington gave him a price of $50, for $22.50 when his price was $75 and for $52,50 when his price was $90. This was not to speed sales, Griffin argued, because he was selling his at the higher rate, and the Government was getting the money, until the price cutting started.

Griffin told Deputy Counsel Herbert S. French that he did not get anywhere when he took these things up with Harold L. Naylor and William L. Foss, who were high officials in the electronics division here at the time.

The Hallicrafters' side of the truck deal was give by Vice President Lester L. Kelsey when Committee Counsel Hugh D. Wise called him in the afternoon.

Brig. Gen. James A. Mollison, who is in charge of electronics now, told the committee last Monday that one of the dishonest things he found was a memorandum approving the truck sale. RFC officials priced the trucks at $7500 apiece but Hallicrafters sold them for $4500. Months after the sales started, a memorandum approving the lower price turned up in WAA files. Walton H. Bostwick, assistant price chief, was suspended Wednesday after he admitted he was the man who put it there.

Had Right to Set Price

Kelsey told the committee yesterday that under its contracts Hallicrafters had a right to price the trucks without asking Washington about it at all.

However, he said three WAA officials did approve the $4500 price, just as the memorandum set out and that Hallicrafters had been able to sell 60 of them at that rate, besides 20 more the government of Peru was ready to buy when the sale was frozen.

However, Kelsey said he did not know anything about Bostwick writing the memorandum, but that the surplus officials have known since January that Hallicrafters was selling the trucks for $4500.

And finally, Kelsey said, that while cutting off his agency contract for cutting the $7500 price, the WAA itself has been selling the same trucks in St. Louis for $2200 apiece.

Democratic Chiefs, Pepper Agree on Talks

The Democratic National Committee last night reached an agreement with Senator Pepper (D., Fla.), critic of Administration foreign policies, to speak for the Democratic ticket.

Without saying specifically whether the committee will sponsor the speeches, Chairman Robert T. Hannegan and Representative John J. Sparkman of Alabama, chairman of the Speakers' Bureau, issued a joint statement saying they are counting on Pepper to be "very helpful."

Hannegan said Thursday that Henry A. Wallace, who was dismissed from the Cabinet for his foreign policy expression, will be invited by the committee to speak before Democratic groups requesting him.

Both Pepper and Wallace will cover much of the East and Midwest in October.

Pepper will speak tonight in Chicago. Some of his other dates so far furnished the committee include: Boston, October 9; New Haven, 10; Atlanta, 14-15; Brooklyn, 23. He also will speak in Michigan, Indiana and Pennsylvania, under tentative plans.

May Visit Five States

Wallace has set October 21-22 for appearances in Michigan and an aide said he probably will campaign in Pennsylvania, Wisconsin, Indiana and Minnesota. In each case, said the aide, it is expected that the former Commerce Secretary will appear under the auspices of the State Democratic organization.

Meanwhile, Representative Halleck of Indiana, chairman of the House Republican Campaign Committee, reported after a 25-State tour yesterday that the American people blame "strikes, lack of production, and inflation on the fact that the President has played politics with the radical vote at the expense of America."

"They have watched him play," Halleck said in a statement, "what seems to be petty ward politics with crucial questions of foreign policy affecting the whole human race.

Sees Public "Worried to Death"

"They doubt the capacities of a man who can conceive of questions requiring the most enlightened statesmanship and understanding in terms of 'trouble between Henry and Jimmy.' They are worried to death about these things and have lost faith in both the President and the divided party which he heads."

Halleck made the report to congressional campaign headquarters.

Halleck said he had talked with farmers, factory workers, housewives, white collar workers, small businessmen, labor representatives and corporation executives, adding:

"All of these people show a common anxiety and their dissatisfaction is a rising chorus."

Halleck also reported that war veterans are "the most disappointed group in America." He said veterans have come back to "industrial strife, bureaucratic encroachment on freedom, shortages, and restricted opportunities" and are "violently fed up."

Hospital Says Mother Steed's 'Doing Nicely'

"Mother" Steed, 82-year-old canteen worker blinded here Sunday by a baseball, was reported to be "much better" yesterday, although she had not regained her sight completely.

The exact status of her condition was not learned. Her doctor declined comment, although an official at the Episcopal, Ear, Eye, Nose and Throat Hospital said she was "getting along very nicely." "Mother" Steed lost the sight of one eye in France while serving as a canteen worker in World War I.

Mrs. William Galvin, executive director of the United Nations Service Center where "Mother" Steed devoted most of her time working with servicemen, was allowed a two-minute visit yesterday.

She said "Mother" Steed was "ver ycheerful," especially about several messages of good cheer delivered from a number of Walter Reed amputees and from Gen. Claude Ferenbaugh, commanding the Military District of Washington.

Mrs. Emma C. Steed, as she is known formally, lives at 1421 Massachusetts ave. nw., and is the wife of Joshua N. Steed, 84, a former chief clerk of the Adjutant General's Office.

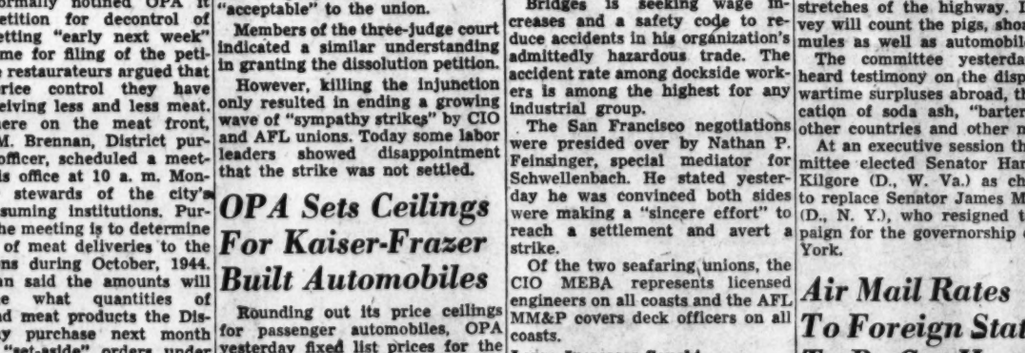
A canteen worker in both wars, she was struck in the eye by a baseball on Sunday while accompanying some servicemen on a picnic to Fort Kremble Park here.

Known to thousands of servicemen as "mother," many calls have come to the United Nations Service Center since her accident. Early this month, on her eighty-second birthday, she was honored by a large party of servicemen at the canteen.

Atom Movie Show

Three cartoon films on atomic energy wil be shown at 7:30 p. m. tonight at the Lutheran Service Center, 736 Jackson pl. nw. The program, free to the public, will be followed by forum discussion. The films are "How to Live With the Atom," "World Control of Atomic Energy" and "Up and Atom."

SUPERMAN


SLEEP TIGHT.
LATER...
I CAN'T BELIEVE IT!
EH??
IMAGINE YOU SLEEPIN' IN FRONT O' TLY OFFICE ALL NIGHT SO YOU'D BE SURE T'BE ON TIME! WHAT A GO-GETTER!
ME? (CAN'T REMEMBER PARKIN' HERE! MY MIND MUST BE GOIN' BACKON ME.)
TUG O' WAR CO.
NOW THAT SAM'S SAFELY EMPLOYED AGAIN, I'LL NOTIFY TILLIE OF THE GOOD NEWS.

Fate of 21 Nazis Believed Decided

Some Relief

OPA Removes Ceilings on Honey, Fruits

OPO yesterday removed price ceilings from imported and domestic honey, and a long list of frozen fruits and fancy grades of canned fruits.

On the other hand, the agency announced that price of pots, pans and other household items of cast iront and enamelware sold by mail order will go up 5 per cent on Tuesday.

Honey was freed from price control, OPA said, upon recommendation of the Secretar of Agriculture because changes to provide fair price ceilings would require too much work in view of limited advantages to be derived from continued control.

The canned fruits were released because of ample supply, OPA said, explaining they had been retained under control "only because they contain 20 per cent or more of sugar."

Among foods removed from control were canned and frozen rhubarb; canned lentils; canned peas; lima beans, asparagus, and mixed vegetables except those containing at least 20 per cent tomatoes or corn; canned and frozen plums, plum nectar, plum juice and plum puree; frozen corn, canned and frozen apricots, prunes, cranberries, concord grapes and grape juice, apples and apple sauce, peaches, and mixed fruits.

Also removed from price control were all types of vinegar and domestic and imported mince meat.

OPA said the increase in price on the mail order goods was aimed at keeping them in line with price boosts granted other retialers.

War Crimes Judges To Issue Decisions Monday, Tuesday

Nuernberg, Germany, Sept. 27 (U.P.).—The fate of all the 21 Nazi war leaders has almost certainly been decided, it was believed today as the international military tribunal warned that any person who discloses the verdicts before they are read in court will be severely punished.

The tribunal's decisions in the cases of the 21 Nazis who were tried in person, in the case of Martin Bormann, who is thought to be dead and was tried in absentia, and in the cases of six Nazi organizations, will be read in the Palace of Justice courtroom Monday or Tuesday.

The secretary of the tribunal said anyone who reveals the verdicts before they are announced by the justices from the United States, Britain, France and Russia will be dealt with by the tribunal itself or by American authorities who are charged with protecting the tribunal and defendants and preserving security.

The secretaries and interpreters who have seen the verdicts are being closely guarded.

The justices worked throughout today in a small room adjacent to the courtroom and had their lunch sent in, so they would not be interrupted. Besides deciding upon the guilt of each defendant and his punishing, the tribunal also must fix the method of execution—by hanging on beheading—if any are to be condemned.

The defendants will be allowed to see their wives and children for an hour tomorrow, instead of the usual 30 minutes. A defense attorney said the families had been ordered to leave Nurnberg immediately. The tribunal does not want them in town when the verdicts are read.

Under another tribunal order, the defense attorneys visited their clients for the last time today. The defense attorneys were nettled by the order, but conceded that the tribunal probably did not want to take any chances of arms being smuggled into the prison.

Mrs. Hawes' Funeral Rites Set Tomorrow

Funeral services for Mrs. Edith Duckett Hawes, Washington clubwoman, who died Thursday in Providence Hospital, will be held tomorrow at 3 p. m. in the Cleveland Park Congregational Church, 34th and Lowell sts. nw.

Her body will repose in the church from 2 to 3 p. m. Funeral services will be conducted by the Rev. Alfred Hurst, pastor of the church of which she was a member. Burial will be private.

Mrs. Hawes

Born in Forest, Ill., in 1876, she was graduated from the University of Toronto and later pursued her stduies in the University of Leipzig and at the Sorbonne in Paris. She was the first American woman to graduate from the latter university, receiving her degree in 1910. Mrs. Hawes also received a certificate from the Guild of the International in Paris.

From 1908 until 1911 she was head of the department of languages at the Sidwell Friends School here, teaching French, English, and German. In 1911 she married Francis Hawes, prominent Washington real estate businessman.

Living in Washington, with the exception of trips abroad, since 1908, she was a member of the American Association of University Women, the Twentieth Century Club, and the Abracadabra Club, of which she was second vice president.

She leaves her husband, Francis Hawes, of 2403 Macomb st. nw., one daughter, Mrs. Catherine Hawes Gunion, of Washington; one sister, Madam Myrtle Lalou, of Bucharest, and one brother, Dr. Franklin Duckett, of El Paso, Tex.

Two Posts Filled In 1946 Christmas Seal Committee

Alfred H. Lawson, vice president of the Washington Loan and Trust Co., has been named treasurer of the 1946 Christmas Seal Sale campaign committee, and E. Cleveland Giddings of the Capital Transit Co., was named head of publicity.

J. Austin Latimer, committee chairman, also announced the appointment of the following persons to the committee:

Mrs. Harold N. Burton, D. C. Dow, Dr. James A. Dusabek, Mrs. Norman Gerstenfeld, Philip L. Graham, Woolsey W. Hall, Mrs. O. G. Hankins, Rev. George C. Higgins, Mrs. Henrietta Hopkins, Mrs. Alice Hunter, Mrs. Gail T. Judd, Mrs. C. D. Lowe, Miss Martha R. McCabe, Joseph C. McGarraghy, Benjamin M. McKelway, Congressman John L. McMillan, Dr. Walter K. Myers, Edward B. Persons, Paul D. Sleeper, Mrs. William Van Vleck, Speros Versis, Rev. James O. West and Dr. Irving W. Winik.

USES to Go on Winter Schedule

Both the local and administrative offices of the United States Employment Service will change to a winter schedule Monday.

The USES will open at 8:30 a. m. instead of the present 8 o'clock opening hour, and will close at 4:30 p. m. instead of 4, for business with the public. However, the staff will work and hour longer on reports and conferences, according to Fred Z. Hetzel, director of the District office of USES.

Little 'Squatters' in Canadian Barracks

Associated Press WIREPHOTO

BEDDED DOWN—The five children of Mr. and Mrs. Samuel Nicholls make themselves comfortable in one big makeshift bed in the Women's Army Corps Barracks in Ottawa, Canada, after war veterans and their families—emulating London's squatters—forced their way into the building, September 11. The youngsters are (from left) Shirley, 11; Wayne, 4; Alana, 13 months; Dawn, 3; and Marilyn, 7

Woman Who Helped Try Japs Returns

Mrs. Grace Kanode Llewellyn, her job as a prosecutor against Japanese war criminals completed, arrived here from Tokyo yesterday.

Mrs. Llewellyn

She couldn't discuss the trials, because they aren't over.

She couldn't discuss the occupation, because "technically we are still at war."

However, in an interview at the Mayflower Hotel where she is staying, Mrs. Llewellyn ventured the opinion that "General MacArthur will go down in histroy as one of the greatest geenrals in the world."

He is doing "a great job," she said.

Believed to be the only woman lawyer ever to appear before an International Military Commission, Mrs. Llewellyn helped prepare the prosecution's case involving Japanese aggression in Manchuria.

Japanese Astounded

The Japanese "couldn't get over a woman being sent there to help prosecute war criminals," she said.

An indication of their thinking was contained in a Japanese newspaper translation she had with her. It read:

"In one room on the third floor of the former War Ministry there is the only American female prosecutor with gentle delicate features, which we least expected from a woman of such a profession.

"Woman as she is, her duty is by no means light. With a necklace of big gems peeping out from the neckline of her black dress, she carried herself so stylishly as to make her sky-blue pupils speak as fluently as her mouth."

Mrs. Llewellyn went to Japan in the early part of December. It was her first trip. Although her plans for the future are very indefinite, she wants to return to Japan because she "likes the country very much."

Graduate of National U.

She is the socialite daughter of Mrs. Albert H. Kanode, of 9703 Hastings dr., Silver Spring, Md., and is a graduate of National University here. In 1935, she was admitted to practice before the U. S. Supreme Court.

After several years in the State Department, she spent 10 years as a law associate of former Secretary of State Robert Lansing. Subsequently, Mrs. Llewellyn became associated with the late Judge Alfred A. Wheat when he was Chief Justice of the District Court.

First married in 1934 to Harry F. Vickers, a Detroit manufacturer, they were later divorced. Her second marriage was to Col. Paul Llewellyn of Upperville, Va., in 1939. She divorced him in 1943.

19 Are Killed In Communal Riots in India

Bombay, Sept. 27 (AP).—Nineteen persons were killed and approximately 80 others were injured during communal rioting in Agra, Calcutta, Bombay and Dacca, casualty reports said tonight.

In the Taj Mahal City of Agra 13 were killed and 50 injured in a Hindu-Moslem riot touched off by the stoning of a Hindu religious procession yesterday.

Bombay's casualties today mounted to three dead and 28 injured, in stabbings and stone throwings.

Seven men were killed and 14 injured in disturbances in Calcutta, and five cases of arson and, one stabbing were reported in Dacca, East Bengal.

October, normally Calcutta's gayest month of the year because of traditional Hindu religious festivals, is being looked to with increased apprehension by the people who fear new outbreaks of violence.

Miss Elva Dunkle To Retire; U. S. Worker 28 Years

Miss Elva Dunkle, Government employe since 1918 and a union leader most of that time, retired Thursday from the Children's Bureau of the Federal Security Agency.

Miss Dunkle was chief shop steward in the Children's Bureau branch of the United Public Workers of America, CIO. Despite her diminutive size and her advanced age, she took a leading part in the CIO's organizing drive in the Department of Labor last spring. The Children's Bureau was then under that department.

She was a member of the AFL's American Federation of Government Employes until the formation of the CIO group in 1937, when she was one of the leaders in the movement to transfer to the new union, and became a recognized leader of it.

Miss Dunkle will continue to reside at her Washington home, Ontario rd. and 18th st. nw., and expects to maintain her union interests.

Orders Provide For Dismissal Of Army Officers

New orders providing for dismissal of recently appointed Regular Army officers found to be unfit, guilty of misconduct or of "subversive activities or associations" were circulated yesterday by the War Department.

Nearly 10,000 temporary wartime officers who have received commissions in the Regular Army as well as recent graduates of West Point are subject to the regulation. The provision for discharge of unfit officers is in line with a recommendation of a board headed by Lieut. Gen. James Doolittle, which investigated alleged discrimination in the Army.

Dismissals under the orders must be carried out within three years after the officer has received his original commission.

The department also announced that after July 1, 1949, a second lieutenant will be subject to automatic loss of his commission if he marries within a year after commissioning.

There are 2796 languages in the world. The Chinese language, spoken by 488,573,000 persons, has the greatest number of users.

Aid From USES

More Injured GIs Seeking Work Here

More and more disabled men and women—now about 75 daily—are pounding their way into the District's two U. S. Employment Service offices.

That's according to energetic, warm-hearted Mrs. Naomi Mann, USES's employe specialist for physically-handicapped persons in the Washington area.

Yesterday she moved into new temporary quarters, Room 507 in the District Building, where she will be coordinating officer for the city-wide drive to promote the national "Employ the Physically-Handicapped Week."

This drive to increase employment opportunities for the partially-disabled was proclaimed by President Truman for the week starting October 6.

Mrs. Mann, who was known throughout Walter Reed Hospital wards during the war as "Mrs. Manpower," has served Washington's handicapped the past five years.

Sympathy and efficiency are her two strong points, her associates tell you. She understands her job because she is the mother of six children and she lost her husband eight years ago. He was wounded in the First World War and was a practicing physician here for many years. She lives with her children at 1509 Dale dr., Silver Spring, Md.

"I hope District residents will appreciate the importance of our coming drive. During the war our handicapped people were easily placed because the manpower situation was so pressing.

"But today, in a rapidly tightening labor market, employers have become more intolerant about giving the disabled man a break. It has me very much disturbed," attractive Mrs. Mann said.

Until a few months ago she spent hours each day talking over employment with hospitalized veterans at Walter Reed.

"Now they have promoted me to the administrative level. I sometimes wish they hadn't," Mrs. Mann said.

Lawyers Meeting Called To Ease Crowded Docket

All attorneys having jury cases to be tried in Landlord and Tenant Court during October were asked yetserday to meet at 9:15 a. m., October 1, in the Municipal Court of Appeals.

In making the announcement, Judge Brice Clagett of the Municipal Court of Appeals and Judge Thomas D. Quinn of Municipal Court said the purpose of the meeting is to discuss ways of easing the crowded docket of the court, where more than 200 cases are pending.

USES to End Job Applicant Segregation

Segregation of Negro job applicants at the District United States Employment Service will end Monday.

An order issued yesterday by Labor Secretary Louis Schwellenbach will eliminate separate lines for Negro job seekers, separate sets of interviews, double filing and other duplicate operations.

"Equitable treatment will thus be afforded all job applicants, with improved efficiency in the organization," Schwellenbach said.

Segregation by USES has been a target for attack by numerous individuals and groups, among them former Commerce Secretary Henry A. Wallace, the Washington Industrial Union Council, CIO, and the National Association for the Advancement of Colored People.

The Industrial Union Council saw in the Secretary's action "a major step forward in the promotion of Democracy in the Nation's capital."

The United Public Workers of America, CIO, also heartily indorsed the action.

Another organization which fought discrimination at the District USES and which indorsed the move yesterday was the American Veterans Committee.

Edward D. Hollander, president of the Washington chapter, Union for Democratic Action, also said his organization is "more than gratified by the action" taken by Schwellenbach.

Connecticut Ave. Business Group Plans Expansion

The Connecticut Avenue Business Men's Association laid plans Thursday night for two expansion campaigns—in advertising and membership.

At a dinner meeting in the Mayflower Hotel, about 40 members heard a report from Vice President Samuel W. Barrow, recommending the advertising campaign. Elected to assist Barrow in publicizing the association and its members were Lew S. Birns, Henry J. Zilliox, Kenneth MacKenzie and Theodore S. Grape.

The task of obtaining new members was broken down into several important areas of Connecticut ave., with these "block chairmen" appointed: 1100 block, Benjamin Zweben; 1200 block, Alfred Pasternak, association president, and Emile Beauvais; 1300 block, Joseph Paiano; 1500 block, Thomas Sheehan and Arthur Tilley; 1700 block, Olga Morosoff, and two blocks of 20th st. on either side of the avenue, Robert Doing.

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9 Ship Firms Ask CAB for Air Line Rights

By the Associated Press

The American merchant marine will suffer greatly from foreign competition in overseas trade unless steamship companies are granted permission to enter the air transportation field, the Civil Aeronautics Board was told yesterday by shipping interests.

However, the board heard Stuart Tipton, counsel for the Air Transport Association, contend that such arguments were "unsound" and represented a "defeatist position."

The hearing revolved around the petition of nine American steamship companies requesting that CAB open an investigation into the whole question of the participation by American steamship companies in foreign and overseas transportation. In the four overseas cases to date in which steamship companies have been applicants, the board has awarded routes to American scheduled air carriers.

No Decision Made

No decision was made yesterday on the new request.

Robert E. Kline, jr., counsel for the sea-air committee of the National Federation of American Shipping, urged the board to "reconsider and reappraise" its policies and grant the steamship companies an opportunity for a full hearing to present comprehensive evidence.

"It is common knowledge that a trade war is on among the principal commercial countries of the world," he declared. "And such competition is tough for our own American sea carriers to meet, particularly when they cannot compete on equal terms and where they cannot get into the air, if their passengers and customers so desire."

Chairman W. W. Smith of the Maritime Commission also told the board that:

Freight Follows Passenger

"You cannot lose sight of the fact that the separation of the freight and passenger business will leave our fleets subject to the possibly destructive competion with foreign competitors who are working their air and sea fleets in harmony. There is an axiom that freight follows the passenger . . ."

Kline said later it was estimated that within the next 10 years "between 50 and 90 per cent" of overseas passenger traffic will go by air.

Tipton, the only speaker to oppose the petition, said the Air Transport Association took the position the questions already had been argued before the board in the four cases appearing before it and "the board has decided them." He asserted steamship company applicants in each case had been heard fully and "every case resolved itself down to the comparative fitness of the applicants."

Merger Approval Denied

By the Associated Press

The Civil Aeronautics Board yesterday denied the application of American Airlines Corporation for approval of its acquisition of control of Mid-Continent Airlines.

The board announced the proposed shift of control was "inconsistent with the public interest and would impede the development of an air transportation system properly adapted to the country's needs

American Airlines had negotiated an agreement to acquire the majority of Mid-Continent stock with what CAB said was the "express intention" to absorb Mid-Continent into the American system, or to integrate the sirvices, operations, facilities and personnel of the smaller carrier.

In answer to American Airlines' contention that approval of the acquisition would result in reduced costs and fares, and lower rates, the board pointed out Mid-Continent was financially able to obtain new and additional flying equipment and would probably, as the result of better performance standards, eventually reduce fares. It added there was every reason to anticipate that, with a return to normal operating conditions, Mid-Continent would achieve the stability required as a basis for lower ton-mile air mail rates.

Makes Debut With All-Girl Band

GLORIA DUMONT,
pretty contralto from Arlington, Mass., will be a featured soloist with Phil Spitalny and his "Hour of Charm" orchestra in a special concert in Constitution Hall tomorrow afternoon from 3 to 5 o'clock. It will be the premiere of the all-girl band's new coast-to-coast show over CBS

Defense Hints Others Profited In Gem Theft

Frankfurt, Germany, Sept. 27 (U.P.).—Defense counsel for Wac Capt. Kathleen Nash Durant, accused of larceny and embezzlement in connection with the $1,500,000 Kronberg jewel theft, rested its case today.

The court recessed until Monday, when final arguments will be heard.

In closing its case, the defense attempted to show that Army requisitioning of such places as Kronberg Castle was inefficient, and hinted that certain unnamed persons other than the defendants profited from the Kronberg robbery.

Captain Durant, in less than a half hour on the stand, was questioned only about a charge she was absent without leave. She admitted that she refused to answer repeated calls for her broadcast over the loud speaker system in a Chicago railway station last summer.

Seafood Grill Workers Choose CIO Affiliation

Employes of O'Donnell's Seafood Grill and Restaurant, 1209 and 1221 E st. nw., last night voted for affiliation with CIO's United Cafeteria and Restaurant Workers Local 471.

Costs Force Delay in New Dwelling Units

National Capital Housing Authority has shelved indefinitely plans for 364 new dwelling units because of failure to get bids within the cost limit set by Congress, it was disclosed yesterday.

With the disclosure, NCHA announced 7813 veterans and servicemen are now on a growing waiting list for homes.

Hamstrung by the $5000 unit limit decreed by Congress on one side and by rocketing construction costs on the other, NCHA has advertised three times within the last 18 months for bids on the construction. No bid was within the limit.

An official looked up gloomily from his month-to-month study of construction cost trends and said: "It doesn't seem reasonable that we can expect to get more favorable bids at this time."

The projects thus stalemated were to be built on Stanton rd. near Alabama ave. se., 300 units, and a 64-unit addition to the Fort Dupont units on Ridge rd. se.

Only current success NCHA has had in its meager building program is completion of the 440-unit program at Lincoln Heights. Now 99 per cent completed with an occupancy of 279, completion is held up by lack of flooring material.

"When we can get the material, the contractor puts it in, we take over and the occupant moves in—just that fast," an official said.

The total number of dwellings now under NCHA management is 7878. Re-use temporaries totaling 952 are being completed in accordance with the District's agreement with the Federal Public Housing Authority.

War housing is being vacated by warworkers for whom it was built, and as fast as they leave, the quarters are taken by families of veterans and servicemen.

"Despite the fact that the turnover last year averaged about 30 per cent and on one property reached a high of 90 per cent," a spokesman said, "there still are 7813 veterans and servicemen on the waiting list—and it's growing every day.

"The appeals by many of the applicants are heart-rending."

NCHA Pays $227,833 To D. C. in Lieu of Taxes

The National Capital Housing Authority yesterday announced authorization of payment to the District of $227,833.37 in lieu of taxes.

As a Federal agency, the Authority is not subject to District taxation but it may pay "in lieu of taxes." It pays on its war housing an amount equal to taxes and on its low-rent housing an amount equal to 10 per cent of "shelter" rent.

Ranch Life Not Quiet, Rayburn Discovers

Sherman, Tex., Sept. 27 (AP).—Speaker of the House of Representatives Sam Rayburn is beginning to believe that Washington is safer than his quiet, peaceful (?) ranch near Bonham, where he goes to relax from the hectic Capital life.

While tinkering with a new power saw yestereday, Rayburn was attacked by a bee, which crawled into his right boot and stung him four times. Dr. Joe Ritter later found infection and administered penicillin.

A year ago, Rayburn fell and broke an arm while chasing a "contrary cow" at the ranch.

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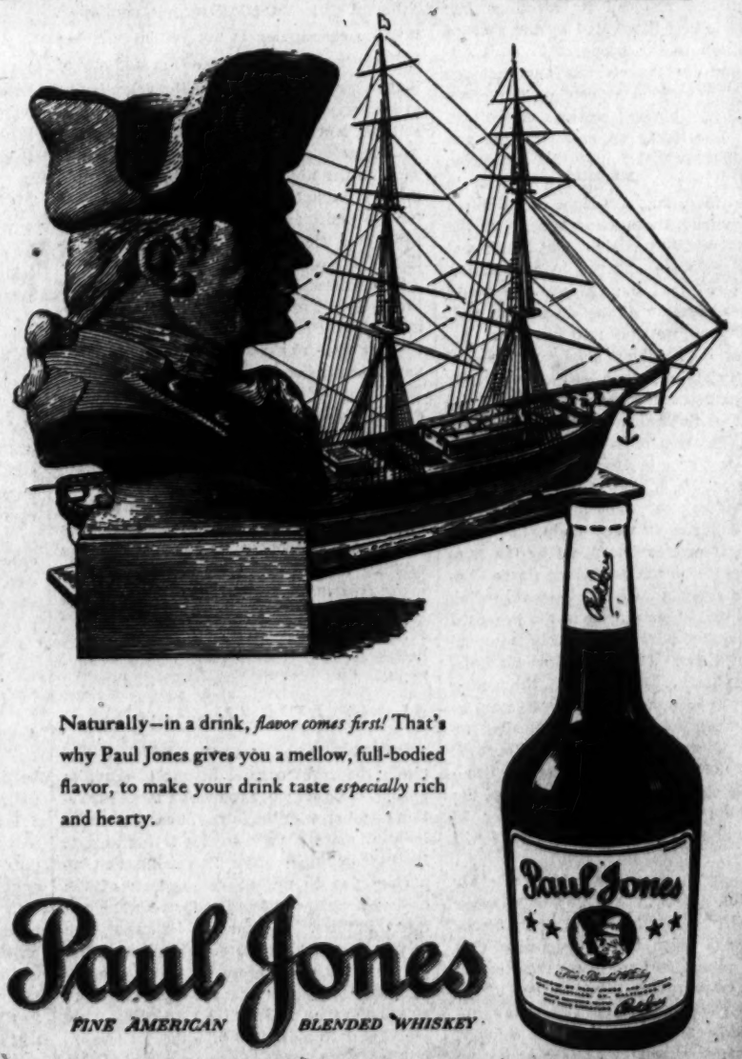

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Saturday, September 28, 1946

Six-Month Training

It is a pity that the War Department has been forced to modify its proposal for one year's military training for every American youth and limit it to six months. Apparently opposition in and out of Congress has led the War Department to devise this compromise. Secretary of War Patterson says he will offer the new program when Congress reconvenes in January. As an offsetting factor added emphasis will be put upon recruitment for the National Guard and encouragement of men who have completed their compulsory training to remain active in this present-day version of the militia. The plan should be less unpalatable than the parent plan to the educators and others who—unwisely, in our opinion—have been complaining about the interruption of education that would be caused by military training. Maybe they might now be placated.

Six months, of course, is not adequate time to train a soldier. But it is enough time to instill the basic rudiments of soldiering so that the trainees would not be wholly green in a national emergency. It is a long enough period for military authorities to weed out some of the misfits. Such training is not conscription. It is rather designed, as Generals Marshall and Eisenhower both have emphasized, to justify a relatively small, highly trained professional Army which will remain the nucleus of our defense. In the long run military training gets back to the principle that every individual owes a period of service to the Nation. This is a principle which Americans—whose talk is often long on rights and privileges and short on responsibility—cannot forget without disastrous consequences. In today's world military weakness is an invitation to war. Prompt enactment of a national military training law would be concrete evidence that Congress has the courage of our victory.

Nothing in the Patterson program is inconsistent with a revision of our strategical concepts in this atomic age, or with our support of general disarmament. Indeed, national training would be a demonstration that we intend to live up to our police responsibilities under the United Nations, and a warning to would-be aggressors.

Speed-Up At Paris

The change that has come over the Paris Peace Conference since the Council of Foreign Ministers resumed its meetings late in August is best illustrated by the absence of opposition to the proposal to limit discussion both in the commissions that are dealing with various aspects of the peace treaties and in plenary sessions of the conference. For weeks on end no right was more jealously guarded by the delegates, particularly those representing nations in the Soviet bloc, than the right of unlimited debate. Indeed, there was a time when the feeling was widely prevalent that Russia and her satellites were engaged in a filibuster. It was feared that the consequence would be the prolongation of the discussions well into winter and possibly into next year.

However, the readiness displayed by Secretary Byrnes and others to let the conference run as long as necessary to get the terms of the peace settlements with Italy, Hungary, Romania, Bulgaria and Finland ironed out removed the ground from under such filibustering tactics, if that is what they were. It also became clear, once the Foreign Ministers had begun to meet again, that each of them was prepared to stand by the commitment made on the eve of the Peace Conference to support every decision regarding territorial and other clauses in the proposed treaties that had been unanimously approved by the Big Four. There has been no violation of this pledge. In any event, the feeling has grown among the Russian delegation as well as among others that the speeding up of the conference is desirable. There is now a better than even chance that the deadlines of October 5 for the conclusion of the work of the commission and October 15 for the final wind-up of the conference will be met.

At a time when many are dubious whether it is possible to reach any kind of a *modus vivendi* with Russia, the record of the Peace Conference is reassuring. Some very hard blows have been exchanged by the Russian and Western delegates in the course of the weeks since the parley first met at the end of July. Even this week Andrei Vishinsky, Foreign Minister Molotov's alternate on the Russian delegation, used very strong language in criticism of the conduct of American fliers in bombing Ploesti during the war. If the Soviet government has any love for the West, it is very successful in dissembling it. Nonetheless, the conference has proved that, given patience, it is possible to work out agreements with the Russians. And while the peace treaties that are emerging at Paris are anything but satisfactory in detail, the prospect is that the conference will end with some agreements concluded and earlier than many had been led to believe.

Meat Panic

Democratic Majority Leader McCormack's demand that meat controls be suspended for 60 days was a brazen political move in a predicament which should be above politics. The forthright and commendable statement by President Truman upholding meat ceilings has to some extent lessened the damage. But there remains a split between the Administration and its leader in the House—a split which will cause further grave doubts as to the consistency of our anti-inflation program. The very broaching of such a policy as Mr. McCormack advocates only adds to the confusion which, in our opinion, is at the root of the shortage.

The country today is confronted by an anomaly of extremes. Apparently there are near-record numbers of cattle on ranges, and feeder lots are in extensive use; yet the amount of meat available to packers is infinitesimal. There certainly is next to none in retail stores. The shortage is increased by the Army's demand for 25 per cent of all federally inspected meat. The situation is becoming serious because of diminishing stocks of medical products derived from animals.

Several plausible reasons have been advanced for the dearth. In part it bears out predictions made during the period of no controls after June 30, when there was a burst of frantic activity to market everything that could possibly qualify as meat. Cattle were received unfattened. They were the cattle which ordinarily would have been marketed during the fall months but which were hurried to stockyards prematurely so as to take advantage of high prices. Thus some of the shortage is the natural result of the summer spree. Then there is the factor of deliberate withholding, which, according to some reports, is widespread. A concerted effort is evidently under way to force OPA out of the picture.

The result of the shortage, real or manufactured, has been a revival of the clamor to end OPA. OPA is being used as a scapegoat. The fact is that, aside from any insufficiency in properly fattened cattle, it is the conflicting policies and the doubts such as raised by Mr. McCormack about future regulations that are the prime factors at work. In the free enterprise system withholding is a natural reaction of producers who are unsure about future policy and feel that by aggravating the shortage they can force abandonment of controls and hence higher profits. The situation today is analogous to that prevailing immediately prior to the lapse of price controls on June 30, when we experienced a similar meat famine.

What is needed now is a firm, unwavering Administration stand indicating unmistakably that price control will remain as is and will not shift with the political winds. Mr. McCormack's intervention was a disservice to the cause. We hope that President Truman will adhere to his statement and make it abundantly clear to producers and the public alike that his policy will prevail.

Atom Commission

Atomic energy having once been released can scarcely be kept in a state of suspended animation. It impels us onward involuntarily upon an uncertain course in the absence of any planned effort to control it or direct our utilization of it. Two months have passed since Congress made provision for the establishment of an Atomic Energy Commission. But the commission is not yet in existence because the President has not named any of its five members. No doubt the delay is due to his anxiety to select men of the highest caliber. Nevertheless it is a dangerous delay. And because of the urgency of the situation, we take the liberty of suggesting again that there is available to him an obvious choice for the chairmanship in the person of David Lilienthal, who could be helpful in the selection of his colleagues.

The danger in delay is simply this—that the Army is continuing to shape the development of atomic energy and will continue to treat it exclusively as a weapon until the determination of policy can be put into civilian hands. Of necessity, the Army is making daily decisions, manufacturing bombs, letting contracts, establishing patterns of operation which will not easily be changed when at last it relinquishes control. It is driving pegs into the ground which the civilian commission may have to dig out later with its teeth. And, of course, its absorption in the military aspects of atomic energy, is needlessly frustrating realization of the peaceful potentialities of this great source of power. If we are going to harness the atom, we had better begin before it gets entirely out of hand.

Mr. Small's Alternatives

OWMR Director Steelman has taken precisely the right course, in our opinion, in telling the Civilian Production Administration to get on with the job of allocating scarce building materials and to stop trying to shift its responsibilities. The CPA still has an important job to do, chiefly because of the critical shortage of housing for veterans and their families. Considering its experience in the allocation of scarce materials during the war, it is better prepared than any other agency to continue this work for the sake of speeding up residential construction. It should not be permitted to dodge its responsibility. That seems to us unassailable logic, and CPA has advanced no good reason for resisting it.

The controversy between the National Housing Agency and the CPA arose out of fundamental differences of policy. CPA Administrator John D. Small, as his public utterances make plain, has been imbued by the idea that wartime controls should be relaxed with all possible speed. Consequently, he has been reluctant to cooperate fully with Housing Expediter Wyatt for strict channeling of scarce building materials into housing. When Mr. Wyatt has pressed for more positive controls, the response from the CPA has been that if the NHA wants the job done it should do it itself. Mr. Small seemed to be interested chiefly in liquidating his agency and giving private enterprise free rein.

We share Mr. Small's interest in freeing private enterprise from governmental restraints as soon as reasonable regard for the public interest permits. In this case, however, the public interest demands that dwellings be provided for veterans and workers returning from wartime assignments, and the only possible way of getting that job done is to set aside scarce materials for housing in preference to hot-dog stands, pool halls, stores and saloons. Both the legislative and executive branches of the Government have adopted a housing policy geared to a strict system of priorities. But the dispenser of priorities has let that program down by trying to close up his shop and go home.

That conduct merited a stiff rebuke—much stiffer than the censure implicit in the public statement of Mr. Steelman. Obviously he did not wish to overburden the National Housing Agency by transferring the allocations job to it. NHA is already carrying a heavy load in administration of its housing program. It could not, moreover, undertake to allocate building materials to commercial as well as residential projects without becoming entangled in the dual roles of judge and claimant. All this has now apparently been made clear to CPA Director Small. He has the alternative of dropping his premature liquidation efforts and swinging his agency into full support of the housing program or of resigning and letting someone else do the job.

Food For Germans

It may take months before the beneficial effects expected to flow from the recent economic unification of the American and British zones in Germany really begin to be felt. Even at best the arrangement is a poor substitute for the scheme of unification envisaged at the Potsdam Conference but nullified by Russian and French objections. Nonetheless, the Anglo-American arrangement is a step in the right direction. For the 18 million inhabitants of the American zone it will ultimately mean the receipt of semifinished products, such as steel, which the finishing industries of Wuerttemberg-Baden, Greater Hesse and Bavaria desperately need to keep going.

For the 22 million inhabitants of the British zone the first impact has already been felt in an increased food ration. This week it was announced that because of an improvement in the shipping situation in the United States, it will be possible to supplement food production in the two zones by foreign imports so as to give the inhabitants of the two zones a ration of around 1550 calories this winter. This ration is still only at the bare subsistence level; in July and August it fell to about 1000 calories a day and is now less than 1200 calories. The new ration also marks an improvement in the 1210-calorie ration which the inhabitants of our zone have thus far enjoyed.

Since the productivity of German labor in the two zones depends in no small measure on the amount of food available to the people, the rise in rations in the Anglo-American area, which will now be better fed than the Russian or French zones, should ultimately be reflected in a rise in production in both zones, and if this extends to the Ruhr, which is in the British zone, all Europe will benefit. Moreover, it will be an extra spur to general unification.

Labor Statesmanship

Wednesday's Gallup Poll published in *The Post* carried a unique application to labor organizations of Robert Burns' famed lines:

O wad some Power the giftie gie us
To see ourels as ithers see us!

Members of each of the two major labor groups, the AFL and CIO, were asked to list their main criticisms of the other organization. It is significant that while a number of the objections differed, there were marked similarities in several. Members of each organization accused the other of calling too many strikes. Though expressing the point in different words, each union criticized the other for poor leadership and, by implication, abuse of power. Both sides seemed agreed that there is too much direction from the top—though, of course, in the rival union.

These remarks cannot be cast off as mere antiunion caterwauling. Coming from union members themselves, they are entitled to serious consideration. Coincidentally, the conclusions reached by the union members are largely the same, we believe, as would be listed by the general public in a similar poll.

Introspection of this sort within the labor movement can serve an extremely beneficial purpose if leaders are wise enough to recognize its value. It is high time that union leaders began to consider legislation which would hold unions to responsibility for their actions. For a new law is bound to come, and it may bring the roof tumbling down on labor as a whole. The abuses are so patent and the nonunion attitudes so restrictionist that the present may be the last call for labor statesmanship.

No Shortage Of This Livestock

Letters To The Editor

Communications must be addressed to the editor and must carry the complete name and address of the writer, though pen names will be permitted at the editor's discretion. Letters of less than 200 words will be given preference, and all letters are subject to condensation. Contributors are limited to one letter a month. No communication can be returned.

Meat Famine

In the interests of good reporting I think *The Post* might go talk to housewives about that "meat famine," then go visit chain store butcher counters on Friday and Saturday when cases are stocked for the weekend.

Up to now *The Post* has been basing its stories about meat on what packers, wholesalers and retailers think and on what these estimable groups think the housewife thinks about the meat situation.

Last weekend at a chain store I was able to buy a picnic ham for my family for $1.64 and 2 pounds of bacon at 36 cents a pound. My neighbor bought a chuck roast for 34 cents a pound. This is midweek and we are eating the last of those items. (The bacon will last another week.) Yesterday at the butcher counter I noticed hamburger at 28 cents, fish filets and chicken—no great selection but still enough to finish out the week and at prices I can afford.

For the family that prefers fancy meats at fancy prices, maybe there is a "meat famine." Let them eat at restaurants, now boasting of a good supply out of "private stocks." A few weeks ago, with meat prices still uncontrolled, there may have been plenty of fancy meats at fancy prices at the butcher counter. I remember trays of sirloin at 79 cents, ham slices at 95 cents. (Hamburger was 45 cents.) It meant food or fantasy, depending on whether you were running your kitchen on $40 or $15 a week.

Perhaps my neighborhood is unusual but my neighbors have not been aroused by your "meat famine." They are finding less meat during the week than they found a month ago, but what they find they can afford and their husbands are not complaining at mealtime or on payday. Mine isn't.

MALVINE COLE.
Washington.

Airport Transportation

In reference to Mr. Law's letter in *The Post* of September 20 about the taxicab situation at the National Airport, I am going to list a few things that I defy him to deny.

1. The cabs in Washington have never had a cab stand at the airport and never have been given a chance to wait for planes to come in (except the Airport Transport cabs).

2. The franchise was given to the Airport Transport cabs before the airport was ever completed, and since then the Airport Transport Cab Co. (the same company that now operates the limousines) has taken the regular cabs off the streets, as the owners get as much for one load of passengers from the airport to town as they used to get for a 24-hour shift on the small cabs.

3. The airport is designated by Congress to be in Virginia, but it is Government property, and the State of Virginia does not contribute one dime for the upkeep of the highway leading to it from the District. That is Lincoln Memorial Highway which is kept by the Government.

4. The limousines run under the same licenses as the Washington cabs. There are no Virginia or ICC tags on them.

5. Why did the PUC allow the limousines to charge 75 cents per head to downtown Washington, whereas a cab could charge only 50 cents per head group riding?

6. Why is it that a person has to catch a cab from the downtown hotels and go to the airport or have to pay an extra fare to the Statler Hotel to get a limousine to the airport? Why for a long time would not the limousines take passengers to their destinations like we are forced to do. They would take them to one of the downtown hotels where they had to transfer to a cab to get the residential district.

Also Mr. Law says: "If there are no limousines then they (the airport) will put the people in a cab." The only thing I can say for that is that he better get on the job. As I was discharging a passenger last week a man started to enter my cab when one of the police (guards) took the man by the arm and said he would have to ride the limousines. The man told him off. Then the guard said: "If you take the cab, I cannot do anything to you, but I will have that driver locked up in Alexandria." HACKER.
Washington.

Six-Minute Haircuts

I concur in the letter of September 23 signed Barbardorieum on the subject of "Six-minute Haircuts."

The "clipper-happy" individual who calls himself a master of a trade is a poor substitute for the old time barber who took pride in his work and attempted to please his customer.

All men, of necessity, must patronize the barber shop, but we are not all college boys who want crew haircuts. I'm sure the men who are still in uniform have no desire to be peeled to the scalp each time they climb into a barber chair. A request for a hair trim—a little off the top—is ignored by the so-called barber who is of the opinion that scissors were made for cutting only paper and cloth.

How fortunate one would be if he found a barber who would devote 15 minutes of his time for the sum of $1 to the task of cutting hair. Such a barber would have more extra quarters (tips) at the end of the day, and I'm sure he would have a steady customer.

HAIRLESS JOE.
Washington.

War Talk

These are hectic days wherein everyone seems to have an individual opinion on the way to shape the peace. I assume that each of us is honestly trying to plan for the good of our country; for to think otherwise of any of us would seem to brand that person a traitor.

It is an unfortunate fact that those of us who are continuing to try to further the amicable relations with Russia which we gained during the war are labeled by some as Communists—yes, even as atheists. But those who, for instance, advocate the United States arming to the teeth "in case of war with Russia" are hailed and lauded as the true patriots of their country.

Up to now, I have tried, by asking questions, by trying to sum up the arguments of the war propagandists, and so on, to find out the real reason for the determination of a minority of us to fight Russia. If someone would show me, actually, that it is for our good to go forward with this fixed idea, that it will make us happy forever after and settle world affairs (to our advantage of course), to start the wheels of war turning again; that our men have been out of uniform long enough and should get going again; if someone can show me these things, then I, too, will start my arguments in favor of war with Russia.

But, until someone does convince me along these lines I shall continue to hope for a peace which our men and women fought and died to bring us. I shall continue to stand unafraid in the face of mutterings of "Communits" or "atheist." I shall never weaken in my prayers that our country may never know the horrors of the scientific warfare which must of a certainty be used against us if we are ever embroiled in war again.

Last but not least, I shall use every effort of which I am capable to obviate the agony of ever again being obliged to kiss my uniformed son and daughter goodby as they leave me for war duties.

MYRTLE MOORE FARROW.
Brighton, Mass.

Double Standard On Labor

The stream of invective which has been emitted on the subject of the maritime strikes is noteworthy for two things. It has in the main carefully avoided or mishandled facts. Secondly, it continues the attempt to impose on labor relations a code of morals and business practices to which no other groups in our country are expected to subscribe.

During the past two months business lobbies succeeded in inducing an acquiescent Congress to wreck the effectiveness of price control. As a result the public's pocketbook will be nicked this coming year to the tune of about four or five billion dollars. Individual items have been increased in several cases—automobiles, cotton goods, dairy products—by several hundred millions of dollars.

In no cases have I seen evidence that the increases were required to insure a profit; indeed, in several cases the industries involved were making quite reasonable profits before OPA prices were raised. And this swollen profit goes into a relatively few hands. We are thus forced to pay blackmail to those industries whose goods we need, and who cannot be induced by any other means to produce. Thus the meat industry did not receive the "cut" it wanted; as a result our butcher stores have empty shelves.

On the other hand, the maritime workers asked for an increase which would have exceeded that called for by the stabilization program by perhaps a few hundred thousands (I've seen no estimate of the amount in any newspaper). The affect on the average family's pocketbook is negligible, whereas the food industry alone is taking about $5 per week more per family. To achieve their aims, the AFL unions called a strike which for about one week made it difficult for many people to obtain food.

On the other hand, during the next few months many people will eat little or no meat and will have less dairy foods than they should; in these cases we hear only occasional weak references to the strikes of industry which are producing these results. Congress has set up a double set of standards; for labor, argue, bicker, strike and you might get all the money the stabilization program allows; for industry, tie prices to the rising cost of living, so that prices go up automatically as costs go up.

It should be obvious to everyone by this time that the workingman can't be expected to accept blindly codes of practice which are contrary to his interests, even though those codes are backed by law and the pious platitudes of the press. Recently the prohibition law earned the contempt of a people to whom it was an uncalled for inconvenience; do you think that they will stand quietly about while their standards of existence are threatened?

These strikes are not the work of union leaders looking for political capital; they represent rank and file reaction to rank discrimination. If the press (and Young Mother, who wrote on September 15) really seek to settle these disturbances, let them offer solutions which are economically just, not repressive regulations.

MORRIS SMITH.
Washington.

Calling Washington

By Marquis Childs

Swedish Politics

STOCKHOLM—The barometer of European elections since the end of the war has shown that the trend is not inevitably to the extreme left. That has been shown in some instances even when the voters went to the polls under the watchful eyes of Soviet occupying forces.

The municipal elections recently held here in Sweden followed the general European trend, but with typical Swedish moderation. The greatest gain was made by the Liberal Party, which went from just under 13 per cent of the total vote to 15½ per cent. The Communists gained less than expected, going from 10 to 11 per cent of the total. The Social Democratic Party, in power for 14 years, polled nearly 45 per cent, which is still 2 per cent above the vote they polled when they came into office. The chief losers were the Conservatives, whose party members are dying off and are not being replaced by a younger generation.

The most significant fact about the election campaign was the moderation of the Social Democrats. They deliberately played down the issue of nationalization of insurance and of the oil industry. This was in response to a feeling of deep concern for traditional liberties, which might be jeopardized by too great an extension of state ownership.

The Liberal Party goes very far in the direction of social reform—extension of every kind of social insurance, subsidies to provide housing for families with several children, and in many other ways. The programs of the Social Democrats and the Liberals are not so far apart, except that they split on nationalization and on the terms of the new loan agreement with Russia.

THE COMMUNIST campaign approach was similar to that which Communists all over the world have been taking. Their campaign poster demanded, with eloquent simplicity, lower prices and higher wages. The chief line was to exploit the embarrassments of the government, which is trying very hard to check new wage demands and prevent inflationary price rises. The present is a particularly critical time in this effort, since the price index is almost at a point requiring an arbitrary increase in wages of 6 per cent. Therefore, the Communists agitated for wage increases.

They were somewhat handicapped, however, by the fact that last year's strike of metal workers, which they helped to promote, failed dismally. After five months and an expenditure of several hundred thousands dollars out of the union treasury, the strike was settled on the basis of the offer originally made by the companies.

The direction in which the Communists here are moving reveals the typical strategy employed everywhere. Using any and all means, they would like to build their party by taking support from both the left and the right. Then, when both left and right fail to get a working majority of votes, either one or the other will have to turn to the Communists in order to form a coalition government.

That is the same tactic employed by Communists throughout Europe. Once inside a government, they have a position of strategic power, with access to confidential information which invariably finds its way to Moscow.

Conceivably, this could happen in Sweden's general election in 1948, but it's very unlikely. Some of the Social Democratic leaders have said that, if their party fails to get a working majority, they will refuse to try to form a government with the other parties. This would put the responsibility up to the right, which would be in a more or less impossible situation. It is far more likely that, in the spirit of reasonable compromise which prevails here, the Social Democrats and the Farmers' Party would form a coalition government. Moreover, the Social Democrats are confident that they will win a clear majority in '48.

HOW SERIOUSLY Prime Minister Per Albin Hansson's party takes the nationalization issue is a question. There are often hints that it is, for the most part, a stick behind the door to make private enterprise behave. Within the Social Democratic Party there have never been many doctrinaire Marxists favoring socialization for the sake of socialization.

In the left wing of the party there are those—and Minister of Commerce Gunnar Myrdal is one of them—who favor rationalization of industry, after the pattern of Sir Stafford Cripps in England, rather than nationalization. This implies a wide degree of control and regulation.

The Liberals, in their election campaign, and Liberal newspapers have attacked the regulations imposed by the present government. Many of these regulations have carried over from the war. As everywhere, the people are weary of the prolonged controls that restrict almost every phase of life. Yet, at the same time, the government recognizes the grave dangers in inflationary pressure at home and abroad. That is the dilemma of the party in power today.

Today And Tomorrow

By Walter Lippmann

Measuring A Policy

IF THE ISSUE before us were whether to oppose Soviet expansion or to appease it and retreat and surrender, the problem of our foreign policy would at least be easy to understand and simple to decide. Insofar as the Wallace-Truman-Byrnes affair has made it seem as if this were the issue, it has been a red herring across the track. For the grave and difficult question is not whether to oppose the Soviet expansion in Europe and Asia but how the United States can best do this effectively.

LIPPMANN

We do not yet have a satisfactory answer to that question, and in spite of what purport to be authoritative interpretations by correspondents who have recently been in Paris talking to Mr. Byrnes and his staff, American policy is not settled but is still tentative and in the making.

AMERICAN POLICY is necessarily as yet unsettled because the situation to which it has to be addressed is so unstable and so changing that no government, our own, the British, the Russian, is able to judge it finally. The proof that American foreign policy is not settled but is still in the making lies in the fact that our own Chiefs of Staff, the War, Navy, and State Departments, have been as yet unable to agree on the character and composition of our military establishment.

Yet if Mr. Byrnes knew clearly how, when, where, and with what measures, he was going to implement the decision to oppose Soviet expansion, our military policy would not be so unsettled. Therefore, I contend that those who profess to be interpreting Mr. Byrnes, and are saying that he has decided and shaped a fixed and general policy, are obscuring the problem and are interfering with the search for the solution.

THIS POLICY, as interpreted by Mr. Alsop from Paris and as advocated by Mr. Bullitt in his book, is that the United States should unite the non-Soviet world as a great coalition, and should support and strengthen it. If this is the policy, and it is by no means settled that it is going to be or that it can be, it is a bad policy. I do not say this because it worries me that Moscow will denounce it as a policy of capitalist encirclement. I have no objection to the encirclement of an expanding empire.

The policy is a bad one for quite different reasons. It is bad because it cannot unite, will in fact disunite, is in fact disuniting, the non-Soviet world. For the non-Soviet world is not all of it free, nor all of it democratic, nor all of it capitalist, and even in that part of the non-Soviet world which is ideologically nearest to us, our conceptions of freedom, democracy, and capitalism, are sharply challenged. If the United States attempts to lead an ideological crusade for our way of life, it will foment internal divisions in western Europe, civil war in eastern Europe and increasingly it will find western Europe including Britain drawing away from us. Indeed, this is already happening.

Thus, the policy of an anti-Soviet coalition is built on quicksand.

BUT THE WORST aspect of this policy is that is, as its sponsors admit, good only for a few years. Both Mr. Bullitt and Mr. Alsop tell us that the policy they advocate will work only as long as the Russians do not have atomic weapons. But a stop-gap is not enough. Is it not the essence of our task to reach a settlement with the Soviets before the dreaded day arrives when they have, in addition to their tremendous army, atomic weapons as well? How can anyone be satisfied with a policy which is to wait, grimly and angrily, until the Russians have caught up with us in the race of atomic armaments?

Stalin's statement the other day shows that he is quite well informed about this so-called policy, and that he has taken its measure. Speaking of the atomic bombs, he remarked that "they cannot decide the outcome of war." He meant, of course, war against the Soviet Union, first, because space is a considerable defense against bombs, so that in a big country it would be necessary to invade it in order to conquer it; second, that the Red Army moving into Europe could not be dealt with by annihilating the cities of Europe. For if our policy is to unite Europe against Russia, we cannot annihilate Europe in order to defeat Russia.

STALIN SAID also that there were two "remedies," of course from the Soviet point of view. The first is to end our monopoly by getting the bomb, and the second is to forbid the use of the bomb when both sides have the bomb. Stalin's confidence that Russia will have time to get the bomb does not rest, of course, on the solemn assurance that no one is thinking of a "preventive war." He knows that lots of people have thought of it. But the more they thought of it, the less they thought of it. Stalin knows that too. His confidence rests on the military fact outlined above—that, with the Red Army deep into the Continent, Europe is a hostage in Russian hands which excludes our considering a preventive war. Therefore, he will probably seek, and will be able to obtain, the breathing spell which his statement foreshadows.

The coalition policy, as portrayed to the world in the writings of Mr. Bullitt and Mr. Alsop, has no means of dealing with this situation. It is a simple thing to frustrate it by Russia's doing what Stalin's statement indicates she will probably do—that is, by taking a breathing spell. The policy calls for a defensive coalition which is to wait defensively until Russia has the atomic bomb. Stalin's policy is to wait, too, until Russia has the atomic bomb. When she has it, the defensive coalition, if it could be formed, would fall apart because Britain, France, and western Europe cannot let themselves be made the battlefields of an atomic war.

THE ALTERNATIVE policy, which I have discussed in previous articles, is not to organize a coalition and an ideological crusade, and not to get entangled and dispersed all over the globe, but to force the Russians to negotiate a settlement by concentrating our military effort in the eastern Mediterranean and our political effort upon the consolidation of western Europe.

Off The Record

By Ed Reed

"I hope he can't pay his bill—our dish-washer just quit!"

Atomic Bomb Trouble

By Ernest Lindley

Top Men Shun Full-Time Positions

PRESIDENT TRUMAN'S delay in appointing the five-man Atomic Energy Commission created by Congress last summer has been due largely to the difficulty of obtaining the services of a balanced group of competent men. The McMahon Act, creating the Commission and the framework for national control of atomic energy, requires all five members to give full time to their official duties. It specifies that none shall engage in any other business, vocation or employment.

Lindley

That this requirement would be a serious obstacle to the appointment of many men conspicuously qualified to serve was foreseen during the long debate on national atomic energy control.

The original Administration plan, drafted in the War Department and embodied in the May-Johnson bill, called for a part-time commission of nine members with a full-time administrator and a full-time deputy administrator. This plan envisaged the appointment of scientists of such standing as James B. Conant, president of Harvard, and Karl Compton, president of the Massachusetts Institute of Technology, and of industrialists or industrial engineers closely associated with the development of the Manhattan project—men of the knowledge of Dr. Charles Allen Thomas of the Monsanto Chemical Co. and Harry A. Winne of the General Electric Co., who later served as consultants to the State Department in the drafting of the Acheson-Lilienthal report on international control of atomic energy.

THE PLAN for a part-time commission was attacked on several grounds, but with special vehemence by many of the Manhattan project scientists of lesser rank. They looked upon it as a scheme for perpetuating control of atomic energy by the Army and Navy, particularly Major General Groves, wartime head of the Manhattan project. They charged that Groves was slated to become permanent full-time administrator and that a Navy man would be named deputy administrator. They feared that these men, instead of the part-time commissioners, would really make policy and control the operation.

It was criticized also on the broader ground that public officials should be full-time public servants with no special axes to grind. Wartime experience with some of the "dollar-a-year" men was cited to support this general rule.

The answer of those who supported the original War Department plan, embodied in the May-Johnson bill, was not to dispute the validity of the general principle but to point out that many of the men obviously best qualified by knowledge and experience to serve on the Atomic Energy Commission probably could not be persuaded to sever their present connections.

In adopting the alternative McMahon plan for a full-time commission, Congress sought to minimize this difficulty by setting salaries of $17,500 for the chairman and $15,000 for the other four members. These are high as Government salaries go. But they remain far below the level for top-notch industrialists and industrial engineers.

Moreover, for men in such positions as Presidents Conant and Compton, the financial consideration is not controlling, one way or another. They already have great prestige, influence and responsibilities. They could not readily leave their present jobs, even if they wished to. And they might well feel that they could accomplish more where they are than in full-time membership on a commission of five men. Certain other scientists of high standing who are not administrator-educators undoubtedly would prefer continuing their own research projects to membership on the commission.

THE ATOMIC Energy Commission will be able to draw upon the best qualified scientists and engineers for advice. But the full-time requirement has made it difficult for the President to persuade top-ranking men in these fields to serve on the commission itself.

The President, at the same time, has insisted that he would not permit the commission to become a haven for political "lame ducks." One retiring Senator has been proposed for membership and is reported to be under serious consideration. He is Robert M. La Follette, former Progressive and now nominally a Republican. Around Washington he is looked upon more as a professional public servant than as a politician.

David E. Lilienthal, chairman of the Tennessee Valley Authority, is widely favored for the chairmanship of the commission. He is not only a public administrator of proven ability with long experience in an organization which the atomic energy commission will closely resemble in structure but he was the chairman of the board of consultants which drafted the Lilienthal-Acheson report, which in turn became the backbone of the American plan for international control of atomic energy submitted to the United Nations by Bernard M. Baruch.

There are other men well qualified by general intelligence and administrative experience. But the President has had a hard time working out a balanced combination, especially one which would include men of eminence in science and engineering.

Europe's Revival

By Barnet Nover

The Need Of Cooperative Effort

A VISITOR to Europe these days cannot help but be struck by the sharp contrast between the appearance of the cities and that of the countryside in every land that directly felt the impact of the war.

NOVER

So far there is very little rebuilding in the cities that stood in the path of the fighting armies or became the targets of the strategic air forces.

Aside from Paris, which emerged with only a few scratches though a good deal shabbier than it was before the war, the grim evidence of war's destructiveness is to be encountered on every hand in the liberated lands and on an even greater scale in the heavily bombed cities of the defeated Reich.

Rebuilding on a large scale awaits a happier day when the materials, the manpower, the capital needed for that purpose will be available in far greater volume than is the case today.

Yet Europe has not stood still since liberation. Everywhere a measure of recovery has been made. In some places recovery has been greater than in others. But everywhere the pace is far slower, the volume of recovery on a much smaller scale, than the people so earnestly desire.

NATURE has been kind to Europe this year and it is in the countryside that the war's ravages are being most quickly erased.

In most parts of the Continent the harvest this year was bountiful in contrast with last year when, because of drought, lack of seed and fertilizer, shortages of manpower and machinery, the crops were the poorest in years. The result was that before this year's harvests were brought in 100 million Europeans were living on the level of 1500 calories or less a day, with an additional 40 million of them receiving between 1500 and 2000 calories.

But with all of Nature's aid and the hard work of the peoples of Europe, the agricultural output on the Continent is still well behind its prewar level. And that is even more true of its industrial production. What is even more disturbing is that the countries that have made the greatest recovery—such nations as Belgium, the Netherlands and France—are approaching a plateau. Further recovery depends less and less on what they do or can do and more and more on the recovery of Europe as a whole.

IT IS THIS circumstance that gives very great pertinence to the preliminary report of the United Nations committee which recently looked into the plight of the liberated nations.

Made up of the representatives of 20 nations it conducted a two-month investigation and made a series of recommendations which, if carried out, might go a long way toward helping Europe get on its feet.

The committee came to the conclusion that isolated and disconnected efforts at recovery by the individual nations of the Continent are inadequate, that the job to be done well must be done on a Continent-wide basis. To that end the report recommends the formulation of an economic plan for all Europe and the appointment of an executive committee to carry out that plan. In addition, the report favors the setting up of several special agencies to deal with such individual problems as housing, development of European power resources, expansion of coal production and so on.

HOW CLOSELY linked are the recovery problems facing the individual countries of Europe is demonstrated by the situation with respect to coal. The committee points out:

"More coal is urgently needed for rail, river and sea transport, for the revival of industry, for household consumption and as a raw material for the manufacture of certain chemicals."

Yet despite great efforts, supplies of coal available to European countries, despite imports from the United States, are far below essential needs." The combined production of Belgium, Czechoslovakia, France, Germany, Netherland, Poland and the United Kingdom," says the U. N. body, "was 57 per cent of prewar in July, 1945, and 72 per cent in July, 1946."

THE INVESTIGATION conducted by this committee and the report it has issued, demonstrates one of the great uses to which the United Nations organization can be put by its members. But the reception which the committee's report has had also reveals one of the grave handicaps under which the U. N. labors.

In a statement to the Economic and Social Council, the Russian delegate, Nikolai N. Feonov, took sharp issue with every one of the recommendations of the subcommittee.

He objected to the general underlying theme of the report. He said the report was basically wrong because it treated Europe as an economic entity and did not tie in its problems with those of the rest of the world. He argued that the solutions offered would destroy the economic independence of the individual nations. And he objected to the inclusion of the United States in the proposed executive committee.

Without the support or acquiescence of Russia and the countries that take their cue from Russia, the subcommittee's plan would have only limited usefulness.

Apparently, Russia is still intent on establishing in eastern Europe a monopolistic position for herself which means, in effect, cutting off that part of the Continent west of the Stettin-Trieste line from all but carefully regulated economic contact with western Europe.

At a time when Stalin's latest statement of policy has aroused hopes that Russia was changing her line, the attitude Russia is displaying in the Social and Economic Council is anything but encouraging.

M'Arthur Denies Formosa Raid Could Have Saved Clark Field

By Russell Brines

Tokyo, Sept. 27 (AP).—The long-undercover controversy over destruction of American planes on the ground in the Philippines on the first day of the war prompted a statement today from General MacArthur, who declared he never had heard of a proposal to bomb Formosa preventively—and that the Air Force was doomed anyway.

In any event, MacArthur said, a raid on Formosa could not have succeeded, and "the over-all strategic mission of the Philippines command was to defend the Philippines, not to initiate outside attack."

MacArthur broke his silence of nearly five years on the much-discussed incident of December 8, 1941 (Philippines Time), in response to assertions contained in a newly published book, "The Brereton Diaries," by Lieut. Gen. Lewis H. Brereton, who then commanded U. S. Air Forces in the Philippines.

Asserts He Sought Attack

According to excerpts received in Tokyo, Brereton wrote that he asked Lieut. Gen. Richard K. Sutherland, MacArthur's chief of staff, for permission to attack Formosa, but that authorization was withheld so long his small force of available bombers were destroyed on the ground by a Japanese air raid on Clark Field, 90 miles north of Manila.

Correspondents in Manila at the time (including this reporter) were informed that the American planes had been up on patrol once on December 8 and had landed to refuel when the Japanese struck—from Formosa.

Asked for comment on the Brereton book, General MacArthur, now Supreme Commander of Allied-occupied Japan, issued a 400-word statement.

"General Brereton never recommended an attack on Formosa to me and I know nothing of such a recommendation having been made . . . it must have been of a most nebulous and superficial character, as no official record exists of it at headquarters," MacArthur stated.

He added that such a proposal, "if intended seriously, should certainly have been made to me in person by him," and that in all the ensuing time Brereton never had mentioned it.

MacArthur expressed the opinion that heavily-defended Formosa could not have been attacked successfully without fighter support, which distance prevented, and that "in the short interval of time involved it is doubtful that an attack could have been set up and mounted before the enemy's arrival."

(A Japanese participant in the Clark Field raid told this correspondent after the war that catching the American planes on the field was luck, as the mission had been delayed due to fog, and if run on schedule might have found American fighters in the air.)

MacArthur pointed out that the Japanese did have fighter support because they had aircraft carriers.

Besides, he said, he had ordered the B-17 heavy bombers withdrawn to Mindano several days before, and 18 of them, which he said was half the force, actually had withdrawn.

Arnold Says Three Fourths Lost

The annual report of Gen. H. H. Arnold, then commanding all U. S. Air Forces, said three fourths of the B-17s in the Philippines were lost on the ground at Clark Field.

In any case, the number of available planes was admittedly small, and MacArthur's statement pointed out:

"Our air forces in the Philippines, containing many antiquated models, were hardly more than a token force . . . They were hopelessly outnumbered and never had a chance of winning. They were completely overwhelmed by the enemy's superior forces. They did everything possible within their limited resources."

In conclusion, MacArthur declared that "tactical handling of his (Brereton's) air force, including all measures for protection of his planes on the ground, was entirely in his own hands," but, "I attach no blame to General Brereton or other members of the command for the incidents of battle.

"Nothing could have saved the day for them. They lost, but with no discredit."

Illinois Pastor to Speak

The Rev. Emory W. Luccock, minister of the First Presbyterian Church of Evanston, Ill., will speak on the Church of the Air program over station WTOP tomorrow at 11 a. m. His topic is "I Can Do As I Please."

Grin and Bear It

By Lichty

"Do you want to make him afraid of the dark, Otis?—telling him the night is full of goblins and relatives!"

The Washington Merry-Go-Round

By Drew Pearson

THE Administration has decided to wait out what it considers the most effective and subtle political squeeze play the Republicans have pulled so far—the squeeze on meat.

That was behind Secretary of Agriculture Anderson's radio broadcast from New Mexico announcing that meat prices would not be decontrolled. Anderson, a cattle raiser himself, knows the inside of the cattle game, and he also knows its politics.

He knows, among other things, that every big cattle rancher in the Far West is either a Republican or a conservative Democrat. He also knows that the feed-lot farmers of Iowa, Illinois, Kansas, and the Middle West are now predominantly Republican. As a result, Anderson and other Administration leaders are convinced the squeeze is on to keep cattle off the markets until after the November elections or until Washington yells "uncle" and removes OPA ceilings on meat.

Ordinarily this is the time of year when cattle moves off the ranges to Eastern markets. Grass begins to get scarce now and ranchers can't profitably keep their cattle much longer. In Montana, winter temperatures fall to below freezing and the feeding of big herds all winter is financially hazardous.

Cattle Sit Down

HOWEVER, word which Agriculture Department experts get from the cattle country is that big ranchers will keep just as much stock on hand as possible—until after elections. They will have to ship some, but part will go to Midwest feed-lot farmers who fatten cattle on grain, and who, in view of the bumper corn crop, should be able to hold cattle away from the packing plants at least until after election day.

However, they will have to sell some time, and the Administration has decided that it can play the same waiting game as Republican cattlemen and farmers.

When it comes to pork, rather than beef, the situation is somewhat different. Hog raisers have found they can't fatten hogs much longer than six months without losing money. A hog increases in weight rapidly up to six months, after which he hits a point of diminishing returns. So hog farmers won't hold back as long as the cattlemen.

However, since there is a serious shortage of pork, it will take some time to make up the deficit and the housewife will still have a hard time buying bacon.

All in all, the beef and pork prospect doesn't look too bright—at least until winter. Secretary Anderson figures that if cattlemen finally are convinced the Government will not decontrol meat, they will begin shipping shortly after elections. But if they can just hold off until after elections, cattlemen hope they won't have to worry about the Truman Administration's price-control policies much longer.

Wallace's Next Move

HOTTEST political question around Washington is: "What will Henry Wallace do now?" The answer is to be found in a series of backstage moves occurring immediately after he abruptly turned in his resignation—on request.

Though unpublicized, it was President Truman himself who sent out word last weekend that Wallace was to make no speeches under the auspices of the Democratic National Committee. That was why Bob Hannegan, Mayor Ed Kelly of Chicago, House Majority Leader John McCormack, and Democratic Congressional Campaign Chairman John Sparkman read Wallace out of the party. Immediately the fireworks started.

Democratic bigwigs from at least ten States bombarded Wallace's office with pleas that he prop up their shaky political chances with personal appearances and speeches. In each case, Wallace and his adroit political adviser, Harold Young, referred the calls to the Democratic National Committee.

This in turn touched off a bonfire at the feet of party leaders. As State committeemen yelled for Wallace, Hannegan and Sparkman finally appealed to the White House. A quick calculation showed that the States which were yelling loudest for Wallace had the not-to-be-sneezed-at total of over 474 delegates to the next Democratic Convention—almost enough to nominate a candidate for President.

That was why Truman yielded. That was also why Hannegan and Sparkman both did neat flip-flops, issuing new statements welcoming Wallace back as a speaker. Result: Wallace will make ten speeches between October 15 and November 5 in Pennsylvania, Indiana, Ohio, New York, New Jersey and Illinois.

Wallace will not discuss the peace issue in these speeches. But once the election's over, he's going to work on the foreign-policy question with a vengeance, will write a new book on foreign policy, plans to speak in every one of the 48 States. In the course of this tour, he will break down and analyze Truman policy and charge that it conflicts with Roosevelt policy.

Naturally, Wallace will encounter hundreds of important Democrats, many of them delegates to the next Democratic convention. Should his idea catch on, there is no question but that he will be a candidate in 1948.

Note—Wallace will not try his hand as a radio commentator, nor as a columnist. Though sometimes branded a "starry-eyed dreamer," Wallace has plenty of money, is making about $60,000 yearly from hybrid corn which he developed many years ago.

Capital Chaff

GENERAL Eisenhower was advised by doctors to go to Europe on the Queen Mary rather than by air. He has not been well and needs the rest . . . Credit TWA and Assistant Postmaster Gael Sullivan with pioneering the new flying postoffice. It sorts out mail in the air just as in the railroad mail car, saving several hours at the airport post offices . . . Republicans in Miami have so much money to spend to try to elect Norman Curtis to Congress they are even putting up Curtis billboards outside his district. Democratic Miami, however, still will elect Marine Corps veteran George Smathers . . . Chicago Herald-American publisher Merrill Meigs, who did so much to push airplane production in the War Production Board, got a long-deserved Medal of Merit from Secretary of War Patterson the other day . . . Secretary Patterson has been urging Winthrop Rockefeller to publish his report on helping GIs who have become veterans. Patterson has passed the report on to General Bradley of the Veterans Administration, and to General Erskine in the Labor Department . . . Remarked Admiral "Jerry" Land, former head of the Maritime Commission, apropos of the Henry Kaiser investigation: "The American people have short memories. They forget that Kaiser had one of the best shipbuilding records of the war. If it hadn't been for those 50 baby flattops he built, I don't know where we'd been."

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98 Head of Cattle Bring $14,065 at Sale

Orange, Va., Sept. 27 (Spl.).—Forty-nine head of cattle, 47 cows and 2 bulls, sold for a total of $14,065 at the annual Jersey consignment sale held yesterday at the sale pavilion of the experimental farm.

One bull, consigned by Cleveland Farm, was bought by W. G. Anderson of Dolphin, for $364, and the other consigned by Wyatt A. Williams of Orange, was bought by R. F. Hill 3d, for $430.

The highest cow, consigned by J. S. Andrews of Orange, was bought by R. W. Kash, jr. of Lynchburg, for $575.

The Gallup Poll

Public Shows Some Cooling Off Toward Britain in Past Year

By George Gallup

Director, American Institute of Public Opinion

Princeton, N. J., Sept. 27.—Henry A. Wallace's recent critical remarks about Britain raise the question of whether the people in the United States feel more friendly or less friendly toward Britain today than a year ago.

The truth is that the plain people in the United States have shown a marked cooling off toward Russia, our ally in World War II, and also some cooling off toward our other major European ally, Britain.

About 6 in 10 say they feel less friendly toward Russia than they did a year ago when the war ended. Three in 10 say they feel less friendly toward Britain than they did a year ago.

This is probably a natural post-war phenomenon, for the same trends can be found in Britain, when people are asked about their feelings toward United States and Russia.

In measuring sentiment in the United States, the Institute had field reporters in all parts of the Nation ask a representative sample of voters this question:

Are your feelings toward Britain more friendly or less friendly than they were a year ago?

Americans Feel Toward Britain	
More friendly	8%
About the same	53
Less friendly	30
No opinion	9

When the same question is asked about Russia, the replies add up as follows:

Americans Feel Toward Russia	
More friendly	2%
About the same	28
Less friendly	62
No opinion	8

Opinion in Britain	
In Britain, the same general cooling off was found when the same question was asked by the British Institute of Public Opinion of a cross-section of British voters:	
British Feel Toward Russia	**Today**
More friendly	8%
About the same	41
Less friendly	41
No opinion	10
British Feel Toward U. S.	
More friendly	11%
About the same	51
Less friendly	33
No opinion	6

Parkside Head to Lead Sherwood P-TA Forum

Miss C. Mabel Smith, principal of the Parkside School, will lead discussion on "Education Through Living" at the meeting of the Sherwood Parent-Teacher Association at the Sherwood School, October 8 at 8 p. m.

Miss Smith was formerly connected with the Houston (Tex.) school system and was a member of the faculty of the curriculum department of Teacher's College, Columbia University.

England Plans Controls Similar to SEC in U. S.

London, Sept. 27 (AP).—A Board of Trade spokesman announced tonight the government plans to institute sweeping changes that would bring company control and financial structure under a scrutiny similar to that exercised in the United States by the Securities and Exchange Commission.

Whether the changes will be recommended immediately depends upon the problem of legislation before the Parliament session opening October 8.

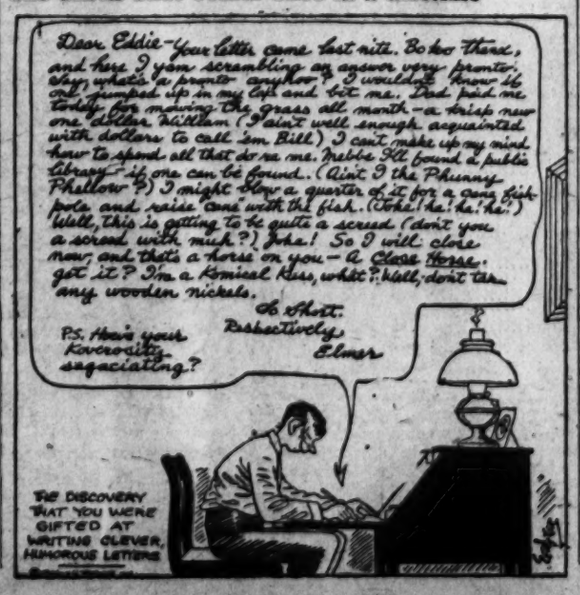
Blanton to Head Group On New State Building

Richmond, Va., Sept. 27 (AP).—State Senator John S. Blanton of Charlottesville, today was elected chairman of the State Commission appointed by Governor Tuck to select a site and inaugurate the building of a new State office building, at an organizational meeting held here.

Delegate Howard H. Adams of Eastville, was named vice chairman.

The commission will have full authority over the choice of a site for the new one million dollar structure authorized by the General Assembly, and also will supervise the actual planning and construction of the building.

The Thrill That Comes Once in a Lifetime


Dear Eddie—Your letter came last nite. So two thanks, and here I am scrambling an answer very pronto. Say, what's a printer anyhow? I wouldn't know it if I jumped up in my cot and bit me. Dad paid me today for mowing the grass all month—a crisp new one dollar bill (I ain't well enough acquainted with dollars to call 'em Bill) I can't make up my mind how to spend all that dough me. Mebbe I'll found a public library—if one can be found. (Ain't I the Phunny Phellow?) I might blow a quarter of it for a gang fish pole and raise cane with the fish. (Ha! ha! ha! ha!) Well, this is getting to be quite a screed (don't you a screed with much?) Jobe! So I will close now, and that's a horse on you—A Close Horse, get it? I'm a Comical Bugs, what?. Well, don't take any wooden nickels.
As Ever.
Respectively,
Elmer
P.S. How's your Kaverosity sagaciating?
THE DISCOVERY THAT YOU WERE GIFTED AT WRITING CLEVER, HUMOROUS LETTERS

Villanova Hopes to Surprise Navy Today; Last-Minute Score Defeats Eastern, 13 to 6

This Morning

With Shirley Povich

NEW YORK, Sept. 27.—What the Cardinals and Dodgers are fighting for besides the National League pennant would seem to be the losers share of the World Series. From what meets the eye, neither clubs belongs in th same arena with the Boston Red Sox.

POVICH

The Cardinals are the team better equipped to battle the Red Sox. The Dodgers, who in the next 24 hours could lose all financial interest in the series, have been a ragged, patched-up club all season, winning ball games on sheer unwillness to lose. But if they get into the series by some miracle, they won't have Pete Reiser (fractured ankle) and without Reiser they are a woeful outfit.

There has been nothing in the recent performances of the Cardinals to leave the Red Sox with any awe. Going into tonight's game, the Cards had scored only two runs in their last 25 innings, and their biggest run-production in any game of the past week has been two runs. Twice they were beaten, 2-1, once they were licked, 1-0, and another time, 6-0. The night they beat Johnny Vander Meet of the Reds, it was 2-1, with the Cards making only four hits. In none of those five games did they make more than seven hits.

TRADITIONALLY, the American League takes the better-hitting club into the World Series and the Red Sox would appear to qualify in that respect, but this appears to be a year when they also can produce the better pitching. Howie Pollet, St. Louis left hander, is the only Cardinal pitcher who rates with Tex Hughson, Dave Ferriss and Mickey Harris of the Red Sox. When Manager Eddie Dyer startes either Harry Brecheen or George Munger, Boston's pitching edge is the greater.

If it's the Cardinals vs. the Red Sox, as appears, the hitting sideshow of Ted Williams and Stan Musial out to be worthwhile. National League fans never have admitted that Williams is a better hitter than Musial and they doubt that he's as good, except in home run power. Musial is out-hitting Williams by 30-odd points, has more doubles and triples and is just as tough to pitch to. They'll be meeting head-to-head for the first time in their careers.

But where the Red Sox figure to outhit the Cardinals by a wide margin is all down the line. The Cards have a dangerous one-two-three punch in Enos Slaughter, Musial and George Kurowski, but for sustained attack they can't match the Pesky-Dom DiMaggio-Williams-Doerr-York wrecking crew that the Red Sox can muster.

WILLIAMS, incidentally, is philosophical about his failure to lead the league in home runs. He has been overhauled by what Hank Greenberg calls "my annual fall salary drive," and he now trails Greenberg both in home runs and runs batted in, plus running second to Mickey Vernon in the batting race. But apparently it isn't disturbing Temperamental Ted this time. He's reacting like the nicest guy you've ever met.

"Let Vernon lead the league for a year, he's a nice fellow," said Williams the other day with surprising nicety for a fellow who can become morose at his own failures. And when Boston fans urged him not to miss some of the Red Sox late season games because Greenberg was passing him in the home run race, Williams wasn't bothered. "If I can't lead in all three—home runs, runs batted in and hitting—I'll just mark it down as a bad season," said Ted. "I want that triple crown," he added.

Williams is a good bet to do all right in the World Series. He has the Babe Ruth habit of rising to the occasion. The more important the setting, the better he functions. Unforgetable are (1) his home run that broke up the 1941 All-Star game, (2) his homer off Rip Sewell's blooper ball last July, and (3) the day he got mad at his hitting failures in Yankee Stadium and belted two homers. Besides that, he loves the whole idea of playing in a World Series.

THE RED SOX, even if they blew the first two games of a World Series played at St. Louis, would still be an immense threat to take it all. When the series moves back to Boston for the next three games, the Sox will be performing in their home park where they have lost only 16 of 75 games played to date. Fenway Park may defeat the left-handed hitting strength of the Cards, with its distant fences, but the Sox will be a no disadvanage in St. Louis.

THE CARDINALS might find the Red Sox easier competition if the World Series were played at night. The Sox have lost five night ball gmaes to the Browns in St. Louis and their night-game record for the season isn't good. Owner Tom Yawkey, who had plans for installing lights in Fenway Park, won't do it for at least two years.

Billy Southworth, who led the Cardinal teams to three pennants, might help them to another one this week-end. As manager of the Braves, he could give the Cards a big lift, because the Braves are playing Brooklyn in the last two games of the season, and one more defeat for the Dodgers would reaffirm Southworth's popularity in St. Louis.

Villanova Coach Believes He Has Chance to Take Opener From Tars

By Al Costello
Post Reporter

Annapolis, Sept. 27.—Navy opens its fifty-fifth football season here tomorrow, meeting the Wildcats of Villanova at 2 p. m. at Thompson Field. A capacity crowd of 22,000 is expected.

Scheduled as a "warmup" foe, the Wildcats will outweight the Middies, and shape up as tougher than when originally scheduled.

With Capt. Tom Hamilton back as head coach after a 10-year absence, the Tars once more will employ the "T" formation, with three of the nine veterans in the starting backfield.

Welsh Is Quarterback

Jake Welsh, last year a halfback, will direct the Middies from the all-important quarterback slot. Veterans "Pistol Pete" Williams and Joe Bartos will be stationed at the halfback posts with Bill McClain, a newcomer, as fullback. Bill Hawkins, another youngster, will alternate with the 170-pound McClain. Hawkins hits 200.

Center Dick Scott, whom Navy this year expects to reach All-America heights, heads a sturdy line that includes Art Markel and Roy Russell at ends; Dick Shimshak and Newbold Smith, tackles; Jim Carington and Ken Schiweck, at guards. Only Russell and Schiweck didn't win letters last year.

The rest of Navy's 28-man varsity squad is composed of untried material.

Won One, Lost One

Villanova, coached by Jordan Olivar, already has played two games, winning 40-6 from King's Point Academy and bowing, 35-0, to Army. Olivar, however, used second stringers most of the way against the Cadets, saving his regulars for this game, which he honestly believes he has a chance to win.

The Wildcats will be without the services of Romeo Capriotti, regular right halfback who was injured against Army. George Shreiber, a converted 200-pound center, will replace him.

The lineups:

Villanova		Navy
Sullivan	L.E.	Markel
Ferry	L.T.	N. Smith
Smith	L.G.	Carrington
Komarnicki	Center	Scott
Barker	R.G.	Schiweck
Downey	R.T.	Shimshak
Kane	R.E.	Russell
Gordon	Q.B.	Welsh
Schreiber	R.H.	Bartos
Pasquariello	F.B.	McClain

Kickoff—2 p. m. (E. S. T.).

Terps Choice To Scuttle Sailors Tonight

The greatest array of grid talent ever corraled at University of Maryland will parade its wares tonight, 8 p. m., at Byrd Stadium, College Park, meeting the once powerful Commodores of Bainbridge Naval Training Station. The Tars hardly are expected to give the Terps much of an argument.

Maryland, four deep in every position, has been called the club to watch in the East and South in preseason ratings. With Clark Shaughnessy back after three years at Pittsburgh, the Terps again will use the "T" formation.

New Terp Team

Out side of Al Phillips, who played for Shaughnessy at Pitt in 1944, and Randy Bishop, a 1944 letter winner, at the tackles, Shaughnessy will start a complete teom of 1945 veterans.

Vic Turyn will open at quarterback, a post he will alternate at this year with Tommy oMnt, great quarterback of the 1942 club. Mont, back after three years' Army service, will break into the game later.

Sammy Behr and Bill Poling will start at halfbacks with Hank and Bonk stationed at the fullback post. Phillips and Bishop at the tackles will be accompanied in the line by LaRoy Merter and Bob Crosland, ends; Emite Fritz and Walter Fehr, guards, and Gene Kinney, center.

Second Game for Sailors

The Commodores will be playing their second game of the young season. Last week the Tars met and bowed, 7 to 0, to the Bombers of Aberdeen Proving Grounds.

The Commodores are as heavy as Maryland but lack the depth and experience of the Old Liners.

The line-ups:

Bainbridge		Maryland
Dieckelman	L.E.	Morter
Liano	L.T.	Phillips
Marra	L.G.	Fehr
Orabone	Center	Kinney
Troy	R.G.	Fritz
Kenny	R.T.	Bishop
Harian	R.E.	Crosland
Deem	Q.B.	Turyn
Mahis	L.H.	Poling
Bryson	R.H.	Behr
Wirtjes	F.B.	Bonk

Kickoff—8 p. m.

Mrs. Reynolds Wins Title

Staunton, Va., Sept. 27 (AP).—Mrs. James W. Reynolds, of Richmond, the blonde with the booming drives, came from behind today to win the twenty-first renewal of the Virgina State Women's Golf Tournament by defeating Mrs. R. C. Hockaday, of the James River Club, Newsport News, 6 and 5.

Mrs. Hockaday did not make anothrer real bid for the match after she managed to take the first hole with a par four and halved the second. After that, Mrs. Reynolds shot pars of four and three to forge into the lead, and she never gave it up.

After they had halved the fifth and sixth holes, Mrs. Reynolds, the present Richmond city champion, scored victories on three straight holes, shooting pars all the way while Mrs. Hockaday was firing bogies.

Their cards:

Par out	454	355	435—38
Mrs. Reynolds out	664	355	435—41
Mrs. Hockaday out	465	555	546—45
Par in	555	443	543—38-38—76
Mrs. Reynolds in	555	5	
Mrs. Hockaday in	566	5	

Mrs. Robert Schlesinger, of the Farmington Club, Charlottesville, youngest golfer to make the championship flight at 29 years of age, waltzed off with the title among first flight defeated eights by defeating Mrs. Basil Coale, Country Club of Virginia, 3 and 1.

Boxing Is Out For Uline Arena

Owner Mike Uline last night announced that no professional boxing will be staged at Uline Arena during the fall and winter season.

Uline reached his decision last night after having conferred with Goldie Ahearn, promoter of the Liberty Athletic Club, yesterday.

Ahearn and the Liberty Club have promoted boxing at Uline's for the past three years.

Uline recently suggested the Promoter Joe Turner and Goldie Ahearn alternate in presenting weekly boxing shows at the northeast Arena. Turner rejected the proposal, electing to remain at his 14th and W st. plant.

Bums' Sky Pilot Takes to the Sky

New York, Sept. 27 (AP).—The Rev. Benney Benson, minister of the Greenpoint Reformed Church, takes his prayers for a Brooklyn Baseball Club pennant victory to the sky tomorrow.

Mr. Benson, who prayed for a Dodger championship from the steps of Brooklyn Borough Hall earlier this week, said he would board a plane at La Guardia Airport as "them bums" begin their next to 'last game—"leading many fervent prayers for the boys."

Beggs Blanks Bucs for Reds

Cincinnati, Sept. 27 (AP).—The Cincinnati Reds needed but one more victory to cinch sixth place in the National League flag race today after Joe Beggs notched his eleventh victory with a five-hit, 8-0 triumph over the Pittsburgh Pirates.

The Reds, who came through with 13 hits for Hank Gowdy, longtime coach making his first appearance as acting manager, went in front 1-0 in the second as Eddie Lukon hit his twelfth homer of the year over the right-field screen. They added two more in the third, one in the sixth and two in both the seventh and eighth innings.

Pittsburgh	AB	H	O	A	Cincinnati	AB	H	O	A
Gustine,2b	4	0	4	5	Corbitt,ss	3	1	1	5
Fletcher,1b	4	0	6	1	Zientara,3b	5	2	0	4
Russell,cf	3	0	1	0	Frey,rf	4	1	1	0
Balkeld,c	4	0	5	1	Mueller,c	4	2	1	0
Elliott,rf	3	2	1	0	Lukon,lf	4	2	4	0
Kiner,lf	3	1	2	0	Adams,2b	4	3	1	3
Cox,ss	3	0	3	0	Shokes,1b	4	2	16	2
Handley,3b	3	0	2	2	Clay,rf	3	0	1	0
Bahr,p	2	0	0	2	Beggs,p	3	0	2	1
*Workman	1	0	0	0					
Tate,p	0	0	0	1					
Totals	30	5	24	11	Totals	35	13	27	17

*Batted for Bahr in seventh.

Pittsburgh						000	000	000	—0	
Cincinnati						012	001	22x	—8	

Runs—Zientara (2), Frey, Mueller, Lukon, Adams, Clay, Beggs. Errors—Gustine, Bahr. Runs batted in—Corbitt, Zientara, Mueller (3), Lukon, Adams, Shokes. Two-base hits—Kiner, Frey, Shokes, Mueller. Home run—Lukon. Stolen base—Shokes. Double play—Balkeld to Handley to Gustine. Left on bases—Pittsburgh, 4; Cincinnati, 7. Base on balls—Bahr, 3; Tate, 1; Beggs, 1. Strikeouts—Bahr, 4. Hits—Bahr, 10 in 7; Tate, 3 in 1. Losing pitcher—Bahr. Attendance—1120. Time—1:46.

Feller Whiffs Six, Ties Waddell's 343

Detroit, Sept. 27 (AP).—Bob Feller stuck with a quick-breaking curve today to fan six Detroit batsmen in five innings and equal Rube Waddell's 42-year-old modern major league record of 343 strikeouts in a single season. The Indians overcame a four-run deficit to win the game, 9 to 8.

Feller, who entered the game in the fifth inning, relieving 23-year-old Bob Kuzava, fanned five of the first eight men to face him but it was not until the ninth inning that Jimmy Oulaw went down swinging at the pitch that put Rapid Robert in the record book.

With a three and two count on Hank Greenberg, a moment later Hank tipped the next pitch and the ball caromed off Catcher Jim Hegan's mitt. Had he hung onto it Feller would have got his record. But Hank walked on the next pitch and Skeeter Webb and Bob Swift hit ground balls for the final two outs of the game.

Almost Broke Record

Needing one more strikeout to achieve the mark at which he has been shooting by working out of turn, Feller may be given a chance to pitch long enough tomorrow to put Waddell's 1904 mark into discard. Even if he doesn't pitch Saturday he will start the last game of the season Sunday against Detroit's southpaw ace, Hal Newhouser.

In the Cleveland clubhouse after equalling Waddell's mark Feller denied that the extra work was tiring him but admitted that he was wild.

"I'm going to pitch as much as possible and get just as many strikeouts as I can," Bob said.

While the American League recognizes Waddell's old strikeout mark as 343 officially, recent research hints that Rube may have fanned as many as 348.

Cleveland	AB	H	O	A	Detroit	AB	H	O	A
Moss,3b	4	0	3	0	Lake,ss	0	0	1	0
Conway,ss	5	3	2	5	Lipon,ss	2	0	2	3
Robinson,1b	4	1	8	0	Outlaw,3b	5	1	0	0
Edwards,rf	5	0	1	0	Mullin,rf	5	2	1	0
Mitchell,cf	4	3	4	0	Gr'berg,1b	4	0	9	2
Seerey,lf	4	3	3	1	Moore,lf	4	3	3	1
Mack,2b	4	1	0	1	Evers,cf	4	0	2	0
Weigel,c	2	0	1	0	Webb,2b	4	1	1	3
Hegan,c	2	0	6	0	Swift,c	3	2	7	0
Kuzava,p	2	1	0	1	Gray,p	3	0	1	1
Feller,p	2	0	0	0	*Wakefield	0	0	0	0
					Overmire,p	0	0	0	1
Totals	38	11	27	7	Totals	35	6	27	11

*Batted for Gray in eighth.

Cleveland						015	001	011	—9	
Detroit						400	000	004	—8	

Runs—Moss (2), Conway, Robinson, Mitchell (2), Seerey (2), Mack, Lake, Outlaw, Mullin, Greenberg, Moore (2), Evers (2). Errors—Conway, Mack, Moss, Greenberg, Evers. Runs batted in—Moss (2), Edwards, Mitchell, Seerey (4), Webb, Swift (2), Evers. Two-base hit—Mullin. Home runs—Seerey (2), Mack. Stolen bases—Moore and Greenberg. Left on bases—Cleveland, 4; Detroit, 9. Bases on balls—Kuzava, 4; Feller, 4; Gray, 2. Strikeouts—Kuzava, 1; Feller, 6; Gray, 5; Overmire, 1. Hits—Kuzava, 5 in 4; Feller, 1 in 5; Gray, 10 in 8; Overmire, 1 in 1. Hit by pitcher—Kuzava (Lake). Wild pitch—Gray. Passed ball—Weigel. Winning pitcher—Kuzava. Losing pitcher—Gray. Umpires—Rubbard, Grieve and Weafer. Time, 2:10. Attendance, 7011.

Football Games Today

THIS AREA

Bainbridge at Maryland (night).
Hampden-Sydney at Virginia.
Villanova at Navy.

EAST

Oklahoma at Army.
R. P. I. at Coast Guard.
Merchant Marine at Yale.
Boston at Syracuse (night).
Canisius at Brown.
Bucknell at Cornell.
Dartmouth at Holy Cross.
Gettysburg at Lehigh.
West Virginia at Pitt.
Muhlenberg at Lafayette.
Rutgers at Columbia.

SOUTH

Emory and Henry at Fulford.
V. P. I. at North Carolina.
V. M. I. at Richmond (night).
Duke at North Carolina State.
Newberry at South Carolina.

SOUTHEAST.

Alabama at Tulane.
Georgia Tech at Tennessee.
Mississippi at Florida (night).
Kentucky at Cincinnati (night).
Louisiana State at Rice (night).
Tennessee Poly at Vanderbilt.
Chattanooga at Mississippi State.

MIDWEST

Purdue at Iowa.
Indiana at Michigan.
Missouri at Ohio State.
Wisconsin at California.
Notre Dame at Illinois.
Nebraska at Minnesota.
Iowa State at Northwestern.
Kansas State at Hardin-Simmons (night).
New Mexico at Utah.

SOUTHWEST

New Mexico A. & M. at Tulsa (night).
Arkansas at Oklahoma A. & M.
St. Louis at Marquette.
Baylor at T. C. U.
Texas Tech at Texas A. M. (night).
Colorado at Texas.

WEST

Idaho at Stanford.
Oregon State at U. C. L. A.
Washington State at Southern Cal. (night).
St. Mary's at Washington.
College of Pacific at Oregon.
Brigham Young at Montana State.
Colorado Mines at Wyoming.

Cards 2-1, Bums 11-5 Against Red Sox

St. Louis, Sept. 27 (AP).—World Series odds announced today by Betting Commissioner James J. Carroll gave the St. Louis Cardinals a better chance than the Brooklyn Dodgers against the Boston Red Sox. The Red Sox will bge odds-on favorites against either National League team.

If the Cardinals win the pennant they will be 2 to 1, and the Red Sox 2 to 5. This means that $1 bet on the Cards would win $2, while it would take a $5 wager on the Red Sox to win $2.

Should Brooklyn win, the Dodgers would be 11 to 5, and the Red Sox 5 to 13. In other words, $5 placed on Brooklyn would win $11 and $13 backing Boston wolud win $5.

Major League Standings

AMERICAN LEAGUE

	W.	L.	Pct.	G.B.
Boston	104	48	.684	...
Detroit	91	61	.599	13
New York	85	67	.559	18½
WASHINGTON	74	78	.487	30
Chicago	74	79	.484	30½
Cleveland	67	85	.471	37
St. Louis	65	88	.425	39½
Philadelphia	49	103	.322	55

Yesterday's Results

Boston 5; WASHINGTON, 4.
Cleveland, 9; Detroit, 8.
Chicago, 7-8; St. Louis, 3-3.
(Only games scheduled.)

Today's Games

WASHINGTON at Boston
Wynn (7-5) vs. Ferriss (25-6).
Cleveland at Detroit
Flanigan (0-0) vs. White (0-1).
(Only games scheduled.)

NATIONAL LEAGUE

	W.	L.	Pct.	G.B.
*St. Louis	95	56	.629	...
Brooklyn	95	57	.625	½
*Chicago	80	70	.533	14½
Boston	80	71	.530	15
Philadelphia	69	83	.454	26½
Cincinnati	65	86	.430	30
Pittsburgh	62	89	.413	33
New York	59	93	.338	36½

*Playing night game.

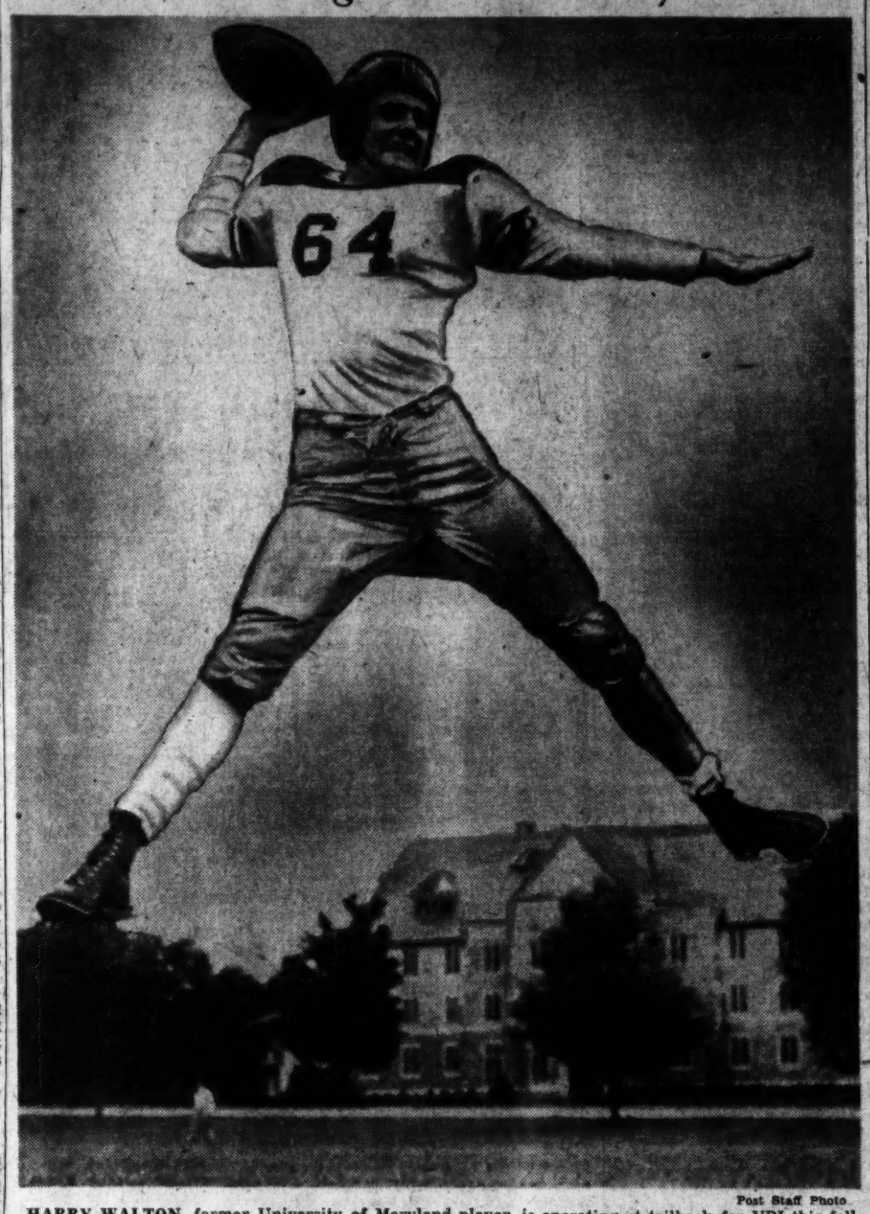
Yesterday's Results

Cincinnati, 8; Pittsburgh, 0.
Chicago at St. Louis (night).
(Only games scheduled.)

Today's Games

Chicago at St. Louis (night)
Schmitz (10-11) or Wyse (14-12) vs. Brecheen (14-15).
Boston at Brooklyn
Sain (20-13) vs. Hatten (13-10).
Philadelphia at New York
Donnelly (4-6) vs. Voiselle (8-15).
Pittsburgh at Cincinnati
Walsh (0-1) vs. Blackwell (9-11).

He's Pitching for VPI Today . . .



Post Staff Photo

HARRY WALTON, former University of Maryland player, is operating at tailback for VPI this fall and will be in there pitching today against North Carolina at Chapel Hill

Newsom Hurt as Bosox Squeeze by Nats, 5-4

Boston, Sept. 27.—Buck Newsom may have suffered a broken left ankle today as the Boston Red Sox squeezed out a 5-4 decision over the Washington Senators.

Tex Hughson not only won his twentieth game of the season, but it was his line drive in the second inning that smashed Newsom's leg. Newsom left the game at the end of the fourth inning, having given the pennant winners nine of their 14 hits. He was the losing pitcher.

Bobo was taken to a hospital for X-rays to determine the extent of the injury.

Washington batters touched Hughson for 11 safeties, including a single and double by league leader Mickey Vernon, but Tex was able to fall back on an early lead compiled by the Sox.

Higgins, Pesky Lead

Leading the Boston attack were Veteran Mike Higgins and Johnny Pesky. Higgins had a perfect day with four bingles, including a homer, into the left-field screen with the bases vacant in the second.

Pesky's two hits gave him a season's total of 206, putting him 1 ahead of Vernon in that department and exceeding his 1942 freshman mark by two hits.

The Sox connected with Newsom's service for three singles in the first, but old Bobo yielded only one run when Dom DiMaggio was driven in by Bobby Doerr. nI the third Ted Williams got his second consecutive single to score Pesky and DiMaggio, who had singled previously. After two were out in the fifth Bill Hitchcock bobbled Williams' easy pop fly and the Kid romped in with the fifth Boston run wheh Doerr smashed a double off Sid Hudson, the first of Newsom's three successors.

Hughson had held the Senators in tight check through the first five innings allowing only three hits. Vernon led off the sixth with a double to left and tallied on a single by Stan Spence.

Manager Ossie Bluege said after the game that Wynn would start tomorrow's game against "Boo" Feriss, who is expected to pitch only three innings.

WASHINGTON	AB	R	H	O	A	E
Robertson, 2b	4	1	1	5	5	0
Lewis, rf	5	1	2	0	0	0
Grace, lf	5	0	1	0	1	0
Vernon, 1b	5	1	2	6	2	0
Spence, cf	4	0	0	2	0	0
Travis, 3b	4	0	0	3	3	0
Early, c	3	1	1	4	2	0
Hitchcock, ss	4	0	1	4	1	1
Newsom, p	1	0	0	0	0	0
†Cean	1	0	0	0	0	0
Hudson, p	0	0	0	0	1	0
‡Binks	1	0	0	0	0	0
Pierotti, p	0	0	0	0	0	0
§Wynn	0	0	0	0	0	0
Candini, p	0	0	0	0	1	0
Totals	38	4	11	24	17	0

BOSTON	AB	R	H	O	A	E
Moses, rf	2	0	0	1	0	0
Pesky, ss	4	1	2	2	0	0
DiMaggio, cf	3	2	1	3	0	0
Culberson, cf	1	0	0	1	0	0
Williams, lf	3	1	2	1	0	0
McBride, lf	1	0	0	2	0	0
Doerr, 2b	4	0	1	2	5	0
York, 1b	4	0	1	5	1	0
Giggins, 3b	4	1	1	4	1	0
Partee, c	4	0	0	4	0	0
Hughson, p	3	0	0	1	1	0
Totals	37	5	14	27	8	0

*Batted for Newsom in fifth.
†Batted for Hudson in seventh.
‡Batted for Pierotti in eighth.

WASHINGTON						000	001	210	—4	
BOSTON						112	010	90x	—5	

Runs batted in—Travis, Grace, Spence, Wynn, Higgins, Doerr (2), Williams (2). Two-base hits—Grace, Vernon, Spence, Doerr. Home run—Higgins. Sacrifices—Hughson, Dees's plays—Travis to Robertson to Vernon, Robertson to Hitchcock to Vernon. Left on Washington, 10; Boston, 7. Bases on balls—Newsom, 1; Pierotti, 1; Hughson, 3. Strikeouts—Newsom, 2; Candini, 1; Hughson, 8. Hits—Newsom, 9 in 4; Hudson, 3 in 2; Candini, 2 in 2. Passed ball—Early. Losing pitcher—Newsom. Umpires—Hubbard, Summers and Paparella. Time, 2:02. Attendance—6054.

Chisox Win; Near Griffs

Chicago, Sept. 27 (AP).—The Chicago White Sox moved to within a half game of fourth place today by beating the St. Louis Browns 7 to 3 and 8 to 3 in a doubleheader while the Washington Senators were losing to the Boston Red Sox.

(First Game)

St. Louis	AB	H	O	A	Chicago	AB	H	O	A
Ch'man,3b	4	1	1	2	Tucker,cf	4	3	4	0
Zarilla,rf	4	1	2	1	Appling,ss	5	3	0	2
McQ'len,lf	4	2	2	0	Kuhel,1b	3	1	6	0
Stephens,ss	4	0	4	2	Wright,rf	4	2	2	0
Wilte,1b	3	0	7	0	Philley,lf	4	3	7	0
B'ardino,2b	4	0	2	4	K'loway,3b	4	0	2	2
Judnich,cf	4	1	3	0	Michaels,2b	4	1	3	0
Helf,c	4	1	2	1	Tresh,c	4	1	2	1
Sanford,p	2	1	0	2	Lopat,p	4	1	0	3
Muncrief,p	0	0	0	0					
*Stevens	1	0	0	0					
Fannin,p	0	0	0	0					
†Dillinger	1	0	0	0					
Totals	36	8	24	13	Totals	36	15	27	8

*Batted for Muncrief in seventh.
†Batted for Fannin in ninth.

St. Louis						101	000	100	—3	
Chicago						210	040	00x	—7	

Runs—Christman, McQuillen, Helf, Tucker (2), Appling (2), Kuhel, Michaels, Lopat. Errors—Apling (2), Helf. Runs batted in—McQuillen, Christman, Helf, Philley (3), Tresh, Appling, Kuhel, Wright. Two-base hits—Tucker (2), Appling, Sanford, Michaels. Home runs—McQuillen to Christman to Helf. Stolen base—Philley. Double plays—Sanford to Stephens to Witte; Stephens to Witte. Left on bases—St. Louis, 6; Chicago, 7. Base on balls—Sanford, 2. Strikeouts—Muncrief, 1; Fannin, 1; Lopat, 1. Hits—Sanford, 10 in 4⅓; Muncrief, 2 in 1⅔; Fannin, 3 in 2. Losing pitcher—Sanford. Umpires—Rue, Passarella and Berry. Time—1:48.

St. Louis	AB	H	O	A	Chicago	AB	H	O	A
D'linger,3b	4	1	0	3	Tucker,cf	5	2	5	0
Zarilla,rf	4	1	3	0	Appling,ss	5	1	0	4
Lehner,cf	4	1	1	0	Trosky,1b	4	1	9	0
Stephens,ss	4	2	2	4	Wright,rf	1	0	0	0
McQ'len,lf	4	3	1	0	Kennedy,rf	3	2	4	0
B'ardino,2b	3	0	4	3	Philley,lf	4	3	1	0
Stevens,1b	4	1	12	0	Baker,3b	3	2	1	3
Moss,c	3	0	1	2	Michaels,2b	3	2	3	1
Kramer,p	1	0	0	0	Tresh,c	3	0	4	1
Ch'man	1	0	0	0	Papish,p	2	0	0	1
Kinder,p	0	0	0	0	Rigney,p	0	0	0	0
†Judnich	1	0	0	0	§Kolloway	1	0	0	0
Ferrick,p	0	0	0	0	M'berger,p	1	0	0	0
‡Schultz	1	0	0	0					
Totals	35	9	24	14	Totals	33	13	27	10

*Batted for Kramer in fifth.
†Batted for Kinder in seventh.
‡Batted for Ferrick in ninth.
§Batted for Rigney in sixth.

St. Louis						000	003	000	—3	
Chicago						302	001	20x	—8	

Runs—Zarilla, Lehner, Stephens, Tucker, Trosky (2), Kennedy, Philley (2), Baker, Tucker, Kennedy, Tresh, three-base hits—Kennedy, Philley, Trosky, stolen bast—Michaels. Sacrifices—Michaels, Baker, Tresh. Double play—Berardino, Stephens and Stevens. Left on bases—St. Louis, 6; Chicago, 7. Bases on balls—Kramer, 1; Kinder, 1; Papish, 1. Strikeouts—Ferrick, 1; Papish, 1; Maltsberger, 3. Hits—Kramer, 6 in 4; Kinder, 2 in 2; Ferrick, 2 in 2; Papish, 7 in 5⅓; Rigney, 1 in ⅔; Maltsberger, 1 in 3. Balk—Kramer. Winning pitcher—Papish. Losing pitcher—Kramer.

Little Series Opens Tonight

Louisville, Ky., Sept. 27 (AP).—The Louisville Colonels of the American Association, and the Montreal Royals of the International League meet hree tomorrow night at 8 p. m. (Central standard time) in the opening game of the Little World Series.

Jim Wilson, big right-hander, was nominated to pitch the opener for the Colonels. His mound opponent was expected to be either Chet Kehn or Curt Davis.

Coolidge Tops Central, 7-0

Gathering all their power for one push late in the second quarter, Coolidge's Colts won their inter-high football opener, 7-0, over Central yesterday before 4500 fans at the Vikings' stadium.

Spearheading the 66-yard Colt payoff march were three lads, who couldn't play first string last year. With four minutes left until halftime, Quarterback Bobby Rohr and Halfback Tex Jones and John Studley took command.

Starting on the Colt 34. Rohr picked up 18-yards around his right end, and Jones followed two plays later with an off tackle dash 31-yards to the Central 14. Studley pounded through center to the seven, and after being stopped for one play, cua over Central's left guard to score. Warren Malkin place kicked the extra point.

Central		Coolidge
Sponsior	L.G.	R. Taylor
Nestor	L.T.	Ackerman
Brenner	L.G.	Browne
Ruggieri	Center	Valanos
Weiss	R.G.	Schaffer
Cramer	R.T.	Malkin
Manos	R.E.	Gullickson
Johnson	Q.B.	Rohr
Keith	L.H.	Jones
W. Taylor	R.H.	Studley
Calliotta	F.B.	Hulbert

Central	0	0	0	0	—0
Coolidge	0	0	0	7	—7

Touchdown—Studley. Extra point—Malkin. Substitutions—Coloidge: Krider, Thomas, Schindler, Bingham, Woodyard, Witsel, Moulden, Green. Central: Wallace, Petrillo, Boland, Cadeaux, Deane, Douglas, Segal, Giglio, Karousatos, Leathery, Panor, Penso, Shirey, Wert.

Sidwell-Friends Wins Opener, 12-0

The Sidwell Friends School defeated National Training School yesterday, 12-0, at Friends Field.

Friends hit paydirt in the second quarter on a 37 yard reverse around left end with Guard Mike Mills carrying the ball. Late in the third period Friends recovered an NTS fumble on the visitors 17. Archie Hudson hit guard for eleven yards, and Capt. Jim North punched it over on a quarterback sneak.

Sidwell Friends	Nat. Training	School
Ashton	L.E.	O'Neil
Walker	L.T.	Mason
Maloney	L.G.	P. Long
Stimson	Center	Harding
Mills	R.G.	Catlin
Grooms	R.T.	Massie
Smith	R.E.	Cassell
North	Q.B.	Pharis
Stone	L.H.	Bell
Hudson	R.H.	Stack
Dean	F.B.	Kight

Sidwell Friends	0	6	6	0	—12
Nat. Training School	0	0	0	0	—0

Touchdowns—Mills, North. Substitutions—Friends: Marcoreau, P. Maloney, Richey, Valentini, Randolph, Sitz. N. T. S.: Triantis, Pierce, Howerton, Ulrich, Gilmore, Keeton, Guignan, Morris, Colgan, Rostalski, Morrow, R. Long, Jenkins, Mills.

Busy Weekend For Horse Shows

Two horse shows today and one tomorrow will give sportsmen in this field a busy weekend.

Today's shows are the Forrestville event at Dunrovin Acres on the old Georgetown Pike beyond Great Falls, and the Iron Bridge Hunt Club event at Burtonsville, Md., near Laurel.

The Meadowbrook show will be held Sunday opposite the Meadowbrook Saddle club on East-West highway. All three shows start at 10 a. m.

Western Ends Two-Year-Old Victory Streak Of Champions

Ending Eastern's two-year inter-high victory string of 19 games, Western Hhigh School yesterday stamped itself a title threat by downing the defending champions, 13-6, at the Western stadium before 2500 spectators.

With one and a half minutes to go in the final period

Wallace Wade Shies at Picturing Duke as a Powerhouse

Pair Banned For Life in Ringer Case

Baltimore, Sept. 27 (AP).—George P. Mahoney, chairman of the State Racing Commission, said today two Wilmington, Del., horsemen who pleaded guilty to entering a "ringer" in a race at Bel Air, had been barred from Maryland tracks for life.

William F. Mink and Paul E. Middleton pleaded guilty at their trial this week at Bel Air on charges of attempted fraud and conspiracy. Both were fined $1000 in Circuit Court.

It was charged that Middleton's horse, Don't Delay, had been substituted for Mink's horse, All Flo, last July 24. After the horse Don't Delay was recognized by a former trainer, who failed to see it entered on the day's program, the stewards ordered it scratched before the race.

All Flo and Don't Delay also were barred from Maryland tracks indefinitely, Mahoney said.

The racing commission also turned its attention to an investigation of the seventh race run at Marlboro track September 24 after it announced the trainer of an entry had claimed the horse's jockey had brought about its defeat.

Ace Parker Lost To Grid Yankees

New York, Sept. 27 (AP).—Dr. Frank Glenn, New York football Yankee physician, discovered today that the pain in the back of Ace Parker, veteran pro player, actually was three broken vertebraes.

Parker, one-time star for Duke University, suffered the injury in the first play of the team's first exhibition last month. Since then he has competed in three league contests in the belief that the pain was the result of a pulled muscle.

When he complained yesterday to Dr. Glenn, however, he was sent to a hospital for X-rays and the pictures revealed the triple fracture today.

Parker, voted the National Football League's most valuable player in 1938 and 1940 when with the Brooklyn Dodgers, has been playing the gridiron sport for 15 years, eight of them in pro circuits. This is his first major football injury, although between May 1, 1940, and May 1, 1941, he suffered a broken leg while playing with Syracuse in the International Baseball League.

Osbourne Downs Warren, 12 to 6

Manassas, Sept. 27.—Osbourne High School of Manassas, defeated Warren County's Front Royal eleven, 12-6, here today. The victory wa sthe first the winners had ever scored over Warren.

Batschelet and Harris scored for Osbourne, the former on a four-yard plunge in the second period and the latter on a 31-yard pass from Vetter in the final quarter. Gehringer dashed 52 yards in the third quarted to score for the losers.

Cuyler's Conduct Costs Him $100

Memphis, Tenn., Sept. 27 (U.P.)—Hazen (Kiki) Cuyler, manager of the Atlanta Crackers, was out $100 and had to take a stern dressing down today from Southern Association President Billy Evans for misconduct in last night's playoff game with the Memphis Chicks

Evans also fined Atlanta Catcher Les McGarity $50 for "thumbing his nose at the occupants of the entire grandstand."

"Cuyler showed utter contempt for the authority of the umpires," Evans said, charging that he delayed the game with protests against their decisions.

Bosox Remember Old Time Star

Boston, Sept. 27 (AP).—Dave Shean, who as second baseman back in 1918 helped the Red Sox win its last pennant, today was one of the first to receive tickets from a postman for the forthcoming World Series.

Dave was at work in a poultry house in the market district when the tickets were delivered.

DOPE

From Page 1

in the enclosure at least two hours before a race.

Mahoney said the barns were installed without the commission's orders, although the racing body recently made them mandatory for the all meeting.

The commission's rule making trainers alone responsible in stimulation cases was later challenged in the courts and a State Court of Appeals opinion found the commission's regulations arbitrary and invalid.

Levine, Robinson Sign

New York, Sept. 26 (AP).—Tony Dio, manager of Artie Levine, Brooklyn middleweight, said tonight he and the manager of Ray "Sugar" Robinson, New York welterweight, had signed contracts for a 10-round bout in the Cleveland Arena October 28.

Sharkey Wrestles Here

Babe Sharkey, former wrestling champion, has been matched against Big Ben Rosen of New York, in one of the cofeature bouts on Wednesday night's show at Turner's Arena. Jack Hader and Johnny Long will clash in the other windup battle.

N. C. State Will Test Devils Today

By Bill Burnett
Post Reporter

Durham, N. C., Sept. 27.—It's a surprise to Coach Wallace Wade that his Duke University football team, winner of the Southern Conference championship the last three years, while Wade was in the Army, is a gain being touted as the powerhouse of the league.

"People are favoring us," the cagey veteran says, "on past performances—and on a guess. The experts seem to know more about my team than I do and I won't know much about it, considering the number of players who have been in the service for some years, until after we've played a few games.

"The fact is that Duke's team, which explodes the first shell in its 1946 battery against North Carolina State at Raleigh tomorrow is being favored as much on the "jockey" as on the "horse." Coach Wade, whose coaching record lists 177 victories, 35 defeats and 8 ties, has come up with 10 conference champions in 22 years, six of them at Duke. Previously his Alabama Tide captured three national championships.

Minor Injuries Suffered

Duke's squad, starting scrimmages later than most of its rivals, has suffered recently a number of minor injuries which will keep it below its best for the N. C. State game and perhaps longer.

However, Duke goes into the season with four All-America men and a wealth of other material. Bob Grantt, All-America end in 1942 and 1943 before going into the Navy, has been moved to quarterback and blocking back in Wade's single-wing formation. Bill Milner, 1943 All-America before service in the Marines, is back at guard as team captain. "Bear" Knotts, second team All-America in 1944 and first team in 1945, is Milner's running mate at guard and George Clark, a third team All-America last season, leads a brilliant set of tailbacks.

Center is the position whcih has kept Coach Wade in a constant dither throughout training. Al Derogatis, 19-year-old veteran of the 1945 team, was moved to tackle because there seemed to be an overabundance of material at the pivot spot. But then the trouble started.

Center Is Troublesome

Center Frank Sinkovitz broke his arm. Center Cal Perkinson banged his knee. And now Center Tommy Harris is out of school, preparing to keep a date with his draft board. The job will fall to either Fletcher Wall or Charlie Davis, and if matters get too tough, E. P. Rethune can be switched from blocking back into the line. The starting line will average somewhat smaller than usual, at 197, with the backs a little heavier at 186. Johining Clark and Gantt in the backfield are Buddy Mulligan and Leo Long, the first at wingback and the second and fullback.

Duke's running game will be in the hands of Clark, along with reserves Buddy Luper and Roland Hodges. All are speedsters, light and shifty. The trio will also handle most of the Blue Devils passing. But the kicking situation is not so sure. Fred Folger, reserve wingback, has turned in the outstanding booting since an injury to eBttis Herlong.

Duke has no worries about its pass-receiving as long as Kelly Mote is around. The 6 foot 3 wingman, who caught both of Duke's touchdown passes against Army last year, is in his final year and looking better than ever.

Probable Duke starting lineup:

	Pos.	Age	Hgt.	Wgt.
Kelley Mote	L.E.	22	6-3	195
Fred Hardison	L.T.	19	6-1	194
Ernest Knotts	L.G.	21	5-9	192
Fletcher Wall	Cen.	21	6-2	197
Charles E. Milner	R.G.	24	6-2	209
Al Derogatis	R.T.	19	6-2	215
Bill Duncan	R.E.	21	6-2	198
Bob Gantt	Q.B.	24	6-2	205
Buddy Mulligan	L.H.	22	5-10	165
George Clark	R.H.	21	6-1	175
Leo Long	F.B.	25	6-2	190

Catholic Cagers List 23 Games

A 23-game basketball schedule, featuring Virginia Tech, Seton Hall and Georgetown, has been arranged for Catholic University's basketball team, Director of Athletics Eddie LaFond announced last night. Thirteen games will be played at Brookland.

Three double-headers in collaboration with Georgetown have been booked, starting January 8, when the Cards meet St. Joseph's of Philadelphia, while the Hoyas play Kings Point Merchant Marine.

The Cardinals also will tangle with eight Mason Dixon Conference opponents, including American University and Gallaudet. Ben Zola, who made his coaching debut last year, again will be at the helm.

Complete Card Set For Turner Show

The supporting card for Monday night's boxing show opening the 1946-1947 season at Turner's Arena was closed out yesterday. In cofeatured 10-round bouts Jackie Cranford, local heavyweight, will meet Ross Strickland of New York, who flattened him in one round recently in Buffalo, and Jimmy McGriff, District welterweight, will take on Eddie Alzek of New York.

Lou Bass, recently discharged from the Navy, will fight George Brooks, a middleweight, in a six-rounder. Alfonse Wilkerson and Stonewall Jackson will meet in a four, while in another four-rounder Jimmy Robinson will tackle Emmett Harris.

Both Cranford and McGriff will wind up their training this afternoon at the Apollo gym.

Atlantic City Racing Chart

ATLANTIC CITY, N. J., FRIDAY, SEPTEMBER 27, 1946 (AP).
WEATHER CLEAR, TRACK FAST.

FIRST RACE—Six furlongs. Purse, $2500. For maiden 3-year-old fillies and mares. Start good. Won easily; place driving. Went to post at 2:06. Off at 2:08. Winner, Mrs. F. Carberry, Jr.'s ch. m. (7) by King Arthur—Glorious by Golden Broom. Trainer, F. Carberry, Jr. Values, $1650, $500, $250, $100. Time, 1:12⅘.

Horses	Jockeys	Wgt.	Post	St.	¼	½	¾	Str.	Fin.	Straight
BROWSLEY	(Root)	118	6	1	1½	1½	1½	1½	1½	$4.80
FLAKE	(Yeager)	118	2	2	2½	2½	2½	2½	2½	3.50
FRESCIENCE	(Lillio)	108	9	8	7½	6½	5½	3½	3½	10.30
LILAC LADY	(Snider)	113	1	11	11½	10½	10½	10½	4½	32.55
FICOLAS	(McTague)	113	4	3	3½	3½	3½	5½	5½	3.45
MISS TEANECK	(Combest)	113	2	5	4½	5½	6½	6½	6½	33.95
KAREMPTY	(Permane)	113	3	4	10½	9½	8½	8½	7½	60.30
PRETTY HAT	(Rye)	118	5	6	5½	4½	4½	9½	8½	8.40
DELMOR MINE	(Parnell)	108	10	9	11½	11	9½	11½	9½	109.70
DOWAGEL	(Breen)	113	11	7	8½	8½	10½	10½	10½	30.70
CARDINAL'S GLEE	(Leblanc)	118	6	10	9½	10½	11	11	11	64.15

BROWSLEY, $4.80, $3.00, $3.40; FLAKE, $3.90, $3.90; FRESCIENCE, $4.10.

SECOND RACE—Six furlongs. Purse, $2500. For 3-year-olds and up; claiming price $2500. Start good. Won driving; place same. Went to post at 2:36. Off at 2:37½. Winner, J. Braillo's b. g. (5) by Coldstream—Bell Bird by Infinite. Trainer, M. Dupuy. Values, $1650, $500, $250, $100. Time, 1:12⅘.

Horses	Jockeys	Wgt.	Post	St.	¼	½	¾	Str.	Fin.	Straight
TOP CEILING	(Pannell)	112	5	4	4½	3½	1½	1½	1½	$3.80
FIRE POWER	(Permane)	117	12	1	1½	1½	2½	2½	2½	5.80
SUNSTORM	(Stout)	117	9	8	8½	4½	4½	3½	3½	4.95
VALDINA STROKE (M.N.Gonsales)		117	8	9	9½	7½	6½	4½	4½	5.80
FRISKY FIRE	(Rye)	117	7	3	3½	9½	7½	6½	5½d	42.15
ALFICE	(Padgett)	117	3	7	7½	6½	8½	8½	6½	5.30
SUNGINO	(Burton)	117	1	6	6½	8½	9½	9½	7½	10.15
MISS GAZES	(Wright)	115	10	11	11	11	11	10½	8½	30.75
DEVON CREAM	(Yeager)	115	8	5	5½	8½	10½	11	9½	40.85
POLLY'S JUDY	(E.Gonsales)	109	1	2	2½	2½	3½	10½	10½	103.75
ASYOUIS	(Breen)	113¼	4	10	10½	11½	11½	11½	11¼	102.25
OPERA GIRL	(Leblanc)	113	2	7	5½	9½d	12	12	12	91.70

TOP CEILING, $7.60, $4.20, $2.90; FIRE POWER, $5.90, $3.70; SUNSTORM, $4.30.

Daily Double—BROWSLEY and TOP CEILING Paid $19.10.

THIRD RACE—Six furlongs. Purse, $3000. For 2-year-olds; claiming price $3000 to $7000. Start good. Won driving; place same. Went to post at 3:06. Off at 3:07½. Winner, Greer's ch. f. (2) by Swashbuckler—Miss Happy by Happy Argo. Trainer, J. B. Bond. Values, $1850, $700, $300, $150. Time, 1:13.

Horses	Jockeys	Wgt.	Post	St.	¼	½	¾	Str.	Fin.	Straight
SCAT BACK	(Breen)	122	3	2	2½	1½	1½	1½d	1½	$3.50
FAIR CROSS	(Young)	119	2	3	1½	2½	2½	2½	2½	10.10
LESBIAN	(Stout)	116	9	1	4½	3½	3½	3½	3½	20.00
ROCKWOOD BETTY	(Gonsales)	116	1	11	11½	7½	6½	4½	4½	39.05
ROSES ARE RED	(Lynch)	111½	10	9	10½	8½	7½	5½d	5½	2.50
KANKEEKEE	(Permane)	116	1	7	9½	9½d	10½	9½	6½	24.75
RINGOLETTE	(Buxton)	116	4	8	8½	6½	5½	6½	7½	1.75
PATS ANNE	(Yeager)	119	11	12	12	12	12	11½	8½	92.15
GOWN MODEL	(E.Gonsales)	103	6	6	7½	5½	8½	9½	9½	8.15
KURKLAND	(Purser)	111	12	10	9½	11½	11½	10½	10½	456.00
PLAY BEDDIE	(Wright)	113	8	4	3½	4½	6½	8½	11½	109.10
COLONIAL BOY	(Wright)	116	7	5	6½	10½d	12	12	12	17.80

SCAT BACK, $19.00, $8.60, $5.80; FAIR CROSS, $9.10, $6.70; LESBIAN, $12.90.

FOURTH RACE—The Sail Fish. Six furlongs. Purse, $3500. For 4-year-olds and up; claiming prices $6500 to $6000. Start good. Won driving; place same. Went to post at 3:36. Off at 3:36. Winner, Mrs. M. Wear's b. g. (4) by Michigan Boy—Marina Dalton by Diavolo. Trainer, R. M. Conbor. Values, $2200, $750, $300, $150. Time, 1:12.

Horses	Jockeys	Wgt.	Post	St.	¼	½	¾	Str.	Fin.	Straight
NORTH PARK	(M.N.Gonsales)	112	1	1	2½	2½	2½	1½	1½	$61.70
BOREMIA	(Hooper)	112	3	2	1½	1½	1½	2½d	2½	41.85
GOLDIE'S HONEY	(Padgett)	112	2	3	3½	3½	3½	3½	3½	8.90
TRANSFLINT	(Moon)	116	5	5	5½	4½	4½	4½	4½	10.90
HELVETIAN	(Buxton)	114	4	4	4½	5½	5½	5½	5½	39.05
AMERICAN WOLF	(Conorato)	112	7	7	6½	6½	6½	6½	6½	3.85
CECROPS	(Lynch)	112	6	6	8½	7½	7½	7½	7½	8.85
AFRICAN SUN	(Manley)	110	9	8	9½	9½d	8½	8½	8½	8.15
FORVERMINE	(Scawthorn)	116	10	9	10½	10½d	9½	9½	9½	7.25
CAVATORTA	(Mora)	113	8	10	10	10	10	10	10	6.75

NORTH PARK, $125.40, $52.40, $27.60; BOREMIA, $38.40, $18.20; GOLDIES HONEY, $7.90.

FIFTH RACE—The Breakers. One mile and a furlong. Purse, $3000. For 3-year-olds and up; claiming prices $3000 to $4000. Start good. Won driving; place same. Went to post at 4:05. Off at 4:05½. Winner, Glenwood Farm's b. f. (4) by Bolster—Fair Alice by Fairamond II. Trainer, J. P. Buckhalter. Values, $1850, $700, $300, $150. Time, 1:54⅘.

Horses	Jockeys	Wgt.	Post	St.	¼	½	¾	Str.	Fin.	Straight
ICE GIRL	(Young)	114	4	3	3½	2½	2½	2½	1½	$3.70
CALCUTTA	(Bridger)	111	3	2	2½	1½	1½	1½	2½	5.15
EXECUTIVE	(Stout)	117	1	1	1½	3½	3½	3½	3½	4.30
PENNANT WAY	(M.Gonsales)	109	5	5	5½	4½	4½	4½	4½	7.50
FELT HAT	(Conorato)	119	2	4	4½	5½	5½	5½	5½	1.65

ICE GIRL, $7.40, $4.30, $3.30; CALCUTTA, $5.70, $3.30; EXECUTIVE, $3.20.

SIXTH RACE—One and one-sixteenth miles. Purse, $3500. For 3-year-olds; claiming price $4000. Start good. Won driving; place same. Went to post at 4:36. Off at 4:37. Winner, Ann McNair's b. f. (3) by Flash—Miss Porter by The Porter. Trainer, V. Arthur. Values, $1650, $500, $250, $100. Time, 1:47⅘.

Horses	Jockeys	Wgt.	Post	St.	¼	½	¾	Str.	Fin.	Straight
MISS SONIA	(Buxton)	111	5	5	2½	2½	1½	1½	1½	$10.10
TOP SECRET	(Buxton)	111	6	8	7½	8½	6½	4½	3½	3.35
DARTEN	(Fansell)	117	3	3	6½	6½	5½	3½	3½	3.70
PAGRANNY	(Stout)	116	4	1	1½	1½	2½	2½	4½	1.80
CORKONIAN LAD	(Permane)	113	1	4	4½	5½	7½	6½	5½	20.40
FOREVER AT IT	(Manley)	113	9	7	8½d	4½	4½	5½	6½	16.70
JET FLAME	(Conorato)	114	7	9	9½	7½	8½	7½	7½	8.05
GAUNTLET	(Rose)	116	8	6	5½	9½d	9½d	8½	8½d	19.85
HELEN'S GIRL	(M.Gonsales)	114	1	4	9	9	9	9	9	35.35

MISS SONIA, $38.30, $13.40, $7.60; TOP SECRET, $4.80, $3.70; DARTEN, $4.00.

SEVENTH RACE—The Flying Duck. One and one-sixteenth miles. Purse, $3500. For 2-year-olds. Start good. Won easily; place driving. Went to post at 5:06. Off at 5:06. Winner, Glen Riddle Farms' ch. c. (1) by Man o' War—Fairview by Wise Counsellor. Trainer, C. C. Cribbin. Values, $2200, $750, $350, $150. Time, 1:46⅘.

Horses	Jockeys	Wgt.	Post	St.	¼	½	¾	Str.	Fin.	Straight
MONITOR	(C.Kirk)	116	4	3	4½	2½	1½	1½	1½	$2.65
WAR SWORD	(Wright)	114	8	6	6½	6½	4½	3½	2½	13.85
ADMIRAL'S AIDE	(Young)	114	6	8	8½	8½	7½	5½	3½	4.35
RINGTHEBELL	(Stout)	116	2	2	3½	4½	3½	4½	4½	3.30
POPO LASS	(Moon)	113	5	7	7	7	6½	6½	5½	4.05
I DID	(Permane)	116	3	5	5½	3½	5½	7	6½	13.85
RUN LADY	(Pannell)	111	1	4	1½	1½	2½	2½	7	9.45

MONITOR, $7.30, $4.20, $3.40; WAR SWORD, $9.40, $4.60; ADMIRAL'S AIDE, $3.90.

EIGHTH RACE—One and one-sixteenth miles. Purse, $3500. For 4-year-olds and up; claiming price $2500. Start good. Won driving; place same. Went to post at 5:36. Off at 5:37½. Winner, C. R. Vance's b. g. (4) by Action—Little Woman by Wrack. Trainer, C. R. Ponce. Values, $1650, $500, $250, $100. Time, 1:49.

Horses	Jockeys	Wgt.	Post	St.	¼	½	¾	Str.	Fin.	Straight
GENIAL SAM S.	(Stout)	113	8	2	2½	1½	1½	1½	1½	$4.20
JIMMIE'S AIDE	(Gonsales)	113	4	3	3½	3½	3½	2½	2½	30.70
GRAY CALL	(M.Gonsales)	113	1	4	4½	5½	4½	3½	3½	8.45
TIME BOOK	(Root)	119	7	11	11½	10½	8½	6½	4½	15.85
ROSCOE K.	(Herman)	113	2	5	4½	4½	5½	4½	5½	99.25
WOLF CREEK	(Walters)	116	12	12	12	12	12	10½	6½	7.15
GOLDEN MESSAGE	(Wright)	115	9	10	10½	6½	7½	7½	7½	13.90
LA REINETTE	(Manley)	108	3	9	11½	11½	9½	9½	8½	1.45
ANDY MARK	(Padgett)	118	10	8	9½	10½	10½	10½	9½	17.35
NOAH'S CHOICE	(Greene)	116	11	1	1½	2½	6½	8½	10½	60.80
SERGEANT J. V.	(Leblanc)	113	3	7	8½	8½d	9½	11½	11½	77.75
PINCKNEY	(Riemi)	116	12	6	6½	9½	11½	12	12	11.20

GENIAL SAM S., $10.40, $6.60, $4.90; JIMMIE'S AIDE, $26.80, $11.40; GRAY CALL, $4.60.

Atlantic City

1—¾; $2500; 3-year-old maidens.

Tiger Bess	113	Excitement
Rirar Black	120	Dancing Dolly
Goose Feather	117	Haigas
Park Scandal	122	Northern Trust
Derrabard	120	In Time

2—¾; $2500; 4-year-olds up; claiming.

Russian Valor	114	Pintee
Easy Chair	112	Kire
Victory Maid	106	†Free Duchess
Henry Knight	114	Huracon
Rye Beach	109	Sonia Mc
†Balmand	117	Mirbriar
War Joy	114	Ann-San

†Barzback-Fielding entry.

3—¾; $3000; 3-year-olds up; claiming.

Machin	111	Pelops
Bidsma	111	Joshua
Naval Base	106	Lanlast

4—1⅛; $2500; 4-year-olds up; claiming.

Limehouse	119	Marcha Pink
Awashonks	114	Mercy Angel
Lanceron	114	White Ford
Tell Me More	124	Appointee
Burdman	119	

5—1⅛; $15,000 added; 3-year-olds up.

Rhodiate	109	Earshot
Tony's Find	112	Cherry Pop
Buddy Kenney	103	†Letmenow
†Forgetmenow	111	

†Hal Price Headley entry.

6—1⅛; $4000; 3-year-olds up.

Turbine	118	Prefect
Larky Day	124	Allison Peters

7—1⅛; $3000; 3-year-olds; claiming.

Escort	111	Fast Feather
Broad Daylight	111	Broadloom
River Pat	113	Jacoped
David T.	116	

8—1⅛; $3000; 3-year-olds up; claiming.

Bully Gusher	117	Passan
Proud Pappy	109	Perfina
Jean Play	114	War Peak
Garand	107	Mystery Rock
Gremlin	119	High Command
Firebroom	114	

ATLANTIC CITY SELECTIONS
1—Excitement, Haigas, Goose Feather.
2—Russian Valor, Mirbriar, Huracon.
3—Lanlast, Pelops, Joshua.
4—Limehouse, White Ford, Tell Me More.
5—LETMENOW, Tony's Find, Buddy Kenney.
6—Larky Day, Cat Bridge, Allison Peters.
7—River Pat, Broadloom, Jacoped.
8—Gremlin, Proud Pappy, Bully Gusher.

Post Consensus

AT ATLANTIC CITY
1—Excitement, In Time, Rirar Black.
2—KIRE, Easy Chair, Free Duchess.
3—Joshua, Lanlast, Machine.
4—Merry Angel, Limehouse, Lanceron.
5—Letmenow, Forgetmenow, Earshot.
6—Larky Day, Turbine, Cat Bridge.
7—River Pat, Escort, Broad Daylight.
8—Firebroom, Proud Pappy, High Command.

AT NARRAGANSETT
1—Her Answer, Gay Marine, Kurdistan.
2—Halemar, Blessie, Oxford Don.
3—Top Transit, Dispose, Zazaline.
4—Music, Axiom, Land N' Sea.
5—Navy Cross, Breezing Home, Harvest Night.
6—DONOR, Miss Kimo, Double Jay.
7—Eternity, Heliopolis, Aprovriado.
8—Jamerica, War Glenn, Tukon.

AT BELMONT PARK
1—Fourscore, Fire Bomb, Graciously.
2—Bells of Reigh, Happy Land, Rains Came.
3—Cover, Little Sammie, Gain Reigh.
4—First Flight, Tea Olive, Pipette.
5—Tel O'Sullivan, Broadway Joe, Miss Falcon.
6—Mahout, School Tie, Alamond.
7—Hawkgate, Bright Argosy, Bubrush.
8—ECONOMICAL, Gay Legend, Bam.

He Finally Came Up

Rome, Sept. 27 (AP).—A Venice dispatch today said that Ezio Grazioni, 22-year-old merchant, yesterday broke the European record for immersion by staying under water for exactly five minutes.

Sailor, Marine Fugitives Sought by D. C. Police

The Navy Department last night asked the Metropolitan Police to look out for a sailor and a marine who had escaped from the brig at the Anacostia Receiving Station.

The men, both awaiting general courts-martial, were listed as Paul D. Church, seaman second class, wearing blue dungarees and a white shirt, and Marine Pvt. Joseph E. Hart, clad in khaki pants and white shirt.

Atlantic City

1—¾; $2500; 3-year-old maidens.

Tiger Bess	113	Excitement
Rirar Black	120	Dancing Dolly
Goose Feather	117	Haigas
Park Scandal	122	Northern Trust
Derrabard	120	In Time

2—¾; $2500; 4-year-olds up; claiming.

Russian Valor	114	Pintee
Easy Chair	112	Kire
Victory Maid	106	†Free Duchess
Henry Knight	114	Huracon
Rye Beach	109	Sonia Mc
†Balmand	117	Mirbriar
War Joy	114	Ann-San

†Barzback-Fielding entry.

3—¾; $3000; 3-year-olds up; claiming.

Machin	111	Pelops
Bidsma	111	Joshua
Naval Base	106	Lanlast

4—1⅛; $2500; 4-year-olds up; claiming.

Limehouse	119	Marcha Pink
Awashonks	114	Mercy Angel
Lanceron	114	White Ford
Tell Me More	124	Appointee
Burdman	119	

5—1⅛; $15,000 added; 3-year-olds up.

Rhodiate	109	Earshot
Tony's Find	112	Cherry Pop
Buddy Kenney	103	†Letmenow
†Forgetmenow	111	

†Hal Price Headley entry.

6—1⅛; $4000; 3-year-olds up.

Turbine	118	Prefect
Larky Day	124	Allison Peters

7—1⅛; $3000; 3-year-olds; claiming.

Escort	111	Fast Feather
Broad Daylight	111	Broadloom
River Pat	113	Jacoped
David T.	116	

8—1⅛; $3000; 3-year-olds up; claiming.

Bully Gusher	117	Passan
Proud Pappy	109	Perfina
Jean Play	114	War Peak
Garand	107	Mystery Rock
Gremlin	119	High Command
Firebroom	114	

ATLANTIC CITY SELECTIONS
1—Excitement, Haigas, Goose Feather.
2—Russian Valor, Mirbriar, Huracon.
3—Lanlast, Pelops, Joshua.
4—Limehouse, White Ford, Tell Me More.
5—LETMENOW, Tony's Find, Buddy Kenney.
6—Larky Day, Cat Bridge, Allison Peters.
7—River Pat, Broadloom, Jacoped.
8—Gremlin, Proud Pappy, Bully Gusher.

Belmont Park

1—¾; $4000; 3-year-old fillies; allowance.

Fourscore	114	Graciously
Trilby	114	Blue Eyed Mimo
Earthy	114	Graciously
Fire Bomb	114	Jeanne Belle
Tea Pulse	114	Happy Yam
Pranties Bid	114	†Reigh Flash
Proud Miss	114	†Her Call
Dancing Margot	114	Sugar Pill
Aching Back	114	Anniesopequotch
Imperil	114	

†Mrs. J. D. Hertz entry.

2—¾; $4000; 3-year-old fillies; allowance.

Avenue Bell	113	Prop Girl
Bells of Reigh	113	Happy Land
Rains Came	113	Kisses Chance
Shes Regal	113	Inotime

3—6½, 2 m.; $4000; 3-year-olds up; allowance.

Tourist Last	144	Coast
Gala Reign	148	War Battle
Little Sammie	141	

4—1¼; $25,000 added; 2-year-old fillies.

Tea Olive	115	Keynote
Margaret	110	Quarantine
†Bright Song	119	Kain Kai
Bay Blue	122	Now And Again
†First Flight	122	War Path
Pipette	115	Bimblette
‡Value d'Or	115	Oracle Vee

†C. V. Whitney entry.
‡Belair Stud-Wheatley Stable-O. Phipps entry.

5—¾; $4000; 3-year-olds; allowance.

Tel O'Sullivan	122	Rondure
Broadway Joe	111	Riposte
Outoftheblue	111	Darby Devon
Blue Falcon	111	

6—1⅛; $25,000 added; 3-year-olds; stakes.

School Tie	118	Alamond
Mahout	118	

7—1⅛; $5000 added; 3-year-olds up.

Pickpocket	100	Bay Magic
Grand Prince II	120	Friend or Foe
†Fightign Lady	102	Bulrush
†Bellwether	113	Rouigate
Bright Argosy	108	Lets Dance
Oatmeal	113	Sounding Home

†Cain Hoy Stable entry.

8—1⅛; $4000; 3-year-olds up; allowance.

Free Dutch	115	Sam
Gay Legend	111	Twentynine
Bare Skirt	106	Buddie Bones
Economical	123	Let Me Thru

BELMONT SELECTIONS
1—Reigh Flash, Anniesopequotch, Imperil.
2—Bells of Reigh, Inotime, Happy Land.
3—No selection.
4—FIRST FLIGHT, Pipette, Say Blue.
5—Hippodrome, Broadway Joe, Tel O'Sullivan.
6—Mahout, Alamond, School Tie.
7—Let's Dance, Sounding Home, Bright Argosy.
8—Economical, Buddie Bones, Bam.

1—¾; $3500; maiden 2-year-olds; claiming.

Medalist, 120 (Longden)	8.80	4.70	3.40
Pharus, 120 (Dupuy)		5.80	4.10
Scotch Secret, 120 (Mehrtens)			4.30

*Foxy Jack, *Harsam, Divino, *Orsvilton, *Blazing Away, Chestwick, Mr. Dodo, *Orizkany, *Count Royal, Warden Jr., Bullhead, *Eddie Buller, *Ballol, *Texas Style, *Play Some, Penetrator, Narcissus, *Tiara V. *Field.

2—½; $4000; maiden 3-year-olds upward.

Darby Doodle, 119 (Wilson)	12.60	7.80	4.90
Stefan, 119 (Jessop)		40.70	15.00
Newspring, 119 (Arcaro)			4.40

Balarus, *Frosty Hill, Beacon Light, *Flame of India, *Joe Castle, Archer, Mill Point, Himmeles, Crosus, Rikus, Aesthetes. *Field.

3—1½; $3500; 3-year-olds up; claiming.

Paradise, 106 (Peoples)	21.10	7.30	5.10
Texas, 122 (Mehrtens)		4.10	2.60
Out of the Red, 135 (Adams)			7.10

Phalanger, Spikery, Diabillio, Nolio, Busy Man, Similar, Mark Red.

4—½; $4000; maiden 2-year-olds.

‡Faultless, 116 (Dodson)	12

Mae West—Milliner

A Star Is A-Borning; Also, the Inside Story On Queen Mary's Hats

BEFORE WE TELL you about how Queen Mary got some of her hat ideas from Mae West, we want to dive overboard about the superb play-acting you'll find in the Barter Theater group. Quite a morning, isn't it?

Mae West

We ventured down to Alexandria the other night, aware of Barter's high repute, but in performance these players were a stirring surprise. At least one of them will someday be a big name in theater heavens.

The play was "Much Ado About Nothing," that sophisticated comedy wherein W. Shakespeare showed he might have been the Nuhl Caawd of his day had he wished. Robert Porterfield's people have staged the play in that flowing manner in which each scene succeeds the other without the wholly unnecessary scene changes. Their settings are sprightly as well as portable; their costumes are ingeniously clever and Barter-made.

But the great thing about these people is their voices. Their speech is rich and clear-cut, quite the finest that's been heard in this vicinity and probably in slovenly New York in many a long day. They make the language sing, as it should in one of Will's plays, and they do it with a zest and polish. Lud, they sounded wonderful!

"A Star Danced"

In a company so obviously professional (all are Equiety members), it seems a pity to put the spotlight on one, yet ever her associates must agree that Joan DeWeese has that indefinable something that makes an audience sit up when they see her and say: "Who is this?"

Miss DeWeese had the happy role of Beatrice, a true enough plum, but she gives her a quality refreshing as an afternoon rain. Like her confederates she speaks with a silver tongue. We understand she is this year's scholarship winner, named by Lous Calhern. Joan DeWeese is a name to remember.

Robert Pastene's Don Pedro is a noble fellow, too, John Vivyan's "Sigh No More" delightful and Larry Gates and Frederic Warriner succeed in making the clowns, Dogberry and Verges, laughable.

The company's next performances in this vicinity are Tuesday night in Arlington's Washington and Lee High School, "Arms and the Man," for which tickets are now on sale in the Willard Hotel lobby, the same night in Fairfax High School with "State of the Union" (tickets from the Fairfax Rotary Club) and next Thursday night in Alexandria for "Blithe Spirit," with the American Legion as sponsor.

The Two Mae Wests

Now to the inimitable Miss West, who boasts a split personality.

You are familiar with her public character, but her private one is equally diverting. Talking about the stage character she has created, she has all the shrewd enthusiasm of a housewife who knows where to buy ribs of beef.

A visit to her dressing room after a performance is a show in itself. Mae likes her audience and holds court for autograph-seekers, well-wishers and old friends. When we dropped by, at least a hundred others swarmed through, an independent soul tried to climb in the bathroom window and Miss West game imitations of people imitating Mae West.

Among other things, Miss West is an extremely theater-wise lady. No one understands better than she, nor works harder to maintain, the Mae West illusion. "Audiences must sympathize with me. They've got to like me or they just won't accept some of the outrageous things I say and do. I have to protect my love interest and I have to protect my sex interest. Take this play. I could get lots of louder, vulgar, individual laughs, but if I did you wouldn't like the girl I'm playing."

Private Performance

To illustrate, she delves back, with gestures, to scence from "Diamond Lil." "I've just stolen a girl's diamond brooch and then I kill her and then my boy friend comes in. I pull the girl's long hair down over her face and start combing it. He wants me to go out with him. But I can't leave her. So I say: 'I'm doin' somethin' I've never done befoah.' Slow curtain. Now, I ask you, could I do that baloney if an audience didn't like me?"

As to "Come On Up," she points out that in this country if anyone is lonely they can always pick up a friend in a hotel lobby or via the phone. Hence, to drag in the balloon idea which might otherwise be preposterous, a French maid is introduced.

About thos hats. When Mae's films were screened in Buckingham Palace, she tells us (and we, trusting gallant, believe her) that Her Majesty had the films run through for the benefit of her hat designers so they can make her some just like Mae's.

"Come On Up" moves to Baltimore Monday and then should be thinking about New York. And if the wiseacres don't go for her the way Washington has, it's their loss. Mae's one of the cleverest actresses in the business and don't let anyone tell you she isn't. She's also one of the most interesting to talk to.

Tomorrow afternoon's concert in Constitution Hall by the Phil Spitalny Hour of Charm will bring Marian Williams back to her home own. Marian, whose family lives at 532 11th st. se., has played sax for the all-girl orchestra the last eight years. Her father, who once was assistant director of the National Capitol Cadet Band, was her first teacher. The Sunday concert will be a full-length one, beginning at 3, with the last half hour going out as the first of the program's new series on WTOP. Tickets at the Snow Agency.

Connecticut State Unit Plans Cocktail Party

Connecticut State Society will be entertained tomorrow at a cocktail party at the home of Mr. and Mrs. Bradford Fullerton, 1420 North 12th st., Arlington. The party is scheduled from 5 to 7 p. m. This is the first meeting of the fall season and all former residents of Connecticut are invited. Mrs. Fullerton is taking reservations.

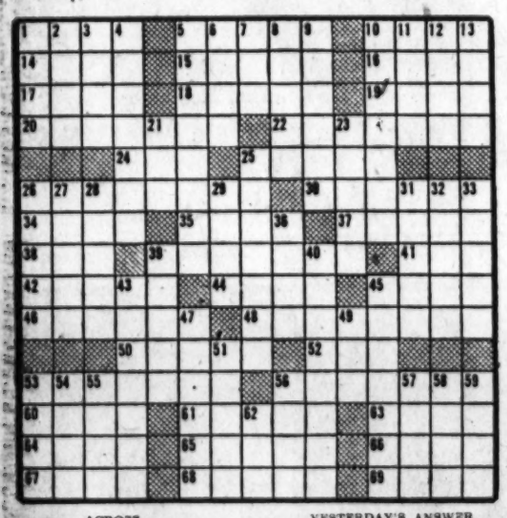
Wesleyan Alumnae

The Washington Chapter of the Wesleyan Alumnae Association will hold its first fall meeting at a luncheon today at 12:30 at the Burlington Hotel. Dr. Luther H. Evans, librarian of Congress, will speak.

Daughter to Enders

Mr. and Mrs. Robert J. Enders announce the birth of a daughter, Leslie Candace, at Garfield Hospital, September 25.

Today's Crossword Puzzle



ACROSS

1 Difficult
5 Skillful
10 Medicinal quantity
14 Bitter drug
15 Monkey-like animal
16 Poisonous tree
17 Headland
18 Lady beloved by Petrarch
19 Check
20 Rob
22 Raise in esteem
24 Macaw
25 Nut
26 A challenge
30 Halt on the march
34 Nose oil: var.
35 Peruses carefully
37 Double ring
DOWN
1 A betrothal
2 To the sheltered side
3 Tan bark
4 Desperation
5 Confederacy
6 Distribute
7 Ostrich-like bird
8 Thick soup
9 Hypnotic state
28 Seine
39 Refers
41 Wins
42 Desire eagerly
44 Indigo dye
45 Uproar
46 Entangle
48 Printed cotton fabric
50 Spear
52 School of whales
53 Awry
56 Equilibrium
60 Legal claim
61 Greek theater
62 Approach
64 Herring sauce
65 Souvenir
66 Maize
67 Alone
68 Roman official
69 Grafted: her.
10 Imprisonment
11 Public
12 Turkish vessel
13 Slave
21 Anglo-Saxon money
22 Suspends
23 Punishment
25 More miserly
27 Forever: poet
28 Deadly
29 African tree
31 With force
32 Surplus profits: colloq.
33 Dish
36 Move
39 Put up again
40 Refinement
43 Hanging drapery
45 Fable
47 Repeated performance
49 Hindu cymbals
51 Surrendered
53 Exclamation
54 Fodder pit
55 Caress
58 Seethe
57 Gaseous element
58 Two-wheeled vehicle
59 Sea eagle
62 Hebrew prophet

YESTERDAY'S ANSWER

JANE ARDEN

SURE— COME ON UPSTAIRS AND I'LL SHOW YOU THE PRETTIEST PEARL YOU EVER SET EYES ON!
DID YOU GET IT?
NOW WHEN DO I DO MY STUFF?
WE'LL WAIT A WEEK— THEN I'LL BAIT THE HOOK— THAT WAY IT WON'T LOOK TOO PAT!
ABOUT A WEEK—
I'LL BE AROUND TO SEE WHAT HAPPENS!

LEONARD LYONS

Office Boy's Reverie

New York, Sept. 27.—The unanimous approval of the appointment of W. Averell Harriman as Secretary of Commerce indicates that his successful business and diplomatic careers qualify him for elective public office. Harriman disclaims political ambitions. Some years ago, however, Quentin Reynolds urged his candidacy. "But on which side of the tracks was Harriman born?" a politician asked him. Reynolds, remembering that among Harriman's interests is the Union Pacific R. R., which he had inherited from his father, replied: "Harriman was born ON the tracks."

Leonard Lyons

Harriman is in his early 50's. On the day his daughter told him he was about to become a grandfather, she said: "Well, daddy, I guess it's time we start calling you grandpop." Harriman shook his head and suggested: "No, I guess it's time you start calling me Averell" . . . The wartime Minister to London and Ambassador to Moscow was a member of the Beaverbrook-Harriman mission to Russia. In leaving England their plane was fired upon by the British, and in crossing into Russia their plane was fired upon by the Reds. "I'm sorry you had trouble," Stalin greeted them, "but that sometimes happens during a war." Harriman sighed: "Yes, but what a war. I've been shot at by the British and by the Russians, but never by the Germans."

He works cooly and efficiently and I've never seen him ruffled, not since the first time I met him, when I was his office boy at the Palisades Park Commission. Only once did he confess, publicly, that he was puzzled and disturbed. That was when he was chairman of the National Business Advisory Council. After eight years, during which the council received constant criticism from Government officials, they were invited to a dinner in their honor, given by Jesse Jones, then Secretary of Commerce. "We're pleased, but puzzled," said Harriman at the dinner. "Why this, in our honor, after such criticism?" Jones said: "I'll tell you why," then indicated the millionaires present and turned to Ed Flynn, chairman of the Democratic National Committee and said: "Here are the boys to take care of your deficit."

Dr. Luis Enrique Erro, director of Mexico's Tonantzintla Observatory near Puebla, has been complaining these past few years about his failing hearing. Avila Camacho, President of Mexico, obtained able ear-specialists to treat him and paid for the operation which was expected to restore his hearing . . . The operation was unsuccessful. President Camacho, as a gesture of gratitude for Dr. Erro's services to the nation, presented him with $25,000. Dr. Erro accepted the gift, and with the money immediately purchased a new $25,000 telescope to be installed in the government's observatory.

Bobby LeBranche tells of taking an Army friend of his into an old, exclusive club in London. There he introduced the soldier to a venerable member who bears one of the most distinguished titles in Britain . . . They chatted for a few minutes, and when they left the soldier told the Britisher: "Sir, it's nice to know you" . . . "Know me?" the titled one gasped. "Know me? Young man, that takes years—and even then you'll find me disappointing."

Prof. Albert Einstein attended a public dinner where almost every judge in New York was present. Einstein was introduced to them, one by one. After meeting the first 25, and then viewing the long line of judges still waiting to be presented, he whispered: "So many judges—New York must be a very wicked city." . . . Alec Waugh is in New York. He's finished two thirds of his new novel for Farrar, Straus. . . . As a result of the success of Hoagy Carmichael's recordings of his own songs, Songwriter Jack Lawrence will record an album of his songs for Cosmo. Former Pvt. Frank Loesser also expects to make a record album. At a Washington reception last week a Cabinet member left with Henry A. Wallace, but first sent an emissary ahead to make sure no photographers were there.

For the past few weeks Ben Hecht's name has dominated the credit lines on Broadway's show houses. He wrote "Notorious," now in its seventh week at the Music Hall. He wrote, produced and directed "Specter of the Rose," now at the Victoria. He's the author of "A Flag Is Born," a sell-out for its entire run at the Alvin Theater, and is the coauthor of "The Front Page," again a hit, and "Swan Song," which closes a long run this week . . . Hecht opened "Swan Song" without an out-of-town tryout. "It's an experiment," he said. "I don't think out-of-town tryouts serve any purpose." He admitted error, after the opening . . . "Next time, I'll try opening a play without inviting critics," he proposed. "Who needs them?" But then he opened "A Flag Is Born" and invited the critics. "An author," he now has decided, "needs no critics only when his play is bad."

Gabriel Pascal is trying to sign Marlon Brando and Sam Jaffe for his movie adaptation of Shaw's "Doctor's Dilemma" . . . Philco will sponsor Burl Ives' new transcribed series over Mutual next month . . . American Airlines expects to make an inaugural flight of its new airline to Moscow . . . A group of Nick the Greek's friends collected all the exxaggerated items published this year about the gambler's activities. If each column report about him is accurate, then the figures show that Nick's total losses this year are over eight million dollars . . . Nick's specialty now, incidentally, is the laying of odds against his opponent's ability to draw against a specified poker hand—from a pair of treys up to a full house.

In last Sunday's Herald Tribune Gabriel Pascal was interviewed by Otis Guernsey, jr., who quoted the film producer as having said: "I can detect that many of you Americans are color blind, because if you were not, you would not wear those incredible neckties." . . . Mr. Guernsey's report failed to describe the tie Pascal was wearing at the time. Three days before the interview appeared Pascal was at my house where, as is our custom, he admired, selected and carried with him some of my best, incredible American neckties.

The Gentler Sex

By Malvina Lindsay

A GREAT many Americans wish this country would grow up. Part of them are men who require suits 40 to 44, and who object to wearing the sport shirts that adorn every haberdasher's window. Of greater number are those women whose proportions and tastes have developed beyond the junior miss stage. Still others are women and men past 60, who have shrunk instead of expanded, yet who recoil from looking like caricatures of subdebs or rah rah boys.

The clothes situation is only one phase of the teen-age cult, but it is the place where rebellion is about to flare. This will come from women, rather than men, as the latter, who spend 50 per cent less on their backs than do their wives, are traditionally meeker in sartorial matters.

The reconvening this fall of around 10 million women in organizations has emphasized the need of attractive clothes for "the important woman," as advertising writers put it. Women traditionally dress up for their fall club meetings, men for their October conventions. But both find teen-agers' clothes hogging the show in advertisements, window displays and stocks.

HENCE, some women leaders plan to protest directly to manufacturers. Some resolutions may be passed, though women's organizations are squeamish about acting on such a matter as dress when foreign policy and atomic energy are crying for their attention. Yet they well know how necessary are the right clothes in putting over worthy causes.

All women size 38 and above may be counted on to rally to this rebellion. During the war they were the stepchildren of the clothing industry. They were told endlessly by slender chits in retail stores, "We don't carry any out-size dresses," or "The manufacturers don't make the larger models." Even when they found their sizes, they frequently had to accept high waistlines, cap sleeves, bows and ruffles.

There is even some hope the portly manhood of the Nation will join the protest since so many of its members are down to their uppers from their futile trampings in search of suits easy in the girth, and shirts of the non-sport variety—and price.

But even before war shortages developed, women who admitted to being grown up were finding shopping increasingly hard because of the growing emphasis on a size 14 feminine America. Significantly, the "perfect 36" (today a size 16) long ago gave way to the smaller, younger model.

THIS WAS PART of the national pursuit of youth, in dress, coiffure, behavior, that reached a climax in the 1920's, and that is still going strong. The teen-ager must be served today, as was the flapper of a generation ago.

Yet only 9 per cent of the feminine population is between 15 and 19 years of age, only 27 per cent between 15 and 29. Women of 40 and above number 33.1 per cent. What is more, the mature woman (it might be better to say "adult" since "mature" is virtually a fighting word in America) has more money to buy clothes.

With women's apparel and accessory stores reporting sales of $3,589,000,000 in 1945—a rise from $1,190,000,000 in 1941—women leaders feel that as consumers they should be saying more about what is sold them. They also realize that women largely determine the Nation's social attitudes, and that teen-age clothes and behavior, overemphasized, lead to teen-age thinking and civilization.

However, there are some indications the teen-age fad may be losing its grip. One dress manufacturer recently announced his "discovery" of the needs of the small-sized older woman. Others have promised more attention to the larger sizes of all ages. Also, clothes designs are tending to be more womanly. And psychiatrists and educators are vigorously campaigning against adolescent-mindedness as one of the main causes of war.

Miss Vera Bloom Back in Capital After Indies Trip

Miss Vera Bloom, daughter of Representative Sol Bloom, is back in town for a week or so before going on to New York. She spent six weeks at Swampscott, Mass., this summer and has just returned from a West Indies cruise with Miss Marie Wilkerson.

They stopped in Nassau, had luncheon with the Governor of Jamaica and in Caracas, Venezuela, were entertained at luncheon by Allan Dawson, son of Mrs. Thomas Dawson of Washington, who is Charge d'Affaires of Venezuela during the absence of the Ambassador, Frank Corrigan.

With the United Nations convening on October 23 and her father a delegate, coupled with a congressional campaign year, Miss Bloom is looking forward to an interesting time in New York this fall.

Portraits

By James J. Metcalfe

Pinafore playtime

Kristina likes her home but she . . . prefers to be outdoors . . . And most of all she likes to dress . . . In pretty pinafores . . . She has her sandbox on the porch . . . In which she often plays . . . And there are many other things . . . To occupy her days . . . She likes to wheel her buggy with . . . Her dollies tucked inside . . . And now and then she comes to me . . . To get a buggy ride . . . She wants her older brothers to . . . Be near as they can be . . . So they will always talk to her . . . And watch her carefully . . . She is a little darling whom . . . We naturally adore . . . Especially when she has on . . . A little pinafore.

To Fort Monroe

Brig. Gen. and Mrs. George W. Smythe and their 16-year-old son, John, will leave next week for Fort Monroe, where the general will be stationed with the Army Ground Forces. Another son, George, jr., is at West Point.

Susie Q.

"I simply don't see how they can be mad on such a gorgeous afternoon!"

Of All Things!

By Martha Ellyn

"OU LA LA!"—Some good things happen quite by accident. The famous potato dish, Pommes de Terre Souffle, originated when a French woman set aside a sizzling panful of pommes frites (French-fried) to rush to window and ogle at Bonaparte riding by at the head of his victorious troops. When she came out of her trance she had cold grease-soaked potatoes. No, they didn't throw out food in those early empire war days either. She put the spuds on in hot fat. They puffed up miraculously, crisp shells full of air, round and fat like toy balloons.

Such cooking "accidents" are still happening. Mrs. Fred V. Kiem came upon a delightful dessert quite by accident. Uncle Sam says "nix on whipping cream" and women get agitated over many concoctions for a bit of fluff for their desserts. Mrs. Kiem happened upon whip topping in a frozen food store, was pleased as punch. She whipped up a batch, adding sugar and vanilla, used a small portion and put the rest in the refrigerator. She forgot the concoction until her six-year-old granddaughter, Janie, discovered it while helping herself to a drink of milk. Janie ovelooks nothing that resembles ice cream. "Oh, ice cream, Grandmother," called Janie. Mrs. Kiem hot-footed it to the kitchen, amazed to learn that Janie wasn't far wrong. Whip topping had frozen, resulting in something tasting and looking like frozen custard. Delightful surprise—dessert for dinner without making it!

A COOL $100,000—Rosemary Sheehan, red-haired, petal-skinned publicity gal, was a Washington visitor this week. She'd just come from Cleveland, where she directed a style show. Jacqueline Cochran, famous aviatrix, who lives in a Statler penthouse, was a judge at the show. The two were chatting along when Jacqueline said to Rosemary, "Seems to me, we've known each other some place, haven't we?" "Slightly," quipped the Irish Rosemary. "I'm the gal you sued for $100,000 when I had but $80 in the bank (a suit over cosmetic name infringement). There was a slight bit of correspondence."

TO A WATERFOWL—The snowy egret, most beautiful of all Southern waterfowl, is not extinct in this country, partly because of tabasco sauce. Edward A. McIlhenny, an ardent and enthusiastic ornithologist, whose old plantation near Iberia, La., is one of the showplaces of the South, has built artificial islands on dredged-out ponds. Here is the only place where this graceful bird has a place to regularly feather its nest outside Florida. Mr. McIlhenny's forebears were impoverished after the War Between the States. The pungnt seasonings to which they had been accustomed were not obtainbale, but growing in the gardens were hot pepper plants. The pods were experimented with the famous pepper sauce tobasco resulted. So piled up a great fortune, which has gvien Mr. McIlhenny the opportunity to expend great sums in the propagation of rare birds.

OKAY, GIRLS?—If you've been in the depths of despair about all the talk of how there are not enough men to go around—did you read what Dr. Hope T. Eldridge, Census Bureau analyst, said the other day? He estimates the supply of eligible males at 1,500,000. But you gotta be on your toes and be at the right place at the right time—the early bird gets the worm.

Skip This if You Prefer Cocktails to Curves!

By Ida Jean Kain

SOME overweights who struggle with calories want to know the exact score on cocktails. Those who prefer not to know can skip this.

The best comparison that comes to mind is that one cocktail contains practically as many calories as two boiled eggs. It doesn't seem possible that a jigger of this, a half a jigger of that and a dash of bitters could load up 130 calories. But that's the grand total. Two boiled eggs furnish 150 calories. It's easy to make up the difference with peanuts. Very easy. Add a handful of peanuts or two, and other tasty tidbits and there's a conservative 500 calories.

A single Manhattan cocktail delivers 130 calories. A dry Martini the same. An ounce of rye contains 85 calories, the vermouth the balance. An ounce of Scotch, when obtainable, contains 75 calories; an ounce of bourbon, 85; rum, 85 calories per ounce.

Alcohol calories are potent, but not of much account, nutritionally speaking. They cannot be used for nourishment. Actually they cannot be stored as fat. But don't jump to conclusions. Alcohol provides fast energy that has to be burned on the spot and continues to be burned for energy until it is used up, but all the time this goes on, the food calories, not being needed, are stored. So cocktails, plus a regular amount of food, equals avoirdupois. Not only do they stimulate the appetite. Cocktails actually boost the calorie score.

"I'm ready for the next question . . . the thin drinker. Well, since alcohol cannot be converted into fat, or used for tissue repair, the underweight who uses alcohol in place of food, loses weight. That's not hard to figure out. Substituting alcohol for food is very bad business since this eventually results in a deficiency disease of one kind or another, plus the nervous jitters.

The calorie score on light wines and beers goes like this . . . Red wines, claret and Burgundy etc., 3½ ounces or one wine glass contain 75 calories. White wines contain from 75 to 90 calories per glass. Sweet and dessert wines contain from 100 to 150 calories per 3½ ounces. Champagne, domestic, contains 100 calories per 3½ ounces; imported white sweet champagne contains 120 calories. Light beer furnishes 110 calories for 8 ounces; dark beer 115 calories. Bock beer and ale contains 135 to 150 calories per 8 ounces. Cordials count from 50 to 80 calories for two-thirds of an ounce, or one cordial glass.

Now you know.

Ask Anne

Your Questions On Homemaking

I spilled cologne on a light green silk dress. It left a faded spot about the size of a quarter. Can you tell me if there is any way I can restore the color?
A.F.H.

Perfume stains are almost impossible to remove but sometimes respond to this treatment: Wet stain with water, then rub in glycerine and rinse out with water. If traces remain, work on it some more with a 20 per cent solution of acetic acid (vinegar will do almost as good a job) and sponge with water.

I spilled brown shoe dye on a washable blue rayon dress. Will dye remover take the stain off? Where can dye remover be purchased?
M. W.

Dye remover will take the stain off, but dye in the dress also will come out. Dye remover can be purchased at drug stores and notion counters.

Carbon tetrachloride will remove most shoe polish. Sponge the stain with the fluid, making sure you have placed a thick pad under the stain to absorb the dye. Washing in soap and water, with a little soaking should remove the last traces of the polish after the cleaning fluid treatment.

I have an old Wilton rug, 9 by 12, originally gray background with over-all dark blue pattern. It has been cleaned with bleach in the water, then ammonia, and the background is now dingy. There is not much pile left. I've thought of going over it with Kemtone or water paint. Would this render it useless? Is there a dye that could be brushed over it to add a little life?
N. S.

I certainly wouldn't recommend any type of paint for the rug—it will ruin the pile and undoubtedly make it look worse than it does. Dyeing a rug of that size is a job for a professional. You can brighten the rug by shampooing it with thick soapsuds or a special latherless lotion. Sometimes sprinkling salt over the rug and letting it stand for about 2 hours and then vacuuming will brighten such a rug.

What is the best way to clean tile walls in the bathroom? The spaces between the tiles catch and hold water and soap. I cannot keep a soap film off my rubber tub mat. I soak it and scrub it, but it always looks cloudy. Can you suggest anything?
H. J.

Soap scum on tile walls will respond to kerosene. Simply wet a sponge or cloth with kerosene and swab the walls. To remove the odor wash down with soapy water and finish with clear water. The bath mat should be scrubbed with soap and water. An occasional wiping with kerosene will remove the soap scum.

Anne answers questions on homemaking through her column only. Address Ask Anne, Room 408, The Washington Post, Washington 4, D. C.

Son to Henrys

Mr. and Mrs. Samuel J. Henry jr., announce the birth of a son, Christopher Duvall Henry, in Kansas City, Mo., on August 21. Mrs. Henry is the former Miss Anne Gluyas Turner, daughter of Mrs. Thomas Caldwell Turner of Washington and the late Colonel Turner, USMC. Mr. Henry is advertising manager with Trans-World Airlines in Kansas City.

Correction

A headline in yesterday's Post dealing with the National Commission on Educational, Scientific and Cultural Cooperation, said "50 Nations Agree on Cultural Plan." This was an error. The meeting of the National Commission was attended by delegates of 50 national American organizations, and its purpose was to recommend a program for the United States Government alone.

TERRY

I LOST HOTSHOT AND NASTY WHEN I HAD TO GO TO LAND AND REFUEL! WHAT'S THE WORD, CHOPS?...
THE RIVER PATROL PEOPLE PLOTTED YOUR FIX SO THERE WILL BE A BOAT WAITING WHEN THE FLOOD CREST HITS THE CITY...IT'S TOO DARK FOR YOU TO DO ANY MORE, TERRY...
OL' HOTSHOT C.C. ENJOYS SOAKING IN A TUB—BUT NOT IN THIS RIVER! ANY WORD ABOUT MISS SMYTHE-HEATHERSTONE?
ALERT, MASTER! A RAFT WITH CANOPY JUST TIT WHIRL FOOL AND OVERTURNED! FIGURE FALL INTO RIVER
CAN'T LEAVE NASTY OUT THERE ALL BY HERS—
PLEASE, MISTER, YANKEE—FROM THIS POINT, TRUST MATTER TO PROFESSIONALS
MEANWHILE—ON A STEAMER AT THE RIVER MOUTH
ANOTHER RUBBER?
NO, I THINK I'LL DO A LAP OR TWO AROUND THE DECK THEN HIT THE SA—, I MEAN, GO TO BED... I WANT TO BE RESTED FOR THAT CUSTOMS INQUISITION...

JOE PALOOKA

AW HAVE A HEART... HE DON'T WANT NO NOOS-REELS... NOTHIN' DOIN'... SURE I'D LOVE IT... GOOD PUBLICITY... BUT HE SAYS NO.
AN' TH' PAPERS WANTA HAVE PHOTOGRAPHERS SNAP SOME PITCHERS AS YOU AN' HER LEAVE TH' HOUSE BUT THAT BROADCASTIN' OF TH' WEDDIN' I PUT MY FOOT DOWN ON, "AMOROUS SOAP" WAS WILLIN' TERRE US FIFTY GRAND TOSPONSOR IT... MEBBE... UH MEBBE...
OKAY OKAY... ONLY WE... AW NEVER MIND.
HA HA... POOR KNOBBY. YOU'LL NEVER GET OVER IT. YOU'RE PUBLICITY MAD. BUT WE WANT PRIVACY!

MARY WORTH

IT'S 1132, BRICK! THIS ISN'T LIKE CHIP! MAYBE I SHOULD PHONE HIM?
MAYBE—(BUT SO FEW OF OUR BETTER DIVES HAVE TELEPHONES UNDER THE TABLES!)
LOOK! THERE HE IS—AT THE DOOR!—TRYING TO OPEN IT WITHOUT US HEARING HIM—! THE BIG CLOWN!
CHIP! YOU SILLY BILLY! COME ON IN! THERE'S NO TIME FOR FOOLISHNESS—!
H'LO, GUMDROP!—I'M LATE!—SORRY! I STOP' TO—TO PICK—FLOW'RS!
RADIO STATION WBIX

MYRTLE

SUSIE! YOU DIDN'T MEND THE RIP IN MY COAT
CALM YOURSELF, POP! I'LL MEND IT FOR YOU!
THERE YOU ARE! JUST AS GOOD AS IF MOM HAD DONE IT, HERSELF!
THANKS!

MICKEY FINN

WHACK
PUT THESE CUFFS ON HIM! DID'JA SEE WHICH WAY THE BIG GUY WENT?
HE RAN DOWN THE PLATFORM—TOWARD THE REAR END!
IN A CAR?
YES—IT WAS PARKED RIGHT HERE! THERE HE GOES—OVER THE HILL!

DIXIE DUGAN

OH—IT'S YOU
HELLO, LAFTON!
S'MATTER? YOU DON'T SEEM VERY GLAD TO SEE ME—
I'VE KNOWN HAPPIER MOMENTS—
I JUST THOUGHT YOU'D LIKE T'KNOW THAT WE KNOW WHO STARTED TH' BIG BON-FIRE—
(SIGH)—IN A WAY I'M GLAD IT'S ALL OVER WITH—
YEAH! WE DIDN'T HAFTA WORK VERY HARD—HE SIGNED A FULL CONFESSION
?? WHAT ARE YOU TALKING ABOUT?

Chief WAHOO and STEVE ROPER

HEY, HANDSOME! WILL YOU TELL SONNY BRAWNSKI ALICE FROM THE SWEET SHOP WANTS TO SEE HIM!—IT'S VERY IMPORTANT!
SURE! DON'T LET ME FORGET CHIEF!
WE GOTTUM PLENTY PITCHERS FOR SPOTSHOT ALREADY, STEVE! WHY STICKUM NECK OUT SOME MORE?
IT'S THE SMALL BOY IN ME CHIEF! I ENJOY SHOOTING 'EM UNDER COACH JIBRALTA'S SCHNOZ WITH THIS HAT GADGET!
CLICK!
STEVE! DUCK! HEAP SUDDEN!

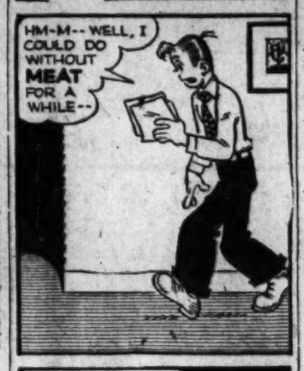
WINNIE WINKLE

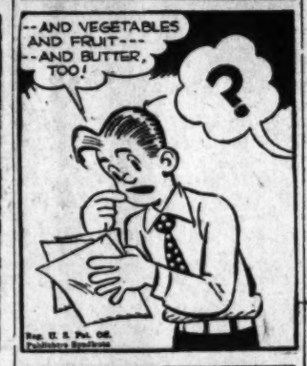
WELL, DID YOU GET STRAIGHTENED OUT WITH THE AUDITING DEPARTMENT, WINNIE??
YEAH, DID Y'FIND OUT WHO MADE THAT $3,000 MISTAKE?
YES, AND HE'S HANDSOME—HE'S TAKING ME TO LUNCH! HOW DO I LOOK? WELL, SO LONG, GIRLS!
WELL, WHAT DO YOU MAKE OF THAT?
I DON'T KNOW, BUT I WISH SOMEONE WOULD MAKE A MISTAKE AN' TAKE ME TO LUNCH!!

KING OF THE ROYAL MOUNTED

I'VE GOT TO ACT FAST! WHEN THAT PONY CARRIES THE DEAD MEDICINE MAN INTO THE GISKAMOUX CAMP...
THEY'LL BE SURE IT WAS I WHO KILLED HIM...I HAD A MOTIVE!
OH!
SNAP!

DOTTY





OZARK IKE

WITH THE SCORE TIED IN THE FOURTEENTH INNING, OZARK IKE STEALS SECOND BASE, BUT...
BONG!
FELT LIKE A GNAT JES' LIT ON MAH HAID...
AN' HOW'D TH' BAWL GIT AWAY UP THERE?—AH'M HEADIN' FER....
...HOME, SWEET HOME!
BUGS
BUT CAN HE MAKE IT?

PENNY

WELL, HOW ARE THINGS AT SCHOOL THESE DAYS?
OH, OKAY, I GUESS, AUNT ELLEN.
SOUNDS LIKE A FLY IN THE OINTMENT—SOMETHING WRONG?
WELL, TO BE UTTERLY FRANK, IT'S OUR PSYCHOLOGY TEACHER
DON'T YOU THINK IT'S DISGRACEFUL NOT TO BE STRAIGHTFORWARD AND TRUTHFUL?
SURELY YOU DON'T MEAN YOUR TEACHER IS UNTRUTHFUL?
DEFINITELY, SHE PRETENDS SHE BELIEVES YOU WHEN SHE KNOWS PERFECTLY WELL YOU'RE TELLING A WHOPPER!

DONALD DUCK

MARK TRAIL

YER...TH' SKINS IS ALL WE WANT!
YOU'RE GOING TO KILL THE BEAVER?
AND WE DON'T NEED YOU NO MORE... IF YOU DON'T MAKE TROUBLE WE'LL SEND YOU BACK SOON!
ED DODD
IF YOU DO MAKE ANY TROUBLE WE'LL TAKE YOU ON.... ON TO BLACK JOHN LARUE!
I CAN'T LET THEM KILL THESE BEAVER... FOR POOR DUB'S SAKE I CAN'T!...AND THIS IS THE PLACE THEY WERE TO BE RELEASED!
WE'LL I'VE GOT A PLAN.. MAYBE IT'LL WORK!

NAPOLEON AND UNCLE ELBY

Today's Radio Programs

THE WASHINGTON POST
Saturday, September 28, 1946

SATURDAY — WASHINGTON — E.S.T.

	WMAL 630	WRC 980	WOL 1260	WINX 1340	WWDC 1450	WTOP 1500
	News, 6, 7, 8:30, Today's Prelude, 6:05, Town Clock, 7:10-8-8:35, David Wills, 7:45.	WRC Almanac, 5:30, News, 6, 7, 7:30, 8, 8:30, Your Timekeeper, 6:05-9.	News, 6, 6:30 7, 7:30, 8:30, Easy Gwynn, 6:05-8:45, Bing Crosby, 8:15, Cliff Edwards, 8:45.	News, 6, 7, 8 Jerry Strong, Wake Up with WINX 6:05-9	Hunnicutt, 6-9 Hymn Sing, 6:30, Devotions, 6:45, News, 6:30, 7, 7:30, 8:15.	Corn Squeezin' Time, 5:30, News, 6, 6:30, 7, 7:30, 8, Sundial with Bill Jenkins, 7:45-9.
9	:00 Wake Up and Smile :15 Harold Isbell :30 Children's Frolic :45 " "	Percolator Party " " Adventures of Archie Andrews	Song Shop Anniversary Waltz Rainbow House	News; Jerry Strong " " Top Tune Time	Music Salon Tales and Tunes Teentime Revue	News; Mahaney Youth Takes a Stand Mary Lee Taylor
10	:00 Buddy Weed's Trio :15 The Brown Dots :30 Bud Ward :45 " "	Teenimers Show " " Home Is What You Make It	Sherman, News Keyboard Contrasts Mountain Choir Quaker City Serenade	News; Music Hall " " " "	Teentime Requests " " School News; Quiz Bee D. C. Quiz Bee	News; Let's Pretend Let's Pretend Billie Burke Show
11	:00 " " :15 " " :30 American Farmer :45 " "	Child Training Assn. Consumer Time Smilin' Ed McConnell " "	Saturday Symphony " " " "	News; Symphony-Jrs. Tschaikowsky's Symphony No. 6	High School Sports Rosabud Jr. Charles Jazz Jamboree	Theater of Today " " Stars Over Hollywood
12	:00 News, Evans :15 Accent on Music :30 Paul Porter :45 Joe Hassel	News; Improvisations Look to This Day Novelaire Elmer Peterson	Checkerboard Jamboree; News Checkerboard J'boree " "	NEWS ROUNDUP Midday Star Time Luncheon-James The Latin Touch	Paul Lavel Show Winnie the Wave News; Jesters Do You Remember	Grand Central Station " " County Fair
1	:00 Army vs. Oklahoma :15 " " :30 " " :45 " "	National Farm And Home Hour The Baxters Notre Dame vs. Illinois	This Week in Music (Boaschier) George Sterney Orch. Notre Dame vs. Illinois	News; Musical Bouquets " " " "	All Sports Parade Tony Wakeman All Sports Parade Tony Wakeman	Meet the Minus " " Give and Take Michigan vs. Indiana
2	:00 " " :15 " " :30 " " :45 " "	" " " " " " " " "	" " " " " " " " "	News; Bob Wolff's Football Scoreboard " " " "	All Sports Parade Tony Wakeman All Sports Parade Tony Wakeman	" " " " " " " " "
3	:00 " " :15 " " :30 " " :45 " "	" " " " " " " " "	" " " " " " " " "	News; " " " " " " " "	All Sports Parade Tony Wakeman All Sports Parade Tony Wakeman	News; Michigan vs. Indiana " " " " " "
4	:00 News; Evans :15 Ear Teasers :30 Saturday Concert :45 " "	" " " " " " Edward Tomlinson Songs by Snooky	" " " " " " Easy Does It With Easy Gwynn	News; " " " " " Music Hall	All Sports Parade Tony Wakeman All Sports Parade Tony Wakeman	" " " Top Tune Inn Mr. and Mrs. Melody
5	:00 Jimmy Blair :15 Chittison Trio :30 Harry Wismer :45 Sweet Swing	News; Leif Eid Musicade " ; Bergman Federal Diary	" " " " " " Frankie Masters Orch.	News; Music Hall " " " "	Band of the Day Tips on Tables Sports; Hall of Hits Hall of Hits	Saturday Symphony " " Charles Collingwood
6	:00 Evans; First Call :15 First Call; Sports :30 Labor, USA :45 It's Your Business	Our Foreign Policy " " Curtain Time	Hawaii Calls " " Albert Warner Sports, Brundige	NEWS ROUNDUP Bob Wolff, Sports Dinner Concert	Music for You " " Sports Organ Recital	Top News, D. C. Diary Speaking of Sports Tony Martin Show
7	:00 Dark Venture :15 " " :30 Famous Jury Trials :45 " "	Life of Riley " " Truth or Consequences	Twenty Questions " " Voice Has Changed	News; Parade of Hits " " Lyrics by Andy Russell	Bible Quiz " " Labor Arbitration	Hollywood Star Time " " Mayor of the Town ; News
8	:00 Gangbusters :15 " " :30 Detect and Collect :45 " "	National Barn Dance " " Can You Top This	Gold and Silver Minstrels " " Leave It to the Girls	News; Piano Artistry " " Opera: Verdi's "Traviata"	" " " " News; 1450 Club	Your Hit Parade " " Sat. Nite Serenade
9	:00 Atwater Kent :15 Auditions :30 Hayloft Hoedown :45 " "	Judy Canova " " Grand Ole Opry	Chicago Theater of the Air " " " "	News; Symphony Hour Miaskowsky's Sinfonietta NBC Symphony	" " " " News; 1450 Club	" " Oklahoma Roundup Give and Take
10	:00 Music of Manhattan :15 George Hicks :30 V-Living; Band :45 Dance Band	News; Tyner Time Tyner; Serenade Night Caps	Korn's-A-Krackin' " " " "; The Record	News; Benny Goodman Here's to Vets Music for Dreaming	Juke Box Revue Keep Well News; 1450 Club	" " Winner Take All James Landis
11	:00 News, Evans :15 Hour of Dreams :30 Leo Dayton :45 Ray Michael	News; Music for All Art of Living Three Suns Trio Lee Sims; News	Voice of Washington Nagel's Orch. Sherman Hayes' Orch.; News	News—Post Preview Music for the Years " "	Dance Party " " " "	News, Calmer, Sentreid Eddie Gallaher Moondial Alex Bartha Orch.

WPIK—730 K.C. Baseball game to be broadcast at 12:30 p. m. today.

NOW . . . WINX

Washington's first regular FM station!

WINX, first in music and on-the-hour news, now brings you Washington's first Frequency Modulation station—WINX-FM. All programs broadcast over WINX between the hours of 9:00 a. m. and 11:15 p. m. will now be duplicated over WINX-FM. See WINX listing above for program selection.

WINX-FM

1340 on your dial

92.9 or 43.2 on your FM dial

Bank to Open Branch Office In Navy Bldg.

By S. Oliver Goodman

The American Security & Trust Co. will open its sixth branch office on September 30 in the Navy Department Building, 18th st. and Constitution ave., President Daniel W. Bell announced yesterday.

Mr. Birgfield

The new branch, approved by the Comptroller of Currency, will offer banking services covering regular and security checking accounts, loans, travelers and treasurer checks, cashing of checks, and the issuance and redemption of U. S. Savings Bonds.

Kenneth Birgfield, assistant treasurer, will manage the office, to be known as the Navy Department Branch. Mr. Birgfield for the past 12 years has been associated with American Security, since 1941 as an official at the main office.

In recent months two other Washington banks have opened branch banks, while another two have announced plans to establish such branches. Bank of Commerce & Savings has opened a branch in the 6400 block Georgia avenue and the National Capital Bank is operating a branch in the 2300 block Pennsylvania ave. se. Hamilton National will open its seventh branch soon in Silver Spring and Anacostia National plans one in the Congress Heights section.

Business Briefs Of D. C. Interest

Capital Transit Gross Dips

Operating revenues of Capital Transit Co. totaled $2,227,504 in August, a dip of 4 per cent as compared with $2,322,598 in the like month last year. Net income for the month was $22,191, which marks a low point in recent years.

Net income comparison with last year was distorted, the company said, because of the inclusion in accounts of August, 1945, of large retroactive increases in wage costs, adjustments in depreciation and taxes. These additional charges resulted in a book deficit of $101,965 for August, 1945.

For the first eight months this year the transit firm reported net income of $899,003, against $960,300 in the similar 1945 period.

PCA Elevates Four

Promotions and transfers in the traffic and sales department of Capital Airlines-PCA in Washington were announced yesterday.

Frederick S. Cowen has been appointed manager of passenger sales for the entire system. He formerly was district general manager.

George W. Knight, assistant to the general traffic manager, succeeds Mr. Cowen as district general manager.

Charles H. Jones, jr., district sales manager for Washington, has been promoted to district general manager at Baltimore.

James B. McCullough, station sales manager, has been appointed district sales manager in Washington, succeeding Mr. Jones.

Week's Sales Up 20% Here

Washington department store sales in the week ended September 21 scored a 20 per cent increase over the like 1945 period. For the four weeks ended the same date the volume was 31 per cent improved. Regionally, the sales gain amounted to 29 per cent for the week and 31 per cent for four-week period.

Nat. Metropolitan Votes Extra

Directors of National Metropolitan Bank of Washington declared the regular semiannual dividend of 3 per cent or 60 cents a share on capital stock, payable October 15 to stockholders of record October 5, President C. F. Jacobson announced yesterday.

The board also voted an extra dividend of 8 per cent or $1.60 a share, payable December 20 to stockholders of record December 10. A similar extra disbursement was declared last year.

Earnings Statements

Western Maryland Railway reported net income of $1,352,143 for first eight months of 1946, compared with $2,393,898 or $13.49 a share for the corresponding period of 1945. Gross operating revenues in the period were $20,650,006, compared with $24,261,521 for the same period last year.

Chicago Grain

Chicago, Sept. 27 (AP).—Corn led a downturn in grain futures today, falling as much as 2 cents on favorable crop weather, lower prices the decline, obtaining support from leading grains, closing fractionally lower.

President Truman in ruling against removal of price ceilings from cattle and hogs.

Wheat showed an easier trend throughout the session, closing at about the day's lows. Part of major part of the session oats resisted the decline, obtaining support from leading local traders. But in the final minutes this grain, mixed with the others, closing fractionally lower.

Wheat finished 1-1¾ lower; January, 2.01; corn was off 1 to 2 cents, January, 1.39¾@1.40; and oats were unchanged to ¾ lower, November, 80¼@80⅛.

Range follows:

	Open.	High.	Low.	Close.
—Wheat—				
January	2.02	2.02½	2.00⅛	2.01
March	1.97	1.98¼	1.96	1.96
May	1.93	1.94¼	1.92¼	1.92½
—Corn—				
January	1.41⅛	1.42¼	1.39⅞	1.40
March	1.38½	1.38⅞	1.36¾	1.36⅞
May	1.36⅛	1.37⅜	1.35⅛	1.35⅜
—Oats—				
November	79¾	81⅛	79⅛	80⅛
December	78⅛	79	77⅞	77⅞
March	74¾	75⅛	74⅛	74⅛
May	74	74⅝	73⅜	73⅛
—Barley—				
November	1.43½	1.43½	1.43½	1.43½
December	1.43¼	1.43¼	1.43¼	1.43¼
January	1.43	1.43	1.43	1.43

Cash Grain

Chicago, Sept. 27 (AP).—WHEAT—No. 2 red, 2.10 nominal; No. 2 hard, 2.10 nominal.

CORN—No. 1 yellow, 1.92@1.93; No. 2, 3 and 4, yellow, 1.92; No. 5 yellow, 1.89½.

OATS—No. 1 heavy mixed, 86@86½; No. 1 mixed, 85½; sample grade mixed, 81; No. 1 heavy white, 86@86¼; No. 1 white, 84¼@85½; No. 2 white, 84¾; sample grade heavy white, 82¾.

BARLEY—Malting, 1.59@1.79 nominal; feed, 1.13@1.43.

FIELD SEED—Per hundredweight nominal: Red top, 16.00@17.00; timothy, 6.75@7.00.

Quotations on N. Y. Stock Exchange

By the Associated Press

Total stock sales yesterday, 970,000 shares; previous day, 1,300,000; week ago, 2,821,290; year ago, 1,376,820; two years ago, 746,550; January 1 to date, 273,612,785; year ago, 266,578,314; two years ago, 195,759,242.

Dow-Jones Stocks

New York, Sept. 27.—Dow-Jones stocks:

	Open	High	Low	Close	Chge.
30 indust.	174.56	175.18	173.35	174.09	—0.87
20 rails	48.55	49.03	47.87	48.42	—0.26
15 util.	34.83	34.98	34.50	34.78	—0.09
65 stocks	62.69	63.01	62.12	62.53	—0.30

Transactions in stocks used in averages today: Industrials, 86,100; railroads, 44,610; utilities, 45,300; 65 stocks, 176,010.

	Sales. Add 00	High	Low	Close	Net Ch'ge
Abbott Lab	4	70½	69¾	69¾	— ⅜
ACF-Brill Mot.	4	10¾	10½	10½	— ⅛
Acme St	1	41	41	41	+ ⅛
Adams Exp	5	15	14⅞	14⅞	— ⅛
Adams-Millis	2	49¼	47½	49½	+ ⅝
Addressog-Mult	3	27½	27½	27½	— ⅛
Admiral Corp	3	17⅛	17⅛	17⅛	— ⅛
Air Reduction	29	38¼	37¾	37¾	—1
Alaska Juneau	16	5⅝	5½	5⅝	— ⅛
Aldens Inc	1	32	32	32	— ⅛
Aldens Inc pf	1	99¼	99¼	99¼	+ ¼
Allegheny Corp	52	4¼	4	4	— ⅛
Alleghany pf	6	37	36	36	— ⅝
Alleg Lud Stl	11	44⅛	42¾	44	— ⅛
Allen Industries	1	19¾	19¾	19¾	— ⅛
Al Chem. & Dye	4	163¼	162½	162½	— ⅝
Allied Mills	3	32¾	32¼	32¾	+ ⅛
Allied Strs	11	41	40½	40½	—1
Allis-Ch Mfg	28	38¾	37¾	37¾	—1⅛
Amal Leather	6	7¼	7	7¼	+ ⅛
Amal Leath pf	1	47½	47½	47½	+ 2¼
Amerada Pet	1	71	71	71	— ⅛
Am Ag Ch Del	2	43	42¾	42¾	— ⅛
Am Airlines	39	12¼	12	12	— ⅛
Am Bank Note	6	22¼	22¼	22¾	— ⅛
Am Bosch	14	6⅞	6½	6⅝	— ⅛
Am Brake Sh.	11	40¾	39½	40¼	— ⅛
Am Bosch	14	6⅞	6½	6⅝	— ⅛
Am Brake Sh.	11	40¾	39½	40¼	— ⅛
Am Br Sh pf	123	1¼	1⅛	1¼	+ ⅛
Am Br Sh pf	7	98¾	98	98¾	+ ⅛
Am Cable & R	17	7½	7⅜	7⅜	— ⅛
Am Can	10	87	85	86	— ⅛
Am Can pf	1	194	193	194	+1
Am Car & Fdy	7	51½	51½	51½	— ⅛
Am Ch Chle	7	25⅝	25¼	25⅝	— ⅛
Am Crystal Sug	2	23	22½	22½	— ⅛
Am Distill	6	53¼	52¾	52¾	— ⅛
Am Encaus Til	1	6¾	6¾	6¾	— ⅛
Am European	6	15¾	15	15¾	+ ⅜
Am Export L	12	21¾	21	21	— ⅛
Am & For Pow	7	6¾	6¾	6¾	— ⅛
Am & F P 5½pf	2	96½	95	96½	+ ¼
Am &FP37pf	1	106	106	106	+2½
Am & FP2pf	10	22¾	22¼	22¾	— ⅛
Am-Hawaii SS	5	41	40	41	+ ⅛
Am Hide&Lea	16	9¾	9⅝	9⅝	— ⅛
Am Home Pr	6	98½	98	98½	— ⅛
Am Ice	16	11⅞	11¾	11⅞	— ⅛
Am Invest Ill	6	51¾	51	51	— ⅛
Am Locomot	16	28⅝	27¾	28⅝	+ ⅝
Am Locomot pf	1	115	115	115	— ⅛
Am M & Fdy	3	26½	26¼	26¼	— ⅛
Am M & Met	2	16	15½	15½	— ⅛
Am Metal	4	26⅝	26	26⅛	— ⅛
Am Molasses	4	12¼	12¼	12¼	— ⅛
Am News Co	4	38	37½	38	+ ⅛
Am Pow & Li	48	13¾	12⅝	12⅝	— ⅛
Am Rad & St S	47	15⅝	15	15⅛	— ⅛
Am Roll Mill	39	34½	33¾	33¾	— ⅝
Am Safety Raz	1	17½	17½	17½	— ⅛
Am Seating	3	21¼	21	21	— ⅛
Am Smelt & R	21	51½	51	51½	— ⅛
Am Snuff	1	39	38¼	38¼	— ⅛
Am Stl Fdrs	17	33¾	33¼	33¼	— ⅛
Am Stors	1	29¼	29¼	29¼	— ⅛
Am Stove	3	25¾	25½	25½	— ⅛
Am Sugar Ref	3	42¾	42¼	42¾	+ ⅛
Am Tel & Tel	21	176	175½	175½	— ⅝
Am Tobacco	4	76½	76	76	— ⅛
Am Tob B	8	80½	79¾	79¾	— ⅛
Am Viscose	3	55½	55	55	—1
Am Wat. Wks	37	16⅛	16⅛	16⅛	— ⅛
Am Woolen	13	43½	42¼	42¾	+ ⅛
Am Wool pf	5	138½	136	138½	+ 2¼
Am Zinc Lead	5	8¼	7¾	8	— ⅛
Anaconda Cop	26	39¼	38⅜	38⅝	—1⅛
Anchor Hock Gl	1	45	45	45	— ⅛
Ander-Prich Oil	7	17½	17⅛	17⅛	— ⅛
Ander-Prich Oil	1	17⅛	17⅛	17⅛	— ⅛
A P W Pr	4	5½	5⅝	5⅝	— ⅛
Arch-Dan-M	2	32½	32	32½	+ ⅛
Armour & Co	78	12¼	12	12¼	— ⅛
Armour pf	1	116¼	116¼	116¼	+ ⅛
Armstrong Cork	1	47	47	47	— ⅛
Armst Cork pf	1	106	106	106	+1
Arnold Const	1	20	20	20	— ⅛
Assd Dry Goods	11	23	22½	22½	— ⅛
Atl Inc	6	17	16⅝	16⅝	— ⅛
Atch T & S F	20	88½	87	87½	— ⅛
Atch T & S F pf	2	105¾	105	105¼	— ⅛
Atl Coast Line	12	54	52	52½	— ⅛
Atlas Corp	35	39¾	37½	37¾	— ⅛
Atlas Corp	3	24¼	24¼	24¾	— ⅛
Atl Refining	11	15¼	14¾	15¼	+ ⅛
Aust Nich pf	2	19	18¾	19	+ ⅛
Autom Canteen	2	21¼	21¼	21¼	+ ⅛
Autocar Co	9	21	20¾	21	+ ⅛
Aviation Corp	52	7¼	7	7¼	— ⅛
Aviation Cp pf	11	48¾	48⅛	48¾	+ ⅛
Bald Loco	27	22¾	22¼	22½	— ⅛
Balt & Ohio	41	14⅜	13¾	14⅛	— ⅛
Balt & Ohio pf	6	23½	22¼	22½	—1
Bangor & Ar	3	15⅛	15	15	— ⅛
Barber Asph	1	54	54	54	— ⅛
Barker Bros	1	31	31	31	— ⅛
Barnsdall Oil	10	23¼	22¾	23	— ⅛
Bath Ir Wks	1	22½	22	22	— ⅛
Beatrice Foods	10	36¾	36¼	36¼	— ⅛
Beech Aire	15	16⅜	16	16⅛	— ⅛
Belding-Hem	1	17	17	17	— ⅛
Bell Aire	14	21¾	21	21¾	— ⅛
Bell & Howell	1	20¾	20¾	20¾	— ⅛
Bendix Aviat	16	38	37⅜	37⅝	— ⅛
Benef Ind Ln	4	25¼	25	25	— ⅛
Best & Co	2	36	36	36	+ ⅛
Best Foods	3	46¼	46	46¼	+ ⅛
Beth Steel	33	99¾	97½	98¾	— ⅛
Beth Steel pf	2	146	145	146	+2
Bigelow-Sanf	2	58	57	57	—1
Blaw-Knox Co	10	19¾	19¼	19¼	— ⅛
Bliss (E W)	13	22	21	21½	— ⅛
Bliss (E W) pf	6	41¼	40½	41¼	+ ⅛
Boeing Airplane	19	25⅜	24¾	24¾	— ⅛
Bohn Aluminum	3	46¾	46¼	46¾	+ ⅛
Bond Strs	10	36⅞	36	36¼	— ⅛
Borden Co	4	46¾	46	46	— ⅛
Borg-Warner	6	43¾	42½	43	— ⅛
Bower Roll Bear	6	47⅛	46¾	47⅛	— ⅛
Braniff Airw	6	19¼	19	19	— ⅛
Bridgept Brass	6	16	16	16	— ⅛
Briggs Mfg	8	35⅞	35⅜	35⅝	— ⅛
Briggs Strat	2	26	26	26	— ⅛
Bristol-Myers	2	51	51	51	— ⅛
Bklyn Un Gas	3	29	28¾	29	+ ⅛
Brown Shoe	1	33	33	33	— ⅛
Brunswick-Bal	5	24½	24½	24½	— ⅛
Bucyrus-Erie	6	16⅞	16⅝	16⅝	— ⅛
Budd Co	32	12¼	12	12¼	— ⅛
Buffalo Forge	3	28¼	28	28	—1
Bullard Co	1	45	45	45	— ⅛
Burlington Watch	6	42¼	42	42¼	— ⅛
Burling Mills	38	21¼	20⅝	21	— ⅛
Burr Add Mach	16	14⅞	14⅜	14⅜	— ⅛
Bush Terminal	5	8¼	8	8	— ⅛
Butler Bros	9	26⅜	26	26	— ⅛
Butte Cop & Z	5	5⅜	5⅛	5⅛	— ⅛
Byers (A M)	4	18¼	17½	17⅝	— ⅛
Calif Packing	5	33¼	32¾	33⅛	— ⅛
Callahan Zinc	21	3¾	3½	3¾	— ⅛
Calumet & Hec	11	7¼	7	7¼	— ⅛
Campbell Wyant	1	23¾	23¼	23¾	— ⅛
Can Dry G Ale	1	29¼	29¼	29¼	— ⅛
Canad Pac	47	14¼	13¾	13⅞	— ⅛
Cannon Mills	2	58	57	58	— ⅛
Capitol Adm A	2	12⅞	12⅝	12⅝	— ⅛
Carrier Corp	12	18¼	18	18	— ⅛
Case (JI) Co	4	38	37¾	38	— ⅛
Caterpil Tractor	4	62½	62	62	— ⅛
Celanese New	42	23¼	22¾	23¼	— ⅛
Celanese New pf	2	105½	105½	105½	— ⅛
Celotex Corp	8	29	28¼	28¾	— ⅛
Cent Aguirre	14	22¼	21¾	22	— ⅛
Cent Foundry	14	11¼	11	11¼	— ⅛
Cent Hud G&E	4	9¾	9¾	9¾	— ⅛
Cent RR NJ	1	9¾	9¾	9¾	— ⅛
Cent Violeta Sug	1	28⅛	28⅛	28⅛	+ ⅛
Cent Ill Sec	27	14	13¾	13¾	— ⅛
Cerro de Pas	3	37¼	36¾	37¼	+ ⅛
Certain-td Prod	41	18⅛	18⅛	18⅛	— ⅛
Chain Belt	3	26¾	26¾	26¾	— ⅛
Champ Pap & F	1	40¾	40¾	40¾	— ⅛
Checker Cab	2	17	16¾	17	— ⅛
Ches Corp Va	1	20¼	20¼	20¼	— ⅛
Ches & Ohio	66	52½	51¾	52½	+ ⅛
Chicago Corp	1	6¾	6¾	6¾	— ⅛
Chi & E Ill	32	6¾	6¾	6¾	— ⅛
Chi & E Ill A	10	12⅝	11¾	11¾	— ⅛
Chi Grt West	4	14	13¾	13¾	— ⅛
Chi Grt W pf	2	44	44	44	— ⅛
Chi Ind & Lact	2	8¾	8¼	8¾	— ⅛
Chi Ind & Lact pf	3	43¼	43	43	— ⅛
Chi M St P&Pac	1	4¼	4	4¼	— ⅛
ChM StP&P pf	22	36¾	35½	36	—1
Chi & NW	36	20¼	19¾	20	— ⅛
Chi & NW pf	42	42¾	40¾	42¼	+ ⅛
Chi Pneu Tool	1	40	39¾	39¾	— ⅛
Chi Yell Cab	1	16¾	16¾	16¾	— ⅛
Childs Co	4	10½	10⅜	10⅜	— ⅛
Chrysler Corp	49	90¾	89½	89½	—2
Cin G & E	7	24¼	24	24¼	— ⅛
Cin Mill Mch	3	25	24¾	25	— ⅛
C I T Finan	17	39¾	39½	39¾	— ⅛
City Ice & Fuel	2	30½	30½	30½	— ⅛
City Prod	2	47	46¾	47	— ⅛
Climax Molyb	22	23¾	23½	23½	— ⅛
Clinton Ind	11	28	27	27¼	— ⅛
Clueti Peabody	4	43¼	42	42	— ⅛
Coca-Cola	150	151	150	151	— ⅛
Colgate-Palm-P	4	50	50	50	— ⅛
Collins & Aik	3	44	43	43	— ⅛
Col Fuel & Ir	12	11¾	11¾	11¾	— ⅛
Colum Brcast	2	47	46¾	47	— ⅛
Colum Brcast A	1	32	32	32	— ⅛
Colum G & E	70	9¾	9¾	9¾	— ⅛
Colum Pict	3	26	25½	25½	— ⅛
Colum Pict pf	1	83	83	83	— ⅛
Colum Carbon	4	37¼	36½	37¼	+ ⅛
Col & Sou O El	41	39¾	38¾	39	— ⅛
Coml Credit	1	40½	40	40	— ⅛
Coml Solvents	14	24½	23¾	24	— ⅛
Comwith Edis	49	32¼	31¾	31¾	— ⅛
Comwith & Sou	119	30	29¾	30	— ⅛
Com & Sou pf	4	115¼	115	115	— ⅛
Conde Nast	13	15½	14¾	15½	+1⅛
Consoleum-Nair	7	28¼	28	28¼	— ⅛
Consol Cigar	2	36¼	36	36	— ⅛
Cons Copperm	3	6¼	6	6¼	— ⅛
Cons Edison	37	28	27¾	27¾	— ⅛
Cons Edison pf	6	106¼	106¾	106¾	— ⅛
Cons Grocers	10	20¼	19¾	20¼	+ ⅛
Cons Laundries	1	26	25¾	25¾	— ⅛
Con Nat Gas	2	47½	47½	47½	— ⅛
Con RR Cuba pf	9	21¼	20½	21¼	— ⅛
Cons Ret Strs	3	22¾	22¼	22¾	— ⅛
Cons Vultee	26	22¾	22¼	22¼	— ⅛
Container Corp	15	41¼	40¾	41	— ⅛
Cont Bak	8	16¾	16½	16¾	— ⅛
Cont Can	14	37¼	36¾	37¼	— ⅛
Cont Diam Fib	1	17½	17½	17½	— ⅛
Cont Ins	6	52¼	51¾	52	— ⅛
Cont Motors	25	12¼	12	12	— ⅛
Cont Oil Del	10	37	36¾	36¾	— ⅛
Cont Steel	1	16½	16½	16½	— ⅛
Cooper-Bess	7	18¾	18¼	18¼	+1
Cooper-Bess pf	1	48½	47½	48	— ⅛
Cornell-Duh El	9	14¾	14¼	14¼	— ⅛
Corning Glass	2	29¾	29¾	29¾	— ⅛
Cory Corp	3	8¾	8¾	8¾	— ⅛
Cotton Products	1	5¾	5¾	5¾	— ⅛
Coty Onternat	3	54	54	54	— ⅛
Crane Co	19	37¾	36¾	37¼	— ⅛
Cream of Wh	1	30	30	30	— ⅛
Crosley Corp	1	39	39	39	— ⅛
Crown Ck pf	1	49	48	48	— ⅛
Crown Zellerb	8	23½	23¼	23¼	— ⅛
Crucible Stl pf	1	104	104	104	+3
Cuban-Am Sug	8	20¼	19½	19½	— ⅛
Cudahy Pack	12	47	46	46¾	— ⅛
Cudahy Pack pf	1	99½	99½	99½	+1½
Cunn Press	1	18¾	18¼	18¾	— ⅛
Curtis Publishg	19	12½	12½	12½	— ⅛
Curtiss-Wright	53	6¾	6½	6¾	+ ⅛
Curtiss-Wr A	20	18¾	18¼	18¾	— ⅛
Cutler-Ham	4	30	29½	30	— ⅛
Dana Corp	13	19½	19¼	19½	+ ⅛
Davison Chem	61	20½	19¾	20¾	+ ⅛
Dayton P&L	39	30¼	29¾	29¾	— ⅛
Decca Records	2	47	47	47	— ⅛
Deere & Co	17	40	39	39¼	— ⅛
Deere & Co pf	1	38¼	38¼	38¼	— ⅛
Del & Hud	9	32¼	30	32¼	+ ⅛
Del Lack & W	14	30	29½	30	— ⅛
Detroit Edison	5	24¼	24¼	24¼	— ⅛
De Vilbiss	1	18	17¾	17¾	— ⅛
Devoe & R A	6	25½	25	25½	— ⅛
Diamond Match	1	37½	37½	37½	.....

	Sales. Add 00	High	Low	Close	Net Ch'ge
Dist Corp-Seag	27	19⅞	19½	19½	— ⅛
Dist Corp-S pf	1	105½	105½	106½	— ¼
Dixie Cup	3	36	34½	34½	— ⅛
Dr Pepper	2	30½	30½	30½	— ⅛
Doehler-Jarvis	3	27½	27¼	27¼	— ⅛
Dome Mines	13	18½	18	18	— ⅛
Douglas Aircr	4	84	83	83	— ⅝
Dow Chem	6	162½	160½	162	—2½
Dow Chem pf	2	113	112½	113	+1½
Dresser Indust	10	19½	19	19	— ⅛
Dunhill Int	2	19½	19½	19½	+ ⅛
du Pont de N	7	183¾	182	183¾	— ⅛
du Pont pf	4	126¾	126	126	—1
DWG Cigar	3	13	14¾	15	+ ¼
Eagle-Pich	3	21⅝	21½	21⅝	+ ⅛
Eastern Air L	55	24½	23¾	24½	+ ⅝
Eastman Kodak	1	212	212	212	+1
Eaton Mfg	11	45¾	44½	44½	—1
Edis Bros Strs	2	20	20	20	— ⅛
Ekco Prod	6	20½	19½	20	— ⅛
Elastic Stop N	3	7⅞	7⅞	7⅞	— ⅛
El Auto-Lite	14	55¾	54¾	55	— ¼
Elec Boat	8	17⅛	16⅞	16⅞	— ⅛
El Boat pf	4	36	35½	35½	— ⅝
El & Mus Ind	8	4¼	4	4	— ⅛
El Power & Lt	42	16⅞	16⅝	16⅝	— ⅛
El Pow&Lt $6 pf	2	136	136	138	+2
El Pow&Lt $7 pf	2	148	148	148	+2
El Paso N Gas	4	47	46½	46½	— ⅛
Emerson El M	9	14¾	14¼	14⅜	— ⅛
Emer Rad & Ph	1	22	22	22	— ⅛
Endicott-John	9	49¾	48	48	— ⅛
Eng Pub Service	37	26¼	24¾	26¼	+1
Equit Off Bldg	59	3½	3½	3½	— ⅛
Erie RR	43	11⅞	11	11⅝	— ⅛
Erie RR pf A	5	57	56	56	—2
Eureka Wms	12	11⅞	11¾	11⅞	— ⅛
Evans Products	2	19⅞	19½	19½	— ⅛
Eversharp	57	32½	31½	32½	+1½
Ex-Cell-O	8	43¼	42¾	43¼	— ⅛
Fairbanks Morse	10	55	53¼	53¼	—1¾
Fajardo Sugar	6	22	21¾	22	— ⅛
Farns Tel&Rad	29	9⅞	9¾	9¾	— ⅛
Fed Lt & Trac	1	21½	21½	21½	— ⅛
Fed Mng&Smelt	3	36¼	36	36	+ ⅛
Fed Mogul	1	34	34	34	— ⅛
Fed Mot Truck	4	12¾	12¾	12¾	+ ⅛
Federal D Strs	9	27	26¾	27	+ ⅛
Ferro Enam	1	23⅛	23⅛	23⅛	+ ⅛
Fid P Fire Ins	1	56	56	56	+ ⅛
Firestone T & R	11	62½	61¼	62½	— ⅛
First Nat Strs	2	55¼	55	55	—2
Firth Carpet	2	21	21	21	— ⅛
Flintkote	19	32¼	31⅝	31⅝	— ⅝
Flintkote pf	1	108	108	108	+3
Florence Stove	1	37	37	37	— ⅛
Florida Pow	15	17⅛	16¾	16¾	— ⅛
Florsheim Sh A	2	22	22	22	— ⅛
Food Fair Strs	17	15¼	14¾	15	— ⅛
Food Machinery	1	79	79	79	—1
Foster Wheeler	27	21¾	21¼	21¼	— ⅛
Fruehauf Trl	11	35½	34¾	35½	— ⅛
Fuller Brush A	1	19	18⅞	18⅞	— ⅛
Fuller Brush B	1	18	18	18	— ⅛
Fuller Mfg	1	83	83	83	— ⅛
Gabriel Co	3	12¼	12	12	— ⅛
Gair (Robert)	20	8	7¾	7¾	— ⅛
Gair Robert pf	2	19	18¾	18¾	— ⅛
Galvin Mfg	11	31¾	31¼	31¼	— ⅛
Gardner-Denv	2	19¾	19¾	19¾	— ⅛
Gar Wood Ind	1	10¾	10½	10½	— ⅛
Gaylord Cont	4	17⅛	17⅛	17⅛	— ⅛
Gen Am Invest	6	34¼	33¾	34	— ⅛
Gen A.M. Trans	16	52¾	51	52¾	+1⅛
Gen Baking	12	11¼	11	11¼	— ⅛
Gen Bronze	1	15¾	15¾	15¾	— ⅛
Gen Cable	36	17½	17	17⅜	— ⅛
Gen Cable 2 pf	2	37½	37	37	— ⅝
Gen Cigar	2	30½	30½	30½	+ ⅛
Gen Cigar	2	30½	30½	30½	+ ⅛
Gen Elec	51	32¾	32¼	32¼	— ⅛
Gen Foods	9	45¼	44½	44¾	— ⅛
Gen Motors	82	54⅜	53	53	—1½
Gen Motors	4	128	126	128	+1½
Gen Out Adv	2	17¾	17½	17½	— ⅛
Gen Prac Eq